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नवोदय विद्यालय समिति
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शिक्षा मंत्रालय, (स्कूल शिक्षा और साक्षरता विभाग),
भारत सरकार, बी-15, सेक्टर 62, नोएडा, उ.प्र. - 201309
Ministry of Education, (Department of School Education and Literacy),
Government of India, B-15, Sector 62, NOIDA, U.P. - 201309



Test Date	10/03/2022
Test Time	4:30 PM - 7:00 PM
Subject	Multi-Tasking Staff

Section : Language Competency Test

Q.1 Select the option that gives the most appropriate synonym of the underlined word.
Everybody warned him of the perils of the journey.

- Ans 1. hazards
 2. certainties
 3. security
 4. steepness

Question ID : 1034353812
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 1

Q.2 Select the most appropriate option to fill in the blank.
The minimum qualification _____ this job is High School pass.

- Ans 1. to
 2. for
 3. in
 4. with

Question ID : 1034353804
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 2

Q.3 Select the most appropriate option that can be used as a one-word substitute for the underlined group of words.

When I went to Cambodia, I bought a fridge magnet as a thing to be kept in the memory of my visit.

- Ans
- 1. menagerie
 - 2. souvenir
 - 3. certificate
 - 4. medal

Question ID : 1034353818
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 2

Q.4 Select the most appropriate option to fill in the blank.

When I earn sufficient money, I _____ a bicycle for myself.

- Ans
- 1. will buy
 - 2. have bought
 - 3. buy
 - 4. am buying

Question ID : 1034353805
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 1

Q.5 Select the option that gives the most appropriate synonym of the underlined word.

Grandma was cross and upset when grandpa lost his money.

- Ans
- 1. annoyed
 - 2. tired
 - 3. pleasant
 - 4. nervous

Question ID : 1034353811
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 1

Q.6 Select the most appropriate option to fill in the blank.

They have _____ old stone table in their garden.

- Ans
- 1. a
 - 2. the
 - 3. an
 - 4. no word

Question ID : 1034353807
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 1

Q.7 Select the most appropriate ANTONYM of the given word.

Hostile

- Ans
- 1. Friendly
 - 2. Nasty
 - 3. Hateful
 - 4. Bitter

Question ID : 1034353810
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 1

Q.8 Select the most appropriate meaning of the given idiom.
To take to task

- Ans 1. To punish
 2. To make efforts
 3. To gain something
 4. To have insight

Question ID : 1034353813
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 2

Q.9 Select the most appropriate option to fill in the blank.
_____ school of my grand-daughter is located in the factory compound.

- Ans 1. An
 2. The
 3. A
 4. No word

Question ID : 1034353808
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 2

Q.10 The following sentence has been divided into parts. One of them may contain an error in spelling. Select the part that contains the error from the given options. If you don't find any error, mark 'No error' as your answer.
Visiting a tea plantation/ is an integral part of / any itinerary to Darjeeling.

- Ans 1. No error
 2. any itinerary to Darjeeling
 3. Visiting a tea plantation
 4. is an integral part of

Question ID : 1034353816
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 3

Q.11 Select the most appropriate ANTONYM of the given word.
Certain

- Ans 1. Doubtful
 2. Definite
 3. True
 4. Sure

Question ID : 1034353809
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 1

Q.12 Select the most appropriate option to fill in the blank.
She gave a beautiful dance performance _____ she had practiced for it for a week.

- Ans 1. so
 2. unless
 3. although
 4. as

Question ID : 1034353806
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 4

Q.13 Select the most appropriate option that can be used as a one-word substitute for the underlined group of words.

We saw a group of sheep grazing on the hillside.

- Ans
- 1. school
 - 2. gang
 - 3. pack
 - 4. flock

Question ID : 1034353817

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 4

Q.14 Select the most appropriate option that can substitute the underlined segment in the given sentence. If there is no need to substitute it, select 'No substitution required'.
Though she didn't like the job, she accepted it as apples can't be oranges.

- Ans
- 1. beggars can't be rich
 - 2. children can't be adults
 - 3. beggars can't be choosers
 - 4. No substitution required

Question ID : 1034353814

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

Q.15 The following sentence has been divided into parts. One of them may contain an error in spelling. Select the part that contains the error from the given options. If you don't find any error, mark 'No error' as your answer.

Durrell gives a very picturesque account / of his animals' activities / in his storys and novels.

- Ans
- 1. of his animals' activities
 - 2. in his storys and novels
 - 3. Durrell gives a very picturesque account
 - 4. No error

Question ID : 1034353815

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2



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Comprehension:

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

For millions of people in India, river Ganga is the most sacred river. It is considered as mother and goddess. It is also a lifeline to millions of Indians who live along its course and depend on it for their daily needs. River Ganga is the third-largest river in the world by the amount of water that flows through it. It is the longest river in India. The water of Ganga is used for drinking, irrigation, transportation and fishing.

The Gangetic plain formed by river Ganga is one of the most fertile lands on the earth. This is why almost 10% of the world population lives here and earns its livelihood. The Ganga, in India, is the most worshipped body of water. The irony here is that in spite of being the most worshipped river, it is also the dirtiest one. It carries some metals thrown out by tanneries, waste produced by industries and urban waste from different cities. All this has made river Ganga the fifth most polluted river in the world. Another major reason that adds to pollution of river Ganga is the coal-based power plants on its banks, which burn tons of coal every year and produce tons of fly ash. This ash mixed with domestic wastewater is released in the river. This bad situation calls for an urgent need to make efforts to reduce pollution and revive river Ganga. To achieve these objectives, the Government of India has started a programme named 'NamamiGangeProgramme'. The main pillars of this programme are sewage treatment, river surface cleaning, afforestation, riverfront development and public awareness. The importance of the success of 'NamamiGangeProgramme' can be seen through the following lines:

"If Ganga dies, India dies. If Ganga thrives, India thrives. No Ganga, No India."

SubQuestion No : 16

Q.16 Ganga is 'the lifeline of millions of Indians who live along its course'. Which of the following statements does NOT support this?

- Ans
- 1. The Gangetic plain is one of the most fertile plains in the world.
 - 2. The water of Ganga is used for drinking, irrigation, transportation and fishing.
 - 3. People throw all kinds of waste material in river Ganga.
 - 4. People depend on Ganga for their daily needs.

Question ID : 1034353822

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

Comprehension:

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

For millions of people in India, river Ganga is the most sacred river. It is considered as mother and goddess. It is also a lifeline to millions of Indians who live along its course and depend on it for their daily needs. River Ganga is the third-largest river in the world by the amount of water that flows through it. It is the longest river in India. The water of Ganga is used for drinking, irrigation, transportation and fishing.

The Gangetic plain formed by river Ganga is one of the most fertile lands on the earth. This is why almost 10% of the world population lives here and earns its livelihood. The Ganga, in India, is the most worshipped body of water. The irony here is that in spite of being the most worshipped river, it is also the dirtiest one. It carries some metals thrown out by tanneries, waste produced by industries and urban waste from different cities. All this has made river Ganga the fifth most polluted river in the world. Another major reason that adds to pollution of river Ganga is the coal-based power plants on its banks, which burn tons of coal every year and produce tons of fly ash. This ash mixed with domestic wastewater is released in the river. This bad situation calls for an urgent need to make efforts to reduce pollution and revive river Ganga. To achieve these objectives, the Government of India has started a programme named 'NamamiGangeProgramme'. The main pillars of this programme are sewage treatment, river surface cleaning, afforestation, riverfront development and public awareness. The importance of the success of 'NamamiGangeProgramme' can be seen through the following lines:

"If Ganga dies, India dies. If Ganga thrives, India thrives. No Ganga, No India."

SubQuestion No : 17

Q.17 The main theme of the second paragraph is:

- Ans
- 1. the pollution of the Ganga river
 - 2. the measures to clean the Ganga river
 - 3. the sacredness of the Ganga river
 - 4. the plain formed by the Ganga river

Question ID : 1034353821

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 1

Comprehension:

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

For millions of people in India, river Ganga is the most sacred river. It is considered as mother and goddess. It is also a lifeline to millions of Indians who live along its course and depend on it for their daily needs. River Ganga is the third-largest river in the world by the amount of water that flows through it. It is the longest river in India. The water of Ganga is used for drinking, irrigation, transportation and fishing.

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"If Ganga dies, India dies. If Ganga thrives, India thrives. No Ganga, No India."

SubQuestion No : 18

Q.18 World's 10% population lives near river Ganga mainly because:

- Ans
- 1. it is the third-largest river in the world
 - 2. it is the longest river in India
 - 3. the plain formed by it is very fertile
 - 4. its waters are considered sacred

Question ID : 1034353820

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

Comprehension:

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

For millions of people in India, river Ganga is the most sacred river. It is considered as mother and goddess. It is also a lifeline to millions of Indians who live along its course and depend on it for their daily needs. River Ganga is the third-largest river in the world by the amount of water that flows through it. It is the longest river in India. The water of Ganga is used for drinking, irrigation, transportation and fishing.

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"If Ganga dies, India dies. If Ganga thrives, India thrives. No Ganga, No India."

SubQuestion No : 19

Q.19 Which of the following is NOT the purpose of 'Namami Gange Programme'?

- Ans
- 1. to develop the riverfront
 - 2. to revive the Ganga river
 - 3. to treat the industrial waste
 - 4. to reduce the pollution of the Ganga river

Question ID : 1034353824

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

Comprehension:

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

For millions of people in India, river Ganga is the most sacred river. It is considered as mother and goddess. It is also a lifeline to millions of Indians who live along its course and depend on it for their daily needs. River Ganga is the third-largest river in the world by the amount of water that flows through it. It is the longest river in India. The water of Ganga is used for drinking, irrigation, transportation and fishing.

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"If Ganga dies, India dies. If Ganga thrives, India thrives. No Ganga, No India."

SubQuestion No : 20

Q.20 What do the power plants throw in river Ganga?

- Ans
- 1. metals
 - 2. urban waste
 - 3. coal
 - 4. fly ash

Question ID : 1034353823
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 4

Q.21 तरनि-तनूजा तट तमाल तरुवर बहु छाए।' पंक्ति में अलंकार है-

- Ans
- 1. श्लेष
 - 2. अनुप्रास
 - 3. यमक
 - 4. वक्रोक्ति

Question ID : 1034353836
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 2

Q.22 'पेड़ न बगान तहाँ रेड़ प्रधान'—लोकोक्ति की लगभग समानार्थी लोकोक्ति है-

- Ans
- 1. एक पंथ दो काज
 - 2. अंधे के हाथ बटेर लगना
 - 3. अंधों में काना राजा
 - 4. घर की मुर्गी दाल बराबर

Question ID : 1034353837
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 3

Q.23 'खग' का अर्थ निम्न में से नहीं है-

- Ans
- 1. बाण
 - 2. तारा
 - 3. पक्षी
 - 4. दुष्ट

Question ID : 1034353839
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 4

Q.24 'में की गर्दन पर छूरी' – इस कहावत का क्या अर्थ है?

- Ans
- 1. अहंकार का नाश
 - 2. बकरी की गर्दन पर छूरी फेरना
 - 3. व्यर्थ का दान
 - 4. कुछ मतलब न रखना

Question ID : 1034353831
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 1

Q.25 'मौक्तिक' शब्द के तद्भव रूप की पहचान कीजिये-

- Ans
- 1. मुक्तक
 - 2. मोती
 - 3. माणिक
 - 4. माला

Question ID : 1034353832
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 2

Q.26 निम्नलिखित शब्द के लिए वाक्यांश का चयन कीजिए-
अपरिमेय

- Ans
- 1. जो नापने योग्य न हो
 - 2. जो देखने योग्य न हो
 - 3. जो मापा न जा सके
 - 4. जिसके विषय में कोई ज्ञान न हो

Question ID : 1034353825
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 3

Q.27 निम्नलिखित में से 'प्रतीची' के विलोमार्थक का चयन कीजिये-

- Ans
- 1. प्रगति
 - 2. प्राची
 - 3. प्रतियोगी
 - 4. प्राचीन

Question ID : 1034353834
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 3

Q.28 तद्भव – तत्सम के असुमेलित युग्म का चयन कीजिए-

- Ans
- 1. भाप – वाष्प
 - 2. भौंह – भ्रू
 - 3. भालू- भल्लुक
 - 4. अपि – भी

Question ID : 1034353838
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 4

Q.29 निम्नलिखित में से किस शब्द में 'आइन' प्रत्यय के योग से स्त्रीलिंग शब्द बनेगा-

- Ans
- 1. बाबू
 - 2. दाता
 - 3. पापी
 - 4. तपस्वी

Question ID : 1034353827
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 3

Q.30 निम्नलिखित में से किस शब्द के अंत में 'अ' को 'एँ' कर देने से बहुवचन बनता है?

- Ans
- 1. पाठक
 - 2. घर
 - 3. बहन
 - 4. कथा

Question ID : 1034353828
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 3

Q.31 निम्नलिखित पंक्तियों में कौन सा अलंकार है?

'चमचमात चंचल नयन बिच घूंघट पट झीना
मानहु सुरसरिता विमल जल उछरत युग मीन ॥'

- Ans
- 1. यमक अलंकार
 - 2. शब्दालंकार
 - 3. उभयालंकार
 - 4. अर्थालंकार

Question ID : 1034353826
Status : Not Answered
Chosen Option : --

Q.32 निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा विकल्प 'अनंत' का एक अर्थ नहीं है?

- Ans
- 1. विष्णु
 - 2. आकाश
 - 3. बहुत अधिक
 - 4. विप

Question ID : 1034353833
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 4

Q.33 निम्नलिखित में से किस विग्रह का सामासिक शब्द 'तत्पुरुष समास' का उदाहरण है? पहचान कीजिये-

- Ans
- 1. शक्ति के अनुसार- यथाशक्ति
 - 2. चार हैं लड़ियाँ जिसमें – चौलड़ा
 - 3. विद्या ही है रत्न- विद्यारत्न
 - 4. राह के लिए खर्च – राहखर्च

Question ID : 1034353830
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 4

Q.34 'हाथ की लिखी पुस्तक या मसौदा' -के लिए एक शब्द है-

- Ans
- 1. अमुद्रित
 - 2. पांडुलिपि
 - 3. अप्रकाशित
 - 4. पुरालिपि

Question ID : 1034353835
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 2

Q.35 'अनुसरण' शब्द में कौन सी सन्धि है?

- Ans
- 1. यण सन्धि
 - 2. व्यंजन सन्धि
 - 3. विसर्ग सन्धि
 - 4. अयादि सन्धि

Question ID : 1034353829
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 3

Comprehension:

निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पढ़िए और निम्न प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

जायसी सूफ़ी काव्य परम्परा के श्रेष्ठ कवि कहे जाते हैं। 'पद्मावत' इनकी श्रेष्ठ रचना मानी जाती है। यह ग्रन्थ अवधी भाषा में रचित महाकाव्य है जिसकी शैली कड़वक है। इसका मुख्य रस 'शृंगार' है। आचार्य रामचंद्र शुक्ल ने इस महाकाव्य को भक्तिकाल का वेद-वाक्य कह कर पुकारा है। उनके अनुसार पद्मावत सूफ़ी काव्यधारा की सबसे प्रौढ़ और सरस रचना है। कवि मालिक मोहम्मद जायसी संसार से इतने विरक्त नहीं थे। वे लोक तथा परलोक दोनों की साधना चाहते थे। उन्होंने 'पद्मावत' के ग्रन्थारम्भ में मसनवी परम्परा के अनुकूल शेरशाह की प्रशंसा की है, जो हुमायूँ को हराकर दिल्ली की गद्दी पर बैठा था। वह बहुत वीर योद्धा था। उनमें प्रेम की भावना बहुत प्रबल होने के कारण उन्होंने प्रेम को ईश्वर का पीर माना। उन्होंने लौकिक प्रेम-गाथाओं के रूपक द्वारा परार्थित प्रेम की साधना की है। पद्मावती की प्रेम कथा जो पृथ्वीराज रासो में वीर रस के आश्रित गौण से ली गई है, वह जायसी की पद्मावत में मुख्यतः प्राप्त होती है। पद्मावत में कथा भी है और 'रूपक' के द्वारा अलौकिक तत्वों की व्यंजना भी है। यह पूरा महाग्रंथ एक 'रूपक' महाकाव्य भी माना जाता है। जायसी भारतीय संस्कृति से पूर्णतया परिचित थे। थोड़े बहुत हेर-फेर के साथ उनके काव्य में भारतीय अंतर-कथाओं और धार्मिक परम्पराओं का उल्लेख हुआ है। उसमें रासो की अपेक्षा अन्विति अधिक है और आरम्भ से लेकर अंत तक उनकी शैली और भाषा में एकरसता है। 'पद्मावत' प्रेम की पीर की व्यंजना करने वाला प्रबंधात्मक काव्य है। जायसी ने इस प्रेमकथा को बहुत ही सुन्दर आनुषांगिक कथाओं के ताने-बाने से बुना है।

SubQuestion No : 36

Q.36 जायसी किस धारा के कवि थे?

- Ans
- 1. रासो काव्य परंपरा
 - 2. सूफ़ी काव्य परम्परा
 - 3. सगुण भक्ति काव्यधारा
 - 4. संत काव्य परम्परा

Question ID : 1034353841
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 2

Comprehension:

निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पढ़िए और निम्न प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

जायसी सूफ़ी काव्य परम्परा के श्रेष्ठ कवि कहे जाते हैं। 'पद्मावत' इनकी श्रेष्ठ रचना मानी जाती है। यह ग्रन्थ अवधी भाषा में रचित महाकाव्य है जिसकी शैली कड़वक है। इसका मुख्य रस 'शृंगार' है। आचार्य रामचंद्र शुक्ल ने इस महाकाव्य को भक्तिकाल का वेद-वाक्य कह कर पुकारा है। उनके अनुसार पद्मावत सूफ़ी काव्यधारा की सबसे प्रौढ़ और सरस रचना है। कवि मालिक मोहम्मद जायसी संसार से इतने विरक्त नहीं थे। वे लोक तथा परलोक दोनों की साधना चाहते थे। उन्होंने 'पद्मावत' के ग्रन्थारम्भ में मसनवी परम्परा के अनुकूल शेरशाह की प्रशंसा की है, जो हुमायूँ को हराकर दिल्ली की गद्दी पर बैठा था। वह बहुत वीर योद्धा था। उनमें प्रेम की भावना बहुत प्रबल होने के कारण उन्होंने प्रेम को ईश्वर का पीर माना। उन्होंने लौकिक प्रेम-गाथाओं के रूपक द्वारा परमार्थित प्रेम की साधना की है। पद्मावती की प्रेम कथा जो पृथ्वीराज रासो में वीर रस के आश्रित गौण से ली गई है, वह जायसी की पद्मावत में मुख्यतः प्राप्त होती है। पद्मावत में कथा भी है और 'रूपक' के द्वारा अलौकिक तत्वों की व्यंजना भी है। यह पूरा महाग्रंथ एक 'रूपक' महाकाव्य भी माना जाता है। जायसी भारतीय संस्कृति से पूर्णतया परिचित थे। थोड़े बहुत हेर-फेर के साथ उनके काव्य में भारतीय अंतर-कथाओं और धार्मिक परम्पराओं का उल्लेख हुआ है। उसमें रासो की अपेक्षा अन्विति अधिक है और आरम्भ से लेकर अंत तक उनकी शैली और भाषा में एकरसता है। 'पद्मावत' प्रेम की पीर की व्यंजना करने वाला प्रबंधात्मक काव्य है। जायसी ने इस प्रेमकथा को बहुत ही सुन्दर आनुषांगिक कथाओं के ताने-बाने से बुना है।

SubQuestion No : 37

Q.37 पद्मावत की भाषा और शैली कौन सी हैं?

- Ans**
- 1. मसनवी भाषा और सूफ़ी शैली
 - 2. भाषा अवधी और शैली कड़वक
 - 3. ब्रज भाषा और सूफ़ी शैली
 - 4. अवधी भाषा मसनवी शैली

Question ID : 1034353843

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

Comprehension:

निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पढ़िए और निम्न प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

जायसी सूफ़ी काव्य परम्परा के श्रेष्ठ कवि कहे जाते हैं। 'पद्मावत' इनकी श्रेष्ठ रचना मानी जाती है। यह ग्रन्थ अवधी भाषा में रचित महाकाव्य है जिसकी शैली कड़वक है। इसका मुख्य रस 'शृंगार' है। आचार्य रामचंद्र शुक्ल ने इस महाकाव्य को भक्तिकाल का वेद-वाक्य कह कर पुकारा है। उनके अनुसार पद्मावत सूफ़ी काव्यधारा की सबसे प्रौढ़ और सरस रचना है। कवि मालिक मोहम्मद जायसी संसार से इतने विरक्त नहीं थे। वे लोक तथा परलोक दोनों की साधना चाहते थे। उन्होंने 'पद्मावत' के ग्रन्थारम्भ में मसनवी परम्परा के अनुकूल शेरशाह की प्रशंसा की है, जो हुमायूँ को हराकर दिल्ली की गद्दी पर बैठा था। वह बहुत वीर योद्धा था। उनमें प्रेम की भावना बहुत प्रबल होने के कारण उन्होंने प्रेम को ईश्वर का पीर माना। उन्होंने लौकिक प्रेम-गाथाओं के रूपक द्वारा परमार्थित प्रेम की साधना की है। पद्मावती की प्रेम कथा जो पृथ्वीराज रासो में वीर रस के आश्रित गौण से ली गई है, वह जायसी की पद्मावत में मुख्यतः प्राप्त होती है। पद्मावत में कथा भी है और 'रूपक' के द्वारा अलौकिक तत्वों की व्यंजना भी है। यह पूरा महाग्रंथ एक 'रूपक' महाकाव्य भी माना जाता है। जायसी भारतीय संस्कृति से पूर्णतया परिचित थे। थोड़े बहुत हेर-फेर के साथ उनके काव्य में भारतीय अंतर-कथाओं और धार्मिक परम्पराओं का उल्लेख हुआ है। उसमें रासो की अपेक्षा अन्विति अधिक है और आरम्भ से लेकर अंत तक उनकी शैली और भाषा में एकरसता है। 'पद्मावत' प्रेम की पीर की व्यंजना करने वाला प्रबंधात्मक काव्य है। जायसी ने इस प्रेमकथा को बहुत ही सुन्दर आनुषांगिक कथाओं के ताने-बाने से बुना है।

SubQuestion No : 38

Q.38 इस गद्यांश के सर्वाधिक उचित शीर्षक का चयन कीजिये-

- Ans**
- 1. रूपक महाकाव्य
 - 2. महाकवि जायसी और पद्मावत
 - 3. एक प्रबंधात्मक काव्य
 - 4. पद्मावत

Question ID : 1034353844

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

Comprehension:

निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पढ़िए और निम्न प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

जायसी सूफ़ी काव्य परम्परा के श्रेष्ठ कवि कहे जाते हैं। 'पद्मावत' इनकी श्रेष्ठ रचना मानी जाती है। यह ग्रन्थ अवधी भाषा में रचित महाकाव्य है जिसकी शैली कड़वक है। इसका मुख्य रस 'शृंगार' है। आचार्य रामचंद्र शुक्ल ने इस महाकाव्य को भक्तिकाल का वेद-वाक्य कह कर पुकारा है। उनके अनुसार पद्मावत सूफ़ी काव्यधारा की सबसे प्रौढ़ और सरस रचना है। कवि मालिक मोहम्मद जायसी संसार से इतने विरक्त नहीं थे। वे लोक तथा परलोक दोनों की साधना चाहते थे। उन्होंने 'पद्मावत' के ग्रन्थारम्भ में मसनवी परम्परा के अनुकूल शेरशाह की प्रशंसा की है, जो हुमायूँ को हराकर दिल्ली की गद्दी पर बैठा था। वह बहुत वीर योद्धा था। उनमें प्रेम की भावना बहुत प्रबल होने के कारण उन्होंने प्रेम को ईश्वर का पीर माना। उन्होंने लौकिक प्रेम-गाथाओं के रूपक द्वारा परमार्थित प्रेम की साधना की है। पद्मावती की प्रेम कथा जो पृथ्वीराज रासो में वीर रस के आश्रित गौण से ली गई है, वह जायसी की पद्मावत में मुख्यतः प्राप्त होती है। पद्मावत में कथा भी है और 'रूपक' के द्वारा अलौकिक तत्वों की व्यंजना भी है। यह पूरा महाग्रंथ एक 'रूपक' महाकाव्य भी माना जाता है। जायसी भारतीय संस्कृति से पूर्णतया परिचित थे। थोड़े बहुत हेर-फेर के साथ उनके काव्य में भारतीय अंतर-कथाओं और धार्मिक परम्पराओं का उल्लेख हुआ है। उसमें रासो की अपेक्षा अन्विति अधिक है और आरम्भ से लेकर अंत तक उनकी शैली और भाषा में एकरसता है। 'पद्मावत' प्रेम की पीर की व्यंजना करने वाला प्रबंधात्मक काव्य है। जायसी ने इस प्रेमकथा को बहुत ही सुन्दर आनुषांगिक कथाओं के ताने-बाने से बुना है।

SubQuestion No : 39

Q.39 लेखक ने क्यों कहा है कि 'जायसी संसार से इतने विरक्त नहीं थे'?

- Ans**
- 1. क्योंकि उन्होंने सूफ़ी काव्यधारा को अपनाया
 - 2. क्योंकि उन्होंने 'पद्मावत' के प्रारम्भ में मसनवी परम्परा के अनुकूल शेरशाह की प्रशंसा की है
 - 3. क्योंकि उन्होंने 'पद्मावत' जैसा प्रेम काव्य लिखा है
 - 4. क्योंकि उन्होंने पद्मावत की रचना रूपक में की है

Question ID : 1034353845

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

Comprehension:

निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पढ़िए और निम्न प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

जायसी सूफ़ी काव्य परम्परा के श्रेष्ठ कवि कहे जाते हैं। 'पद्मावत' इनकी श्रेष्ठ रचना मानी जाती है। यह ग्रन्थ अवधी भाषा में रचित महाकाव्य है जिसकी शैली कड़वक है। इसका मुख्य रस 'शृंगार' है। आचार्य रामचंद्र शुक्ल ने इस महाकाव्य को भक्तिकाल का वेद-वाक्य कह कर पुकारा है। उनके अनुसार पद्मावत सूफ़ी काव्यधारा की सबसे प्रौढ़ और सरस रचना है। कवि मालिक मोहम्मद जायसी संसार से इतने विरक्त नहीं थे। वे लोक तथा परलोक दोनों की साधना चाहते थे। उन्होंने 'पद्मावत' के ग्रन्थारम्भ में मसनवी परम्परा के अनुकूल शेरशाह की प्रशंसा की है, जो हुमायूँ को हराकर दिल्ली की गद्दी पर बैठा था। वह बहुत वीर योद्धा था। उनमें प्रेम की भावना बहुत प्रबल होने के कारण उन्होंने प्रेम को ईश्वर का पीर माना। उन्होंने लौकिक प्रेम-गाथाओं के रूपक द्वारा परमार्थित प्रेम की साधना की है। पद्मावती की प्रेम कथा जो पृथ्वीराज रासो में वीर रस के आश्रित गौण से ली गई है, वह जायसी की पद्मावत में मुख्यतः प्राप्त होती है। पद्मावत में कथा भी है और 'रूपक' के द्वारा अलौकिक तत्वों की व्यंजना भी है। यह पूरा महाग्रंथ एक 'रूपक' महाकाव्य भी माना जाता है। जायसी भारतीय संस्कृति से पूर्णतया परिचित थे। थोड़े बहुत हेर-फेर के साथ उनके काव्य में भारतीय अंतर-कथाओं और धार्मिक परम्पराओं का उल्लेख हुआ है। उसमें रासो की अपेक्षा अन्विति अधिक है और आरम्भ से लेकर अंत तक उनकी शैली और भाषा में एकरसता है। 'पद्मावत' प्रेम की पीर की व्यंजना करने वाला प्रबंधात्मक काव्य है। जायसी ने इस प्रेमकथा को बहुत ही सुन्दर आनुषांगिक कथाओं के ताने-बाने से बुना है।

SubQuestion No : 40

Q.40 आचार्य शुक्ल ने पद्मावत को क्या उपाधि दी है?

- Ans**
- 1. 'रूपक' महाकाव्य
 - 2. पद्मावत एक महाग्रंथ
 - 3. श्रेष्ठतम महाकाव्य
 - 4. भक्तिकाल का वेद-वाक्य

Question ID : 1034353842

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 4

Q.1 Which one of the following is NOT one of the twelve verticals of Khelo India Programme?

- Ans
- 1. Talent Search and Development
 - 2. Annual Sports Competitions
 - 3. Sports for Women
 - 4. District Level Khelo India Centres

Question ID : 1034353859
Status : Not Answered
Chosen Option : --

Q.2 In September 2020, a comprehensive initiative called 'PM e-Vidya' was initiated by the Indian government which:

- Ans
- 1. provides free education to all SC & ST boys and girls up to class 10th
 - 2. unifies all efforts related to digital/online/on-air education, to enable multi-mode access to education
 - 3. integrates all online education platforms of different states
 - 4. encourages corporate sector to sponsor schools

Question ID : 1034353858
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 2

Q.3 Which of the following river basin areas in India is second in size only to the Ganga river basin?

- Ans
- 1. Kaveri
 - 2. Krishna
 - 3. Godavari
 - 4. Tapti

Question ID : 1034353849
Status : Not Answered
Chosen Option : --

Q.4 Under the GST law, CGST, SGST and IGST are collected from the buyer, depending upon whether the transaction is intrastate or interstate. In this law, SGST stands for:

- Ans
- 1. Seller's Goods and Services Tax
 - 2. Supply Goods and Services Tax
 - 3. State Goods and Services Tax
 - 4. Sovereign Goods and Services Tax

Question ID : 1034353847
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 3

Q.5 Nagara, Dravida and Vesara styles of architecture, which evolved during the medieval period in India, were associated with _____.

- Ans
- 1. Town Planning
 - 2. Temples
 - 3. Palaces
 - 4. Forts

Question ID : 1034353850
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 2

Q.6 Which of the following is one of the most popular folk dances of Haryana?

- Ans
- 1. Kaskar
 - 2. Dhamyal
 - 3. Dumhal
 - 4. Karma

Question ID : 1034353854
Status : Not Answered
Chosen Option : --

Q.7 Which option is true about the following two Sammans and award of Madhya Pradesh government?

- i. Ahilya samman aims to promote tribal and folk women artistes, who have done commendable work in their respective fields.
- ii. Tulsi award is given to those male folk and tribal artistes, whose work has been recognised for its superior quality.

- Ans
- 1. Both i and ii are correct
 - 2. Only ii is correct
 - 3. Neither i nor ii is correct
 - 4. Only i is correct

Question ID : 1034353855
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 4

Q.8 Birhor tribes live in small settlements called _____ at the edge of the forests.

- Ans
- 1. Wadi
 - 2. Khunt
 - 3. Thakarwadi
 - 4. Tanda

Question ID : 1034353848
Status : Not Answered
Chosen Option : --

Q.9 Iron is mixed with _____ to make stainless steel.

- Ans
- 1. Copper and Silver
 - 2. Copper and Zinc
 - 3. Copper and Tin
 - 4. Nickel and Chromium

Question ID : 1034353852
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 2

Q.10 As per the Quinquennial Survey 2014-18 figures, which of the following states of India has minimum life expectancy at birth?

- Ans
- 1. Rajasthan
 - 2. Chhattisgarh
 - 3. Assam
 - 4. Uttar Pradesh

Question ID : 1034353851
Status : Not Answered
Chosen Option : --

Q.11 Which of the following subjects is NOT included in the Union List, as per allocation between three lists in seventh schedule, given under Article 246 of the Indian Constitution?

- Ans
- 1. Atomic Energy
 - 2. Railways
 - 3. Banking
 - 4. Liquor

Question ID : 1034353856
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 4

Q.12 Which of the following is NOT one of the main pillars of the Namami Gange Programme?

- Ans
- 1. Afforestation
 - 2. Promotion of Boating
 - 3. River-Front Development
 - 4. Sewerage Treatment Infrastructure

Question ID : 1034353857
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 2

Q.13 Which of the following organisations in India was the first to develop Omicron-detecting RT-PCR kits, in partnership with the Indian Council of Medical Research (ICMR)?

- Ans
- 1. Tata Medical and Diagnostics Limited (TATA MD)
 - 2. Serum Institute of India
 - 3. Aurobindo Pharma
 - 4. Bharat Biotech

Question ID : 1034353846
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 1

Q.14 Which of the following comprises a group of related species, which has more characters in common in comparison to species of other genera?

- Ans
- 1. Genus
 - 2. Family
 - 3. Order
 - 4. Class

Question ID : 1034353853
Status : Not Answered
Chosen Option : --

Comprehension:

Read the given passage and answer the following questions.

While evolving the most balanced governmental arrangements, the makers of the Indian Constitution did not hesitate to learn from experiments and experiences of other countries. Thus, the framers of the Indian Constitution were not averse to borrowing from other constitutional traditions. Indeed, it is a testament to their wide learning that they could lay their hands upon any intellectual argument, or historical example that was necessary for fulfilling the task at hand. So, they borrowed a number of provisions from different countries while framing the Indian Constitution.

SubQuestion No : 15

Q.15 From which of the following constitutions was the provision of 'Residual Powers' adopted in the Indian Constitution?

- Ans
- 1. French
 - 2. Canadian
 - 3. Irish
 - 4. British

Question ID : 1034353862

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

Comprehension:

Read the given passage and answer the following questions.

While evolving the most balanced governmental arrangements, the makers of the Indian Constitution did not hesitate to learn from experiments and experiences of other countries. Thus, the framers of the Indian Constitution were not averse to borrowing from other constitutional traditions. Indeed, it is a testament to their wide learning that they could lay their hands upon any intellectual argument, or historical example that was necessary for fulfilling the task at hand. So, they borrowed a number of provisions from different countries while framing the Indian Constitution.

SubQuestion No : 16

Q.16 From which of the following constitutions was the concept of 'Fundamental Rights' adopted in the Indian Constitution?

- Ans
- 1. United States
 - 2. Irish
 - 3. British
 - 4. French

Question ID : 1034353861

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 1



Comprehension:

Read the given passage and answer the following questions.

While evolving the most balanced governmental arrangements, the makers of the Indian Constitution did not hesitate to learn from experiments and experiences of other countries. Thus, the framers of the Indian Constitution were not averse to borrowing from other constitutional traditions. Indeed, it is a testament to their wide learning that they could lay their hands upon any intellectual argument, or historical example that was necessary for fulfilling the task at hand. So, they borrowed a number of provisions from different countries while framing the Indian Constitution.

SubQuestion No : 17

Q.17 From which of the following constitutions the 'Principles of Liberty, Equality and Fraternity' were adopted in the Indian Constitution?

- Ans
- 1. United States
 - 2. Canadian
 - 3. British
 - 4. French

Question ID : 1034353863

Status : Not Answered

Chosen Option : --

Comprehension:

On the basis of the following passage, answer the following questions by selecting the correct answer from the given options.

To fight the British, leadership and organisation were required. For these the rebels sometimes turned to those who had been leaders before the British conquest. One of the first acts of the sepoys of Meerut, as we saw, was to rush to Delhi and appeal to the old Mughal emperor to accept the leadership of the revolt. This acceptance of leadership took its time in coming.

SubQuestion No : 18

Q.18 In which of the following years did rebels revolted on a mass scale against the British rule in India?

- Ans
- 1. 1857
 - 2. 1757
 - 3. 1911
 - 4. 1900

Question ID : 1034353865

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 1

Comprehension:

On the basis of the following passage, answer the following questions by selecting the correct answer from the given options.

To fight the British, leadership and organisation were required. For these the rebels sometimes turned to those who had been leaders before the British conquest. One of the first acts of the sepoys of Meerut, as we saw, was to rush to Delhi and appeal to the old Mughal emperor to accept the leadership of the revolt. This acceptance of leadership took its time in coming.

SubQuestion No : 19

Q.19 During the First War of Independence against the British rule in India, which of the following Mughal Emperor was declared as the leader of the revolt?

- Ans
- 1. Wajid Ali Shah
 - 2. Akbar Shah II
 - 3. Shah Alam II
 - 4. Bahadur Shah II

Question ID : 1034353867

Status : Answered

Ch

Comprehension:

On the basis of the following passage, answer the following questions by selecting the correct answer from the given options.

To fight the British, leadership and organisation were required. For these the rebels sometimes turned to those who had been leaders before the British conquest. One of the first acts of the sepoys of Meerut, as we saw, was to rush to Delhi and appeal to the old Mughal emperor to accept the leadership of the revolt. This acceptance of leadership took its time in coming.

SubQuestion No : 20

Q.20 The First War of Independence against the British rule in India began in _____.

- Ans
- 1. Lucknow
 - 2. Kanpur
 - 3. Meerut
 - 4. Delhi

Question ID : 1034353866
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 3

Section : Basic Knowledge of Computer Operation

Q.1 Which of the following refers to the characteristic of a computer that can perform tasks without manual intervention?

- Ans
- 1. Versatility
 - 2. Automation
 - 3. Diligence
 - 4. Reliability

Question ID : 1034353869
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 2

Q.2 Which of the following information kiosks are used in the hospitality industry?

- Ans
- 1. Kiosks that present services or nearby attractions to their guests.
 - 2. Kiosks that provide services such as the DMV or that help with scheduling needs and for tracking packages.
 - 3. Kiosks that assist with patient check-in, to track patient health records and in other cases, to handle payments.
 - 4. Kiosks that are used for scheduling, way finding and for cataloguing pertinent information such as school transfers or application assistance.

Question ID : 1034353896
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 3

Q.3 Which of the following is NOT a valid feature of MS-Excel 2019?

- Ans
- 1. Format Painter
 - 2. Mail Merge
 - 3. Merge and Centre
 - 4. Wrap Text

Question ID : 1034353884
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 4

Q.4 With reference to a file system, what is the full form of HFS?

- Ans
- 1. Host File System
 - 2. Higher File System
 - 3. High File System
 - 4. Hierarchical File System

Question ID : 1034353875
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 4

Q.5 ROM belongs to which category of computer memory?

- Ans
- 1. Register memory
 - 2. Cache memory
 - 3. Primary memory
 - 4. Secondary memory

Question ID : 1034353873
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 3

Q.6 Which of the following services of an operating system deals with allocation of requirements such as main memory, CPU cycles and files storage to each user or job in a multi-user or multi-tasking environment?

- Ans
- 1. I/O operation
 - 2. Communication
 - 3. Resource management
 - 4. File system manipulation

Question ID : 1034353880
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 3

Q.7 Which of the following commands is represented by the symbol of 'curved arrow pointing to the left' in MS-Word 2019?

- Ans
- 1. Cut
 - 2. Spellcheck
 - 3. Redo
 - 4. Undo

Question ID : 1034353883
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 4

Q.8 Which of the following is true with reference to information kiosks?

- Ans
- 1. An information kiosk is essentially a non-interactive kiosk.
 - 2. Information kiosks are not cost effective.
 - 3. Examples of information kiosks would be those available at a local library, providing an active catalogue of inventory.
 - 4. Information kiosks can only be placed indoor.

Question ID : 1034353897
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 1

Q.9 Which of the following statements is/are true with reference to MS-PowerPoint 2019?
(i) A Theme gives your slides a consistent appearance throughout your presentation.
(ii) Theme group is available in the Home tab.

- Ans 1. Only (i)
 2. Only (ii)
 3. Both (i) and (ii)
 4. Neither (i) nor (ii)

Question ID : 1034353886
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 1

Q.10 Which of the following is true with reference to RAM memory in a computer system?

- Ans 1. RAM is a secondary memory of a computer system.
 2. RAM is a non-volatile memory.
 3. RAM stores the information which the computer is actively using so that it can be accessed quickly.
 4. RAM is computer system long-term data storage.

Question ID : 1034353870
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 3

Q.11 Which of the following software is stored on a computer's motherboard or chipset?

- Ans 1. Firmware
 2. Programming
 3. Application
 4. Antivirus

Question ID : 1034353878
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 1

Q.12 Which of the following features of MS-Word 2019 lets us create a batch of documents that are personalised for each recipient?

- Ans 1. Mail Merge
 2. Drop Cap
 3. Format Painter
 4. Smart Lookup

Question ID : 1034353882
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 1

Q.13 With reference to the Information Technology Act, 2000, which of the following refers to Cyber Security?

- Ans 1. An Electronic Signature Certificate issued under Section 35 and includes Digital Signature Certificate.
 2. Protecting information, equipment, devices, computer, computer resource, communication device and information stored therein from unauthorised access, use, disclosure, disruption, modification, or destruction.
 3. Official Gazette published in the electronic form.
 4. Authentication of any electronic record by a subscriber by means of the electronic technique specified in the Second Schedule and includes digital signature.

Question ID : 1034353889
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 2

Q.14 Which chapter of the Information Technology Act, 2000, deals with Suspension and Revocation of Digital Signature Certificate?

- Ans
- 1. Chapter VII
 - 2. Chapter VI
 - 3. Chapter I
 - 4. Chapter III

Question ID : 1034353891
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 4

Q.15 Which of the following input devices of a computer system works more like a photocopy machine?

- Ans
- 1. Light pen
 - 2. Digitizer
 - 3. Track ball
 - 4. Scanner

Question ID : 1034353877
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 4

Q.16 Entrance, Emphasis, Exit, etc., are groups of which tab of MS-PowerPoint 2019?

- Ans
- 1. Animations
 - 2. Transitions
 - 3. View
 - 4. Design

Question ID : 1034353887
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 2

Q.17 With reference to e-Governance, the use of IT to facilitate the ability of all sections of society to participate in the governance of the state refers to:

- Ans
- 1. e-Banking
 - 2. e-Administration
 - 3. e-Services
 - 4. e-Democracy

Question ID : 1034353893
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 4

Q.18 Which of the following is authentication of any electronic record by a subscriber by means of an electronic method or procedure in accordance with the provisions of Section 3 according to the Information technology Act, 2000?

- Ans
- 1. Electronic circuit
 - 2. Digital signature
 - 3. Electronic Gazette
 - 4. Electronic form

Question ID : 1034353890
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 2

Q.19 Which of the following is a modern GUI based Operating System for desktop environments?

- Ans
- 1. Android OS
 - 2. Microsoft Windows
 - 3. Symbian OS
 - 4. Apple's iOS

Question ID : 1034353881
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 1

Q.20 Which of the following operating systems is used by Nokia smartphone?

- Ans
- 1. iOS
 - 2. Symbian OS
 - 3. Android
 - 4. Bada

Question ID : 1034353895
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 2

Q.21 Which of the following is a self-sustainable e-Governance project for the computerised delivery of 20 million rural land records to 6.7 million farmers of Karnataka under e-Governance initiative in India?

- Ans
- 1. e-Courts
 - 2. KHAJANE
 - 3. BHOOMI
 - 4. e-Seva

Question ID : 1034353892
Status : Not Answered
Chosen Option : --

Q.22 Which of the following is a process that manages how and where data on a storage disk, typically a hard disk drive (HDD), is stored, accessed, and managed?

- Ans
- 1. Disk scheduling system
 - 2. Process management system
 - 3. File system
 - 4. Input/output system

Question ID : 1034353874
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 1

Q.23 Which of the following refers to any facility from where access to the Internet is offered by any person in the ordinary course of business to the members of the public, according to the Information Technology Act, 2000?

- Ans
- 1. Electronic Gazette
 - 2. Cyber Cafe
 - 3. Digital Security
 - 4. Cyber Security

Question ID : 1034353888
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 2

Q.24 What is the full form of MROM?

- Ans
- 1. Multilayer Read Only Memory
 - 2. Managed Read Only Memory
 - 3. Masked Read Only Memory
 - 4. Main Read Only Memory

Question ID : 1034353872
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 3

Q.25 Which of the following is a valid absolute address of a cell at the intersection of the second row and seventh column in an MS-Excel worksheet?

- Ans
- 1. \$G\$2
 - 2. \$G2\$
 - 3. @G2@
 - 4. \$2\$H

Question ID : 1034353885
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 1

Q.26 Spacebar on a computer keyboard belongs to which of the following categories?

- Ans
- 1. Control keys
 - 2. Function keys
 - 3. Special purpose keys
 - 4. Typing keys

Question ID : 1034353876
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 3

Q.27 With reference to the characteristics of computers, match the following.

- (i) Diligence (a) Consistent results
(ii) Reliability (b) Different kinds of works
(iii) Versatility (c) Millions of tasks or calculations

- Ans
- 1. (i)-(a), (ii)-(c), (iii)-(b)
 - 2. (i)-(b), (ii)-(a), (iii)-(c)
 - 3. (i)-(c), (ii)-(b), (iii)-(a)
 - 4. (i)-(c), (ii)-(a), (iii)-(b)

Question ID : 1034353868
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 4

Q.28 Which of the following is an example of application software?

- Ans
- 1. Microsoft Windows
 - 2. Zoom
 - 3. MacOS
 - 4. Linux

Question ID : 1034353879
Status : Answered
Chosen Option : 2

Q.29 Match the following mobile/smart phone operating systems with their manufacturers?

- (i) iOS (a) Samsung
(ii) Android (b) Google Inc.
(iii) BADA (c) Apple

- Ans 1. (i)-(c), (ii)-(a), (iii)-(b)
 2. (i)-(a), (ii)-(c), (iii)-(b)
 3. (i)-(c), (ii)-(b), (iii)-(a)
 4. (i)-(b), (ii)-(a), (iii)-(c)

Question ID : 1034353894

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

Q.30 Which of the following is FALSE with reference to static RAM in comparison with dynamic RAM?

- Ans 1. Smaller in size
 2. Expensive
 3. Faster
 4. Long life

Question ID : 1034353871

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 4

Comprehension:

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

Memory is the most essential element of a computing system. Computer memory is of two basic types – Primary memory (RAM and ROM) and Secondary memory (hard drive, CD, etc.). Random Access Memory (RAM) is primary-volatile memory and Read-Only Memory (ROM) is primary-non-volatile memory.

RAM is also called read-write memory or the main memory or the primary memory. The programs and data that the CPU requires during the execution of a program are stored in this memory. It is a volatile memory as the data is lost when the power is turned off. RAM is further classified into two types – SRAM (Static Random Access Memory) and DRAM (Dynamic Random Access Memory). The characteristics of DRAM are: inexpensive, slower than SRAM, uses less power, generates less heat, used in the main memory, requires recharge. The characteristics of SRAM are: expensive, faster than DRAM, uses more power, generates more heat, used for cache, holds content if power is available.

Read-Only Memory (ROM) stores crucial information essential to operate the system, like the program essential to boot the computer. It is not volatile. Always retains its data. Used in embedded systems or where the programming needs no change. Used in calculators and peripheral devices. ROM is further classified into four types – MROM, PROM, EPROM, and EEPROM.

SubQuestion No : 31

Q.31 Which of the following is NOT a valid type of ROM?

- Ans 1. EEPROM
 2. MNROM
 3. EPROM
 4. MROM

Question ID : 1034353900

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

Comprehension:

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

Memory is the most essential element of a computing system. Computer memory is of two basic types – Primary memory (RAM and ROM) and Secondary memory (hard drive, CD, etc.). Random Access Memory (RAM) is primary-volatile memory and Read-Only Memory (ROM) is primary-non-volatile memory.

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SubQuestion No : 32**Q.32 Which of the following is FALSE?**

- Ans 1. DRAM is used as permanent storage.
2. SRAM is more expensive than DRAM.
3. SRAM is used as temporary storage.
4. Currently executing instructions are stored in RAM.

Question ID : 1034353903

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 1

Comprehension:

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

Memory is the most essential element of a computing system. Computer memory is of two basic types – Primary memory (RAM and ROM) and Secondary memory (hard drive, CD, etc.). Random Access Memory (RAM) is primary-volatile memory and Read-Only Memory (ROM) is primary-non-volatile memory.

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Read-Only Memory (ROM) stores crucial information essential to operate the system, like the program essential to boot the computer. It is not volatile. Always retains its data. Used in embedded systems or where the programming needs no change. Used in calculators and peripheral devices. ROM is further classified into four types – MROM, PROM, EPROM, and EEPROM.

SubQuestion No : 33**Q.33 Which of the following memories is used to store the startup program of a computer system?**

- Ans 1. DRAM
2. SRAM
3. Hard disk
4. ROM

Question ID : 1034353902

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 4

Comprehension:

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

Memory is the most essential element of a computing system. Computer memory is of two basic types – Primary memory (RAM and ROM) and Secondary memory (hard drive, CD, etc.). Random Access Memory (RAM) is primary-volatile memory and Read-Only Memory (ROM) is primary-non-volatile memory.

RAM is also called read-write memory or the main memory or the primary memory. The programs and data that the CPU requires during the execution of a program are stored in this memory. It is a volatile memory as the data is lost when the power is turned off. RAM is further classified into two types – SRAM (Static Random Access Memory) and DRAM (Dynamic Random Access Memory). The characteristics of DRAM are: inexpensive, slower than SRAM, uses less power, generates less heat, used in the main memory, requires recharge. The characteristics of SRAM are: expensive, faster than DRAM, uses more power, generates more heat, used for cache, holds content if power is available.

Read-Only Memory (ROM) stores crucial information essential to operate the system, like the program essential to boot the computer. It is not volatile. Always retains its data. Used in embedded systems or where the programming needs no change. Used in calculators and peripheral devices. ROM is further classified into four types – MROM, PROM, EPROM, and EEPROM.

SubQuestion No : 34

Q.34 Which of the following statements is/are true?

- (i) Hard disk is considered as primary memory.
- (ii) ROM is a permanent storage.

- Ans**
- 1. Neither (i) nor (ii)
 - 2. Only (i)
 - 3. Only (ii)
 - 4. Both (i) and (ii)

Question ID : 1034353899

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 1

Comprehension:

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

Memory is the most essential element of a computing system. Computer memory is of two basic types – Primary memory (RAM and ROM) and Secondary memory (hard drive, CD, etc.). Random Access Memory (RAM) is primary-volatile memory and Read-Only Memory (ROM) is primary-non-volatile memory.

RAM is also called read-write memory or the main memory or the primary memory. The programs and data that the CPU requires during the execution of a program are stored in this memory. It is a volatile memory as the data is lost when the power is turned off. RAM is further classified into two types – SRAM (Static Random Access Memory) and DRAM (Dynamic Random Access Memory). The characteristics of DRAM are: inexpensive, slower than SRAM, uses less power, generates less heat, used in the main memory, requires recharge. The characteristics of SRAM are: expensive, faster than DRAM, uses more power, generates more heat, used for cache, holds content if power is available.

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SubQuestion No : 35

Q.35 Which of the following types of memories is used for manufacturing cache memory?

- Ans**
- 1. DRAM
 - 2. EPROM
 - 3. SRAM
 - 4. PROM

Question ID : 1034353901

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3

Comprehension:

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

Hardware refers to the physical components of a computer. Computer hardware is any part of the computer that can be touched. These are the primary electronic devices used to build a computer. Examples of hardware in a computer are the Processor, Memory Devices, Monitor, Printer, Keyboard, Mouse, and the Central Processing Unit (CPU).

Software is a collection of instructions, procedures, documentation that perform different tasks on a computer system. We can also say that computer software is a programming code executed on a computer processor. The code can be machine-level code, or the code written for an operating system. Examples of software are MS-Word, MS-Excel, MS-Power Point, Google Chrome, Photoshop, MySQL, etc.

Differences between software and hardware:

Software is a set of instructions that tells a computer exactly what to do. It is developed and engineered. Software cannot be executed without hardware. We can see and use the software but cannot touch them. It is mainly divided into system software, programming software and application software. Application software is one of the types of software which runs or executes as per user request. High-level languages such as Java, C, C++, etc. are used to develop the application software. Application software is a specific purpose software which is intended to perform some tasks grouped together. Without an operating system, application software cannot be installed. Software is affected by computer viruses. If software is damaged, its backup copy can be reinstalled.

Hardware is manufactured. Hardware cannot perform any task without software. It has four main categories: input devices, output devices, storage, and internal components. Hardware is not affected by computer viruses. If hardware is damaged, it is replaced with a new one.

SubQuestion No : 36

Q.36 Which of the following statement is FALSE?

- Ans
- 1. CPU is an example of a hardware device.
 - 2. Hardware components are not affected by infective programs.
 - 3. Memory devices are type of hardware devices.
 - 4. Hardware and software can operate independent of each other.

Question ID : 1034353906

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 4



Comprehension:

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

Hardware refers to the physical components of a computer. Computer hardware is any part of the computer that can be touched. These are the primary electronic devices used to build a computer. Examples of hardware in a computer are the Processor, Memory Devices, Monitor, Printer, Keyboard, Mouse, and the Central Processing Unit (CPU).

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Hardware is manufactured. Hardware cannot perform any task without software. It has four main categories: input devices, output devices, storage, and internal components. Hardware is not affected by computer viruses. If hardware is damaged, it is replaced with a new one.

SubQuestion No : 37

Q.37 Which of the following statements is/are true?

- (i) Hardware refers to logical components of a computer system.
- (ii) Google Chrome is an example of computer hardware.

- Ans**
- 1. Both (i) and (ii)
 - 2. Only (i)
 - 3. Only (ii)
 - 4. Neither (i) nor (ii)

Question ID : 1034353905

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 4



Comprehension:

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

Hardware refers to the physical components of a computer. Computer hardware is any part of the computer that can be touched. These are the primary electronic devices used to build a computer. Examples of hardware in a computer are the Processor, Memory Devices, Monitor, Printer, Keyboard, Mouse, and the Central Processing Unit (CPU).

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SubQuestion No : 38

Q.38 Which of the following is required to install applications in a computer system?

- Ans
- 1. Computer virus
 - 2. Printer
 - 3. Operating system
 - 4. High-level language

Question ID : 1034353907

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 3



Comprehension:

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

Hardware refers to the physical components of a computer. Computer hardware is any part of the computer that can be touched. These are the primary electronic devices used to build a computer. Examples of hardware in a computer are the Processor, Memory Devices, Monitor, Printer, Keyboard, Mouse, and the Central Processing Unit (CPU).

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SubQuestion No : 39

Q.39 Which of the following is NOT a high-level language?

- Ans
- 1. Java
 - 2. C
 - 3. C++
 - 4. Machine code

Question ID : 1034353908

Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 4



Comprehension:

Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow.

Hardware refers to the physical components of a computer. Computer hardware is any part of the computer that can be touched. These are the primary electronic devices used to build a computer. Examples of hardware in a computer are the Processor, Memory Devices, Monitor, Printer, Keyboard, Mouse, and the Central Processing Unit (CPU).

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Differences between software and hardware:

Software is a set of instructions that tells a computer exactly what to do. It is developed and engineered. Software cannot be executed without hardware. We can see and use the software but cannot touch them. It is mainly divided into system software, programming software and application software. Application software is one of the types of software which runs or executes as per user request. High-level languages such as Java, C, C++, etc. are used to develop the application software. Application software is a specific purpose software which is intended to perform some tasks grouped together. Without an operating system, application software cannot be installed. Software is affected by computer viruses. If software is damaged, its backup copy can be reinstalled.

Hardware is manufactured. Hardware cannot perform any task without software. It has four main categories: input devices, output devices, storage, and internal components. Hardware is not affected by computer viruses. If hardware is damaged, it is replaced with a new one.

SubQuestion No : 40

Q.40 Which of the following is developed and engineered but NOT manufactured?

- Ans
- 1. CPU
 - 2. MySQL
 - 3. Memory device
 - 4. Printer

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Status : Answered

Chosen Option : 2

