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DSSSB Junior Secretariat Assistant

**Previous Year Paper
23 April 2022 Shift 2
(English)**





GOVT. OF NCT OF DELHI
Delhi Subordinate Services Selection Board
FC-18, Institutional Area, Karkardooma, Delhi – 110092.
www.dsssb.delhigovt.nic.in

Participant ID	
Participant Name	
Test Center Name	
Test Date	23/04/2022
Test Time	12:30 PM - 2:30 PM
Subject	Junior Secretariat Assistant

Section : Mental Ability 1

Q.1 Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series.

BCD, HIJ, NOP, ?

Ans A. STU
 B. UVW
 C. RST
 D. TUV

Question ID : 63068048828

Q.2 नौ मित्र P, Q, R, S, T, U, V, W और X एक सीधी रेखा में पूर्व की ओर अभिमुख होकर बैठे हैं, लेकिन जरूरी नहीं कि इसी क्रम में हों। U, T के बाएँ चौथे और Q के दाएँ दूसरे स्थान पर है, जो W के बाएँ चौथे स्थान पर है। X, P के दाएँ पांचवें स्थान पर है, जो T के बाएँ तीसरे स्थान पर है। X के बाएँ दूसरे स्थान पर कौन बैठा है?

Ans A. T
 B. W
 C. Q
 D. U

Question ID : 63068048913

Q.3 Select the combination of letters that when sequentially placed in the blanks of the given series will complete the series.

BC_I J_NQ RSV__ADG

Ans A. ELXZ
 B. FKYZ
 C. FLYZ
 D. GLXZ

Question ID : 63068048734

Q.4 Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series.

ZYX, TSR, NML, ?

Ans A. HIJ

B. HJF

C. HGF

D. IHG

Question ID : 63068048827

Q.5 Joy is facing the East. He walks 5 m, takes a left turn and walks 5 m. Then he takes a right turn and walks 2 m. He takes a right turn and walks 3 m. In which direction is Joy facing now?

Ans A. West

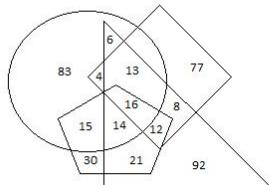
B. North

C. East

D. South

Question ID : 63068051787

Q.6 The given diagram has four different shapes, depicting different farmers of a small village, with different assets. The circle represents the farmers who own land of more than 100 yards, the pentagon represents farmers who own cows, the rhombus represents farmers who own goats and the triangle represents farmers who own tractors.



How many farmers are there who have both land and cows as assets but NOT tractors and goats?

Ans A. 45

B. 15

C. 30

D. 52

Question ID : 63068063239

Q.7 How many such pairs of letters are there in the word 'ATTITUDE' (in both forward and backward directions) that have as many letters between them as there are in the English alphabetical order?

Ans A. Three

B. One

C. Four

D. Two

Question ID : 63068053462

Q.8 RANSOM is related to 18-1-19-14-15-13 in a certain way based on the English alphabetical order. In the same way, LEADER is related to 12-5-4-1-5-18. To which of the following is BEAUTY related, following the same logic?

Ans A. 2-5-21-1-20-25

B. 2-5-24-1-20-25

C. 2-6-21-1-20-25

D. 2-5-21-1-21-25

Question ID : 63068056961

Q.9 Sohit runs 20 km towards the south. He turns right and runs 40 km. He again turns right and runs 20 km. Finally, he runs 20 km after turning to the right. How far is he from the starting position?

Ans A. 20 km

B. 10 km

C. 40 km

D. 25 km

Question ID : 63068051822

Q.10 Select the term that will come next in the following series.

1C, 3E, 6H, 11L, 20Q, __

Ans A. 36V

B. 41W

C. 37W

D. 39W

Question ID : 63068048558

Q.11 Select the alphanumeric-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series.

QR 129, MN 67, ?, EF 9, AB 1

Ans A. IJ 29

B. JK 27

C. JK 25

D. IJ 27

Question ID : 63068048377

Q.12 Study the following information carefully and answer the questions that follow.

Five friends Ram, Geeta, Piyush, Surbhi and Bhushan, each has different ages. Piyush is younger than Ram. Bhushan is younger than Piyush. Ram is younger than Geeta. Surbhi is younger than only one person, Geeta.

Who is the youngest among all?

Ans A. Piyush

B. Ram

C. Bhushan

D. Geeta

Question ID : 63068057431

Q.13 $X + Y$ means 'X is the father of Y',
 $X - Y$ means 'X is the wife of Y',
 $X \times Y$ means 'X is the brother of Y',
 $X \div Y$ means 'X is the daughter of Y'.
If $M + N \div O$, then which of the following is true?

Ans A. M is the father of O

B. M is the brother of O

C. M is the husband of O

D. M is the son of O

Question ID : 63068056494

Q.14 Seven students Jiya, Tanya, Veena, Rakhi, Mukul, Gauri, and Priyanka are sitting on a straight bench facing towards the North. Rakhi is sitting at the middle position. Veena is second to the left of Rakhi and Gauri is third to the right of Veena. Mukul and Jiya are not sitting at any of the ends. Jiya is sitting second to the right of Priyanka. Who is sitting to the immediate left of Jiya?

Ans A. Rakhi

B. Tanya

C. Veena

D. Mukul

Question ID : 63068048904

Q.15 Read the given statement and conclusions carefully. Assuming that the information given in the statements is true, even if it appears to be at variance with commonly known facts, decide which of the given conclusions is true based on the given statement.

Statement: $L \geq Q < R \leq S = M < N$

Conclusions:I. $N > S$

II. $L < R$

Ans A. Both I and II are true

B. Neither I nor II is true

C. Only I is true

D. Only II is true

Question ID : 63068057413

Q.16 A statement is given followed by two conclusions. Find which conclusion(s) is/are true based on the given statement.

Statement: $G > A > N = E = S > H$

Conclusions: I. $S > A$
II. $H < G$

Ans A. Only II

B. Neither I nor II
 C. Only I
 D. Both I and II

Question ID : 63068058653

Q.17 In the following triad, each group of letters is related to the subsequent one following a certain logic. Select from the given options, the triad which follows the same logic.
FMP-OVY-AHK

Ans A. CJM-DKN-JQT

B. HOR-KRU-LRT
 C. FMP-GNQ-IOR
 D. BIK-ELO-PVY

Question ID : 63068049444

Q.18 Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series.
EGJ, HJM, KMP, ?

Ans A. NPR

B. MPS
 C. MOR
 D. NPS

Question ID : 63068048722

Q.19 There are six children in a family, namely U, V, W, X, Y, and Z. U and Y are brothers. Z and X are the sisters of Y. W is the only son of U's uncle. V and X are the daughters of the brother of W's father.

How is X related to U?

Ans A. Niece

B. Wife
 C. Sister
 D. Mother

Question ID : 63068057103

Q.20 Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series.

LGO, NIQ, PKS, ?

Ans A. RMV

B. RSU

C. RNU

D. RMU

Question ID : 63068048826

Section : Mental Ability 2

Q.1 Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series.

IDA, NJH, SPO, ?

Ans A. XWV

B. XVV

C. XWV

D. XWW

Question ID : 63068048825

Q.2 Select the number from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series.

4, 8, 9, 27, 16, ?, 25

Ans A. 64

B. 48

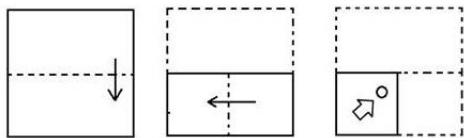
C. 36

D. 24

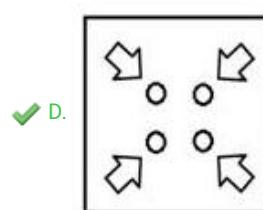
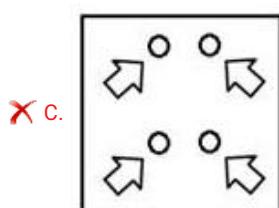
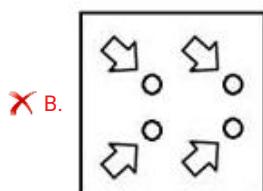
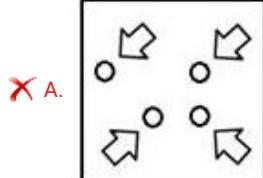
Question ID : 63068057880



Q.3 The sequence of folding a piece of paper and the manner in which the folded paper has been cut is shown in the following figures. How would this paper look when unfolded?



Ans



Question ID : 63068058626

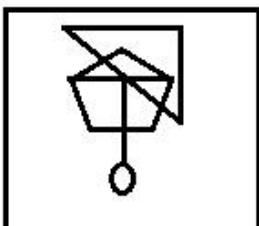


Q.4 Select the option in which the given figure is embedded (rotation is NOT allowed).

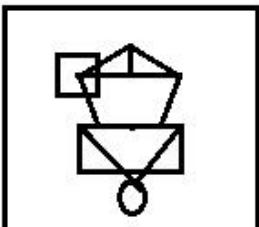


Ans

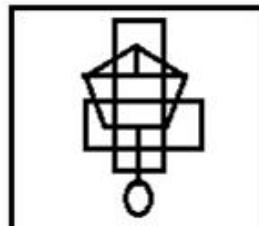
✗ A.



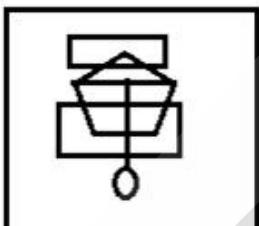
✗ B.



✓ C.



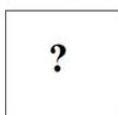
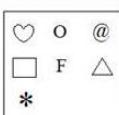
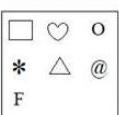
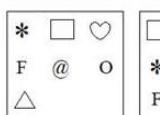
✗ D.



Question ID : 63068058068



Q.5 Select the figure from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series.



Ans



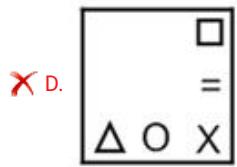
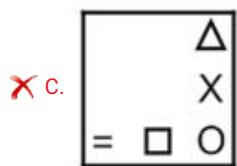
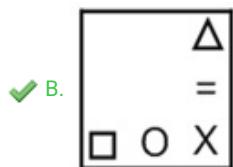
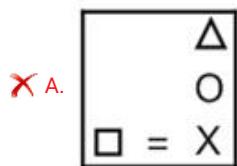
Question ID : 63068056562



Q.6 Select the figure from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series.



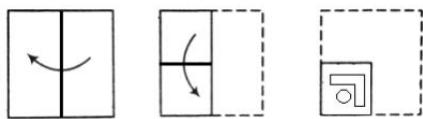
Ans



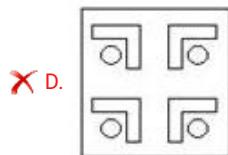
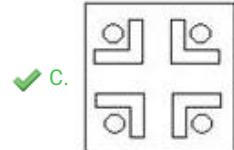
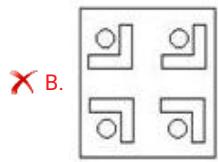
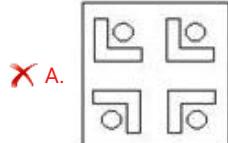
Question ID : 63068057307



Q.7 The sequence of folding a piece of paper and the manner in which the folded paper has been cut is shown in the following figures. How would this paper look when unfolded?



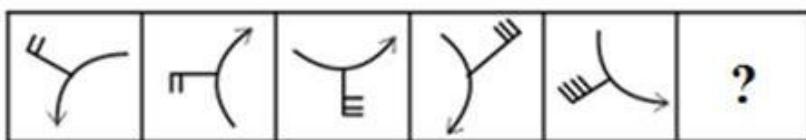
Ans



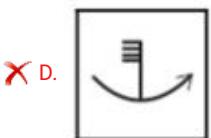
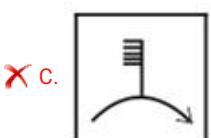
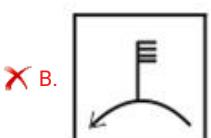
Question ID : 63068058619



Q.8 Select the figure that will come next in the following series.



Ans



Question ID : 63068057360

Q.9 Seven girls Gita, Bharti, Kavya, Diana, Angel, Sweta and Vaishali are standing in a row facing towards the North. Gita is the immediate neighbour of Angel and Bharti. Diana is standing to the immediate left of Sweta. Kavya is standing at the sixth position from the left side and Bharti is standing at the third position from the left side. Sweta is standing second to the right of Bharti. Who is standing to the immediate right of Bharti?

Ans ✓ A. Diana

✗ B. Gita

✗ C. Vaishali

✗ D. Angel

Question ID : 63068048902

Q.10 If $-$ means $+$, \times means $-$, \div means \times , $+$ means \div , then which of the following equations is correct?

Ans ✗ A. $16 \times 4 \div 10 + 5 - 3 = 10$

✓ B. $18 + 6 \div 7 \times 5 - 4 = 20$

✗ C. $18 \div 14 + 7 - 5 \times 2 = 25$

✗ D. $18 - 6 \times 7 + 5 \div 10 = 12$

Question ID : 63068050686

Q.11 If $+$ means \times , $-$ means \div , \times means $-$, \div means $+$, then what will be the value of the following expression?

$$120 - 15 \div 5 + 20 \times 3 + 10 = ?$$

Ans A. 240

B. 78

C. 77

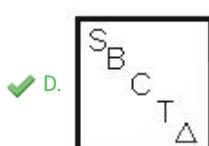
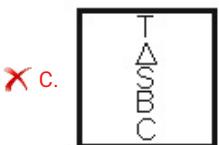
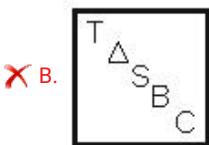
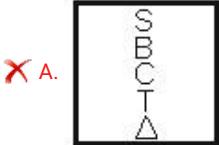
D. 250

Question ID : 63068050677

Q.12 Select the figure from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series.



Ans



Question ID : 63068057363

Q.13 If $-$ means \times , \times means $-$, \div means $+$, $+$ means \div , then what will be the value of the following expression?

$$40 - 3 \div 400 + 20 \times 100 = ?$$

Ans A. 40

B. 820

C. -40

D. -3080

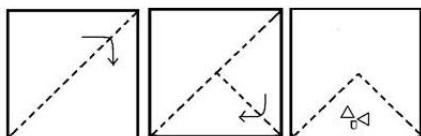
Question ID : 63068050680

Q.14 Following a certain logic, if 121 is related to 132 and 225 is related to 240, to which of the following is 289 related?

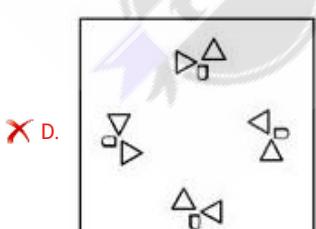
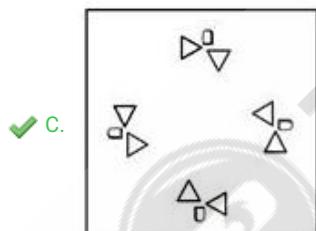
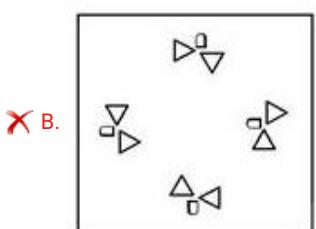
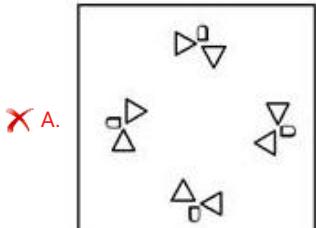
Ans A. 306
 B. 314
 C. 300
 D. 315

Question ID : 63068057011

Q.15 The sequence of folding a piece of paper and the manner in which the folded paper has been cut is shown in the following figures. How would this paper look when unfolded?



Ans



Question ID : 63068058623

Q.16 Four letter-clusters have been given, out of which three are alike in some manner and one is different. Select the one that is different.

Ans A. AEIO
 B. OAUI
 C. IOUA
 D. EIOU

Question ID : 63068050150

Q.17 Select the option that is related to the fourth number in the same way as the first number is related to the second number.

8: 88 :: ? : 99

Ans A. 10
 B. 9
 C. 7
 D. 11

Question ID : 63068050668

Q.18 How many such pairs of letters are there in the word 'KINDNESS'(in both forward and backward directions) that have as many letters between them as there are in the English alphabetical order?

Ans A. Three
 B. One
 C. None
 D. Two

Question ID : 63068053459

Comprehension:

Each of seven vegetable sellers, Ram, Nitin, Shyam, Gokul, Mohan, Jogi and Kalyan go to the Town Centre of a particular town, Khandesh, on different days of the same week starting from Monday and ending on Sunday.

Jogi goes to sell vegetables on Wednesday

Only two persons sell vegetables between Jogi and Gokul.

Ram goes to sell vegetables on one of the days before Gokul but immediately after Nitin.

Kalyan goes to sell vegetables on one of the days after Mohan but on one of the days before Nitin.

SubQuestion No : 19

Q.19 On which day of the week does Nitin go to sell vegetables in the Town Centre?

Ans A. Thursday
 B. Friday
 C. Monday
 D. Tuesday

Question ID : 63068057764

Comprehension:

Each of seven vegetable sellers, Ram, Nitin, Shyam, Gokul, Mohan, Jogi and Kalyan go to the Town Centre of a particular town, Khandesh, on different days of the same week starting from Monday and ending on Sunday.

Jogi goes to sell vegetables on Wednesday

Only two persons sell vegetables between Jogi and Gokul.

Ram goes to sell vegetables on one of the days before Gokul but immediately after Nitin.

Kalyan goes to sell vegetables on one of the days after Mohan but on one of the days before Nitin.

SubQuestion No : 20**Q.20 Who goes to sell vegetables on Sunday?**

Ans A. Nitin

B. Gokul

C. Shyam

D. Kalyan

Question ID : 63068057763

Section : General Awareness 1

Q.1 The frozen leftovers from the formation of the solar system are composed of dust, rock, and ice. As they orbit closer to the sun, they heat up and spew gases and dust into a glowing head that can be larger than a planet. This material forms a tail that stretches upto millions of miles. This entity is called a/an _____.

Ans A. asteroid

B. satellite

C. planet

D. comet

Question ID : 63068056755

Q.2 The shape, size and average density of which of the following planets are most similar to the earth and is often called 'evil twin'?

Ans A. Mercury

B. Mars

C. Venus

D. Saturn

Question ID : 63068050960

Q.3 Which of the following is an INCORRECT combination of artists and musical instrument?

Ans A. Hariprasad Chaurasia, Pannalal Ghosh – Bansuri

B. Ravi Shankar, Vilayat Khan – Sitar

C. Pandit Kishan Maharaj, Zakir Hussain - Tabla

D. Allauddin Khan, Ali Akbar Khan - Shehnai

Question ID : 63068056318

Q.4 In India, what is the period of Zaid cropping season?

Ans A. October–March
 B. June–September
 C. March–September
 D. April–June

Question ID : 63068059014

Q.5 जैनियों द्वारा निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा त्योहार मनाया जाता है?

Ans A. पांग ल्हाबसोल
 B. आभानेरी
 C. पर्युषण
 D. सोलुंग

Question ID : 63068068882

Q.6 Which of the following was the second language to be accorded classical language status in India?

Ans A. Kannada
 B. Odia
 C. Tamil
 D. Sanskrit

Question ID : 63068048249

Q.7 Who among the following was awarded the Best Performance Female (Series) in the Indian Film Festival of Melbourne (IFFM) 2021?

Ans A. Mithila Palkar
 B. Manjari Phadnis.
 C. Shefali Shah
 D. Samantha Akkineni

Question ID : 63068052468

Q.8 If the protein component is predominant in the association of carbohydrate and protein, it is called:

Ans A. Glycosaminoglycan
 B. proteoglycan
 C. glycoprotein
 D. mucoprotein

Question ID : 63068054714

Q.9 The raised banks of a river are known as _____.

Ans A. meanders
 B. floodplain
 C. levees
 D. ox-bow lake

Question ID : 63068052365

Q.10 कौन सा राज्य चैन्नाय और फुलैच जैसे त्वोहारों के लिए प्रसिद्ध है?

Ans A. केरल
 B. झारखण्ड
 C. आंध्र प्रदेश
 D. हिमाचल प्रदेश

Question ID : 63068059884

Q.11 Which of the following gases is escapes when a cold drink bottle is opened?

Ans A. Carbon monoxide
 B. Nitrogen
 C. Hydrogen
 D. Carbon dioxide

Question ID : 63068062034

Q.12 Design and Development of Quantum Computer Toolkit (Simulator, Workbench) and Capacity Building project is being executed collaboratively by which of the following Indian Institute of Technology along with IISc Bangalore and C-DAC with the support of Ministry of Electronics and Information Technology?

Ans A. Indian Institute of Technology, Kharagpur
 B. Indian Institute of Technology, Ropar
 C. Indian Institute of Technology, Roorkee
 D. Indian Institute of Technology, Bombay

Question ID : 63068054442

Q.13 In August 2021, the Chief Minister of _____ K Chandrasekhar Rao announced the implementation of the flagship programme Dalit Bandhu on a pilot basis in which the 'Dalit Protection Fund' aimed at financially empowering the Dalits and thereby freeing them from social discrimination.

Ans A. Telangana
 B. Andhra Pradesh
 C. Karnataka
 D. Tamil Nadu

Question ID : 63068052527

Q.14 What discovery was reported by Henry Cavendish in 1798?

Ans A. Evidence of radioactivity
 B. Value of gravitational constant
 C. Concept of mass-energy equivalence
 D. Quantum theory of energy

Question ID : 63068070357

Q.15 Which planet does NOT fit into the definition of a planet anymore?

Ans A. Mars
 B. Neptune
 C. Uranus
 D. Pluto

Question ID : 63068062045

Q.16 निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा मंदिर सात घोड़ों द्वारा खींचे गए रथ के आकार का है?

Ans A. मुक्तेश्वर
 B. सोमनाथ
 C. राजारामी
 D. कोणार्क

Question ID : 63068048214

Q.17 केंद्र सरकार ने जुलाई 2021 में, देश में सहकारी आंदोलन को मजबूत करने के लिए एक अलग प्रशासनिक, कानूनी और नीतिगत ढांचा प्रदान करने के लिए _____ नामक एक नए मंत्रालय के बनाने की घोषणा की।

Ans A. MSME मंत्रालय
 B. मत्स्य पालन, पशुपालन और डेयरी विकास मंत्रालय
 C. आयुष मंत्रालय
 D. सहकारिता मंत्रालय

Question ID : 63068049515

Q.18 What is the full form of NAIS?

Ans A. National Agricultural Insurance Scheme
 B. National Agricultural Innovation System
 C. National Aeronautical Information System
 D. Natural Agricultural Investment Source

Question ID : 63068059736

Q.19 Which of the following regions receives the least rainfall in India?

Ans A. Plains of Uttar Pradesh
 B. Desert of Rajasthan
 C. Costal area of Maharashtra
 D. Uttarakhand hills

Question ID : 63068054312

Q.20 On whom among the following personalities did President Ram Nath Kovind confer the National Florence Nightingale Award 2020?

Ans A. Smt. Asha Narendra Mahajan
 B. Smt. Asha Gajre
 C. Brig. SV Saraswati
 D. Smt. Shobha Madhav Patil

Question ID : 63068052490

Section : General Awareness 2

Q.1 Balance of trade is a part of _____ account of the balance of payments.

Ans A. reserve
 B. current
 C. capital
 D. invisible

Question ID : 63068068764

Q.2 Which of the following is NOT a public sector enterprise?

Ans A. TISCO
 B. SAIL
 C. BHEL
 D. ONGC

Question ID : 63068059344

Q.3 The Directive Principles of State Policy in the Indian Constitution have been borrowed from which constitution?

Ans A. The French Constitution
 B. The American Constitution
 C. The Russian Constitution
 D. The Irish Constitution

Question ID : 63068053761

Q.4 In _____, the first complete census of population was conducted on a uniform basis in India.

Ans A. 1581
 B. 1681
 C. 1881
 D. 1781

Question ID : 63068059752

Q.5 वर्ष 2000 में ग्रामीण सड़कों के नेटवर्क के सतत प्रबंधन के लिए निम्नलिखित में से कौन सी परियोजना योजना शुरू की गई थी?

Ans A. प्रधानमंत्री ग्राम सड़क योजना
 B. स्वामित्व योजना
 C. ग्राम उदय से भारत उदय अभियान
 D. प्रधानमंत्री ग्राम सिंचाई योजना

Question ID : 63068068552

Q.6 Which of the following pairs of locations of iron and steel plants is INCORRECTLY matched?

Ans A. Bokaro – Jharkhand
 B. Bhilai – Odisha
 C. Durgapur – West Bengal
 D. Bhadrawati – Karnataka

Question ID : 63068053657

Q.7 In 1916, the Indian National Congress and the Muslim League jointly held their annual sessions at _____.

Ans A. Delhi
 B. Calcutta
 C. Lucknow
 D. Karachi

Question ID : 63068069641

Q.8 निम्नलिखित में से किसने लगभग 300 पुरुषों को एक विद्रोही समूह में संगठित किया जिसका उद्देश्य भारत को ब्रिटिश शासन से मुक्त करना था? उन्हें उपयुक्त रूप से 'भारतीय सशस्त्र विद्रोह का जनक' कहा जाता है।

Ans A. वीर सावरकर
 B. उधम सिंह
 C. वासुदेव बलवंत फड़के
 D. उमाजी नाइक खोमने

Question ID : 63068059146

Q.9 Which of the following is/are an example of a private good?

Ans A. Cars
 B. Government administration
 C. Defence
 D. Roads

Question ID : 63068054972

Q.10 Which planet is composed mostly of carbon dioxide and reflects the sun's rays, making it the brightest planet in the night sky?

Ans A. Mercury
 B. Jupiter
 C. Saturn
 D. Venus

Question ID : 63068054998

Q.11 Which of the following is the correct pair of food group and main nutrient(s) supplied?

Ans A. Cereals and grains – Vitamin-B1, Vitamin-B2
 B. Pulses and legumes – Vitamin-B12
 C. Milk and meat products – Vitamin-C
 D. Vegetables (green leafy) – Vitamin-E

Question ID : 63068054880

Q.12 Which of the following is a major literary source of information on the Mauryan Empire?

Ans A. Manusmriti
 B. Arthashastra
 C. Upanishads
 D. Ashtadhyayi

Question ID : 63068053044

Q.13 निम्नलिखित में से किस राजवंश ने प्राचीन भारत में पोटिन और सीसे से बने सिक्के जारी किए थे?

Ans A. सातवाहन
 B. कण्व
 C. कुषाण
 D. पार्थियन

Question ID : 63068053060

Q.14 Which of the following is the official language of Tripura?

Ans A. Khasi
 B. Kokborok
 C. Mizo
 D. Garo

Question ID : 63068052893

Q.15 Which of the following is/are(a) prominent microfinance service provider(s)?

- (a) NABARD
- (b) SIDBI
- (c) Rashtriya Mahila Kosh

Ans A. Only (c)
 B. Only (a) and (c)
 C. Only (b) and (c)
 D. All - (a), (b) and (c)

Question ID : 63068068736

Q.16 Which of the following statements regarding genetic codes is true?

Ans A. AUG codes for Phenylalanine
 B. UAA, UGA and AUG are termination codon
 C. UAA, UGA are start codon
 D. AUG is start codon and UAA is termination codon

Question ID : 63068068810

Q.17 The Tibetan plateau gets intensely heated during summer, which results in strong vertical air currents and the formation of low pressure over the plateau at about _____ above sea level.

Ans A. 6 km
 B. 11 km
 C. 13 km
 D. 9 km

Question ID : 63068051588

Q.18 Which of the following statements is FALSE regarding planets?

Ans A. Mercury completes one revolution in 88 days around the Sun.
 B. Venus is called a morning star.
 C. Europa is a satellite of Neptune.
 D. Saturn has the largest number of satellites.

Question ID : 63068056756

Q.19 _____ दक्षिण भारत पर आक्रमण करने वाला पहला सुल्तान था।

Ans A. शिहाबुद्दीन मसूद
 B. अलाउद्दीन खिलजी
 C. जूना मुहम्मद खिलजी
 D. जलालुद्दीन फिरोज खिलजी

Question ID : 63068059143

Q.20 Which of the following is NOT a function of the Parliament?

Ans A. Judicial review
 B. Law-making
 C. Political and financial control
 D. Surveillance of administration

Question ID : 63068059648

Section : Arithmetic Ability 1

Q.1 If the radius of the base of a right circular cone is 12 cm and its vertical height is 16 cm, what is the area of its slant surface?

Ans A. $80\pi \text{ cm}^2$
 B. 240 cm^2
 C. $384\pi \text{ cm}^2$
 D. $240\pi \text{ cm}^2$

Question ID : 63068058282

Q.2 A man got a 15% increase in salary. If his new salary is Rs.1,03,500, find his original salary.

Ans A. ₹80,000
 B. ₹88,000
 C. ₹90,000
 D. ₹75,000

Question ID : 63068061214

Q.3 What must be added to each of the numbers 2, 7 and 17, so that the resulting numbers may be in continued proportion?

Ans A. 4
 B. 3
 C. 2
 D. 1

Question ID : 63068066162

Q.4 Two candidates contested an election. The winning candidate scored 54% and won by 88 votes. If 58 votes were declared invalid, find the total number of votes polled in the election.

Ans A. 1155
 B. 1165
 C. 1156
 D. 1158

Question ID : 63068067653

Q.5 If the diameters of two spheres are in the ratio 2 : 3, then their surface area will be in the ratio:

Ans A. 4 : 6
 B. 4 : 9
 C. 8 : 27
 D. 2 : 3

Question ID : 63068066183

Q.6 The area covered by a minute hand of length 3 cm of a clock in 10 minutes is:

Ans A. $\frac{\pi}{2} \text{ cm}^2$
 B. $\frac{5\pi}{2} \text{ cm}^2$
 C. $\frac{3\pi}{2} \text{ cm}^2$
 D. $\frac{7\pi}{2} \text{ cm}^2$

Question ID : 63068066181

Q.7 PQ, PR and PS are edges of a cube, each of length 4 units. These edges are increased by 12%, decreased by 26% and increased by 15%, respectively. What is the percentage increase/decrease in its volume?

Ans A. 4.688 % decrease
 B. 4.688 % increase
 C. 5.232 % increase
 D. 5.232 % decrease

Question ID : 63068060120

Q.8 Anoop borrowed ₹800 at 6% p.a. and ₹1,200 at 7% p.a. for the same duration. He had to pay ₹1,584 in all as interest. Find the time period.

Ans A. 7 years
 B. 14 years
 C. 12 years
 D. 10 years

Question ID : 63068065181

Q.9 A vessel, in the form of an inverted cone, is filled with water to the brim. Its height is 18 cm and diameter is 14.8 cm. Two equal solid cones are dropped in it so that they are fully submerged. As a result, one-third of the water in the original cone overflows. What is the volume of each of the solid cones submerged?

Ans A. 172.1 cm^3
 B. 164.3 cm^3
 C. 143.4 cm^3
 D. 182.2 cm^3

Question ID : 63068068432

Q.10 One tap can fill a cistern in 6 hours and another can empty the cistern in 8 hours. How long will they take to fill the cistern, if both the taps are opened?

Ans A. 24
 B. 14
 C. 48
 D. 7

Question ID : 63068058462

Q.11 Rs.1,500 and Rs.1,626 are received at the end of 2nd and 3rd years, respectively, on a certain amount of money at compound interest (annually). The rate of interest is:

Ans A. 7.7%
 B. 9.2%
 C. 10.2%
 D. 8.4%

Question ID : 63068059937

Q.12 At what rate of simple interest will a principal sum be doubled in 13 years?

Ans A. $\frac{50}{13}\%$
 B. $\frac{100}{9}\%$
 C. $\frac{100}{11}\%$
 D. $\frac{100}{13}\%$

Question ID : 63068067730

Q.13 A machine is purchased for Rs.1,20,000. Its value depreciates at the rate of 5% per annum. Find the value of the machine after 2 years.

Ans A. Rs.1,02,400
 B. Rs.1,06,800
 C. Rs.1,08,300
 D. Rs.1,10,200

Question ID : 63068057591

Q.14 A company's running shoes marked at Rs.7,499 is sold for Rs.5,999. Find the rate of discount.

Ans A. 19.5 percent
 B. 18 percent
 C. 21.5 percent
 D. 20 percent

Question ID : 63068060082

Q.15 The average production of a sugar factory for 6 consecutive years from 2004 to 2009 is 455 tonnes. If the yearly production (in tonnes) of sugar for the aforementioned years is 290, 400, 340, p, 630, 550, respectively, what is the value of 'p' (in tonnes)?

Ans A. 600

B. 490

C. 540

D. 520

Question ID : 63068058290

Q.16 Two glasses of equal volume are filled with one-fourth and half of milk, respectively. They are then filled to the brim by adding water. Their contents are then poured into another vessel. What will be the ratio of milk to water in this vessel?

Ans A. 7 : 3

B. 5 : 6

C. 3 : 5

D. 4 : 7

Question ID : 63068061260

Q.17 In an election, a candidate got 64,500 votes and defeated his opponent by 24,500 votes. What is the percentage (correct to one place of decimal) of votes secured by the defeated candidate? (Assume all votes polled were valid votes.)

Ans A. 61.7%

B. 52.6%

C. 45.9%

D. 38.3%

Question ID : 63068058310

Q.18 Find the fourth proportional to 5, 8, 10.

Ans A. 14

B. 16

C. 15

D. 12

Question ID : 63068067675

Q.19 Find the difference between the volumes of a cube of side 5 cm and a cuboid having length = 4 cm and breadth = 5 cm and height = 4.5 cm.

Ans A. 65 cm^3

B. 35 cm^3

C. 54.5 cm^3

D. 37.5 cm^3

Question ID : 63068060109

Q.20 A dishonest dealer professes to sell his goods at the cost price, but uses a false weight of 850 g instead of 1 kg. His gain percentage is:

Ans A. 15%
 B. $17\frac{11}{17}\%$
 C. $15\frac{2}{3}\%$
 D. $16\frac{9}{16}\%$

Question ID : 63068057559

Section : Arithmetic Ability 2

Q.1 An article is listed at Rs.75. A customer bought this article for ₹66.24 and got two successive discounts of which the first one is 8%. The other rate of discount of this scheme that was allowed by the shopkeeper was:

Ans A. 3%
 B. 4%
 C. 2%
 D. 6%

Question ID : 63068061473

Q.2 A's income is ₹50,000 and his saving is ₹20,000. How much is A's expenditure (in ₹)?

Ans A. 25,000
 B. 20,000
 C. 30,000
 D. 15,000

Question ID : 63068055126

Q.3 The policeman saw a thief from a distance of 80 m. When the policeman starts the chase, the thief also starts running. If the speed of the thief be 10 km/h and that of the policeman 12 km/h, how far will the thief have run before he is overtaken?

Ans A. 400 m
 B. 200 m
 C. 600 m
 D. 800 m

Question ID : 63068065342

Q.4 Two taps can separately fill a cistern in 10 minutes and 15 minutes respectively. When the third pipe is opened, they can together fill it in 2 minutes. The third pipe can fill the full cistern in:

Ans A. 5 minutes
 B. 6 minutes
 C. 3 minutes
 D. 10 minutes

Question ID : 63068058460

Q.5 Two numbers A and B are in the ratio 5 : 8. If A is increased by 34% and B is increased by 28% and the new ratio is k, then:

Ans A. $k > 0.6553$
 B. $k < 0.6541$
 C. $k < 0.6535$
 D. $k > 0.6542$

Question ID : 63068060127

Q.6 One of the two trucks completes a journey of 600 km in $7\frac{1}{2}$ hours and the other a journey of 900 km in 9 hours. The ratio of their average speed is:

Ans A. 4 : 5
 B. 2 : 3
 C. 7 : 6
 D. 3 : 4

Question ID : 63068068062

Q.7 5 men or 8 women can do a piece of work in 55 days. In how many days will 10 men and 4 women be able to do the same piece of work?

Ans A. 50
 B. 20
 C. 33
 D. 22

Question ID : 63068061279

Q.8 The ratio of milk to water in 90 litres of a mixture is 7 : 3. How much water will be added to the mixture so that the ratio becomes 2 : 1?

Ans

A. $5\frac{1}{3}$

B. $4\frac{1}{2}$

C. $6\frac{1}{5}$

D. $2\frac{1}{5}$

Question ID : 63068068140

Q.9 A trader marked the selling price of an article at 15% above the cost price. At the time of selling, he allows a certain discount and suffers a loss of 2%. He allowed a discount of:

Ans A. 12 percent

B. 14.78 percent

C. 9 percent

D. 10.78 percent

Question ID : 63068061244

Q.10 A person has a sale of ₹5,432, ₹5,927, ₹5,855, ₹6,230 and ₹5,562 for 5 consecutive months. How much sale must he have in the 6th month so that he gets an average sale of ₹5,500?

Ans A. ₹3,900

B. ₹3,996

C. ₹3,995

D. ₹3,994

Question ID : 63068067631

Q.11 Two friends start a race together from the same point in the same direction. The first one moves at a uniform speed of 10 km/h, while the second moves at a speed of 8 km/h in the first hour and increases the speed in each successive hour by $\frac{1}{2}$ km/h. After how many hours will the second runner overtake the first runner?

Ans A. $6\frac{1}{2}$ hours

B. 8 hours

C. 7 hours

D. 9 hours

Question ID : 63068065153

Q.12 Two friends f_1 and f_2 work for 8 days and 12 days, respectively. If they work on alternate days, starting from f_1 , then in how many days will the work be finished?

Ans A. 10 days
 B. $10 \frac{1}{2}$ days
 C. $9 \frac{1}{2}$ days
 D. 12 days

Question ID : 63068059966

Q.13 Two numbers are 10% and 20% lesser than the third number. By what percent is the first greater than the second?

Ans A. $\left(\frac{26}{5}\right)\%$
 B. $\left(\frac{40}{3}\right)\%$
 C. $\left(\frac{50}{3}\right)\%$
 D. $\left(\frac{25}{2}\right)\%$

Question ID : 63068065123

Q.14 The population of a certain town was 80,000 in the year 2018. It increased at the rate of 10% every year. What would be its population in the year 2021?

Ans A. 1,09,450
 B. 1,06,480
 C. 1,10,580
 D. 1,08,488

Question ID : 63068057590

Q.15 P and Q start running on a circular track of length 350 m from the same point simultaneously in anticlockwise direction at the speeds of 5 m/s and 10 m/s, respectively. After how much time (in seconds) will they meet at the starting point for the first time?

Ans A. 50
 B. 35
 C. 60
 D. 70

Question ID : 63068061269

Q.16 Find the selling price of an article if a shopkeeper allows two successive discounts of 4% each on the marked price of Rs.75.

Ans A. ₹69.12
 B. ₹69.00
 C. ₹61.92
 D. ₹61.20

Question ID : 63068061469

Q.17 Two partners, A and B, invested in the ratio of 2 : 3 in a business. If 10% of the total profit goes to charity and A's share is ₹855, find the total profit.

Ans A. ₹2,375
 B. ₹5,723
 C. ₹4,573
 D. ₹3,275

Question ID : 63068068421

Q.18 Mohan starts a business with Rs.56,000. Four months later, Sohan joins him with Rs.42,000. At the end of the year, in what ratio should they share the profits?

Ans A. 3 : 2
 B. 2 : 1
 C. 1 : 2
 D. 2 : 3

Question ID : 63068064162

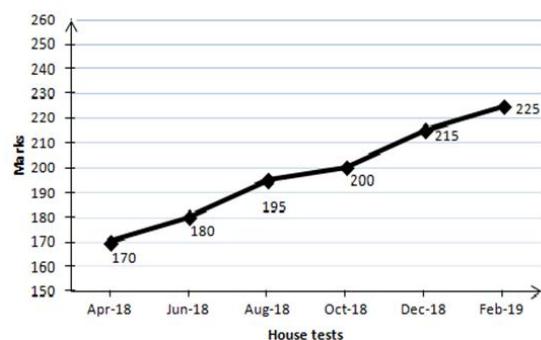


Comprehension:

In a school, house tests are held every second month. During the session April 2018 - March 2019, a Class X student appeared for each of the tests. The aggregate marks obtained by him in each house test are shown in the following line graph.

Marks obtained by a student in six house tests, held in every two months during the year 2018 - 2019

Maximum marks in each test are 250

**SubQuestion No : 19**

Q.19 What is the percentage of marks obtained by the student in the house tests of Jun-18 and Aug-18 taken together?

Ans A. 78%
 B. 77%
 C. 75%
 D. 73%

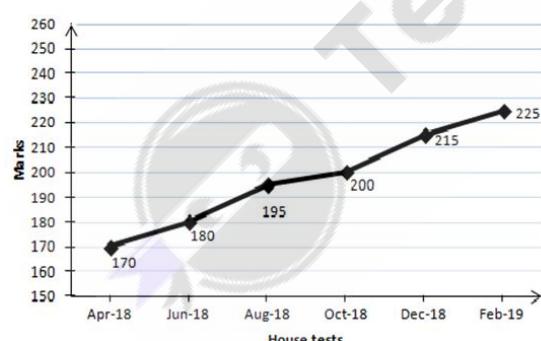
Question ID : 63068059595

Comprehension:

In a school, house tests are held every second month. During the session April 2018 - March 2019, a Class X student appeared for each of the tests. The aggregate marks obtained by him in each house test are shown in the following line graph.

Marks obtained by a student in six house tests, held in every two months during the year 2018 - 2019

Maximum marks in each test are 250

**SubQuestion No : 20**

Q.20 The total number of marks obtained by the student in Feb-19 is what percentage of the total marks obtained in April-18?

Ans A. 120.5%
 B. 132.35%
 C. 80%
 D. 100%

Question ID : 63068059594

Section : General English 1

Q.1 Select the most appropriate synonym of the underlined word.

The guard was appointed by the committee members to keep a vigilant eye at the entrance.

Ans A. Precise

B. Watchful

C. Mournful

D. Surplus

Question ID : 63068067205

Q.2 Select the option that expresses the given sentence in present continuous tense form.

She will be going to the market to fetch some groceries.

Ans A. She had been going to the market to fetch some groceries.

B. She has gone to the market to fetch some groceries.

C. She has been going to the market to fetch some groceries.

D. She is going to the market to fetch some groceries.

Question ID : 63068054746

Q.3 Select the option that expresses the given sentence in future progressive tense form.

This decision benefited five crore sugarcane farmers.

Ans A. This decision has benefitted five crore sugarcane farmers.

B. This decision was beneficial five crore sugarcane farmers.

C. This decision will benefit five crore sugarcane farmers.

D. This decision will be benefiting five crore sugarcane farmers.

Question ID : 63068049382

Q.4 Select the most appropriate option to fill in the blank.

Would you like _____ apricot pudding or an orange pudding.

Ans A. a

B. the

C. No article required

D. an

Question ID : 63068059260

Q.5 Identify the error in the given sentence.

As I haven't eaten all the day, I felt very wick in the evening.

Ans A. felt

B. eaten

C. evening

D. wick

Question ID : 63068066500

Q.6 Select the most appropriate option to fill in the blank.
The mentor asked, "Is this connected ___ the topic?"

Ans A. for
 B. of
 C. to
 D. with

Question ID : 63068053917

Q.7 Select the most appropriate option to fill in the blank.

We have witnessed that Pritam plays _____ cricket than Rajesh for their school team.

Ans A. well
 B. best
 C. better
 D. good

Question ID : 63068066492

Q.8 Select the option that expresses the given sentence in simple past tense form.
I will not hurt him.

Ans A. I had not hurt him.
 B. I did not hurt him.
 C. I do not hurt him.
 D. I have not hurt him.

Question ID : 63068054740

Q.9 Change the degree of comparison to comparative in the following sentence.

There is no animal so as useful as the cow.

Ans A. The cow is more useful than any other animal.
 B. The cow is the most useful animal.
 C. The cow is more useful animal.
 D. The cow is most useful than many other animals.

Question ID : 63068064223

Q.10 Select the most appropriate option to fill in the blank.
Sampurna jumped off the swing while it _____.

Ans A. did move
 B. moved
 C. was moving
 D. had moved

Question ID : 63068054043

Q.11 Select the most appropriate synonym of the underlined word.

To allure the giant, the children decided to bring some fruits.

Ans A. Destroy

B. Flatter

C. Tempt

D. Proclaim

Question ID : 63068067185

Q.12 Select the most appropriate meaning of the underlined word.

Mother Teresa dedicated herself to the upliftment of the poor and unwanted in the society.

Ans A. Devoted

B. Traversed

C. Prevented

D. Tolerated

Question ID : 63068067191

Q.13 Select the most appropriate option to fill in the blank.

People always become _____ in making a comparison of their own children.

Ans A. caution

B. more cautious

C. cautiously

D. the most cautiously

Question ID : 63068060836

Q.14 Identify the spelling error in the given sentence.

After witnessing his classy choice of everything, it is perceived that he is a veteran entreprenur.

Ans A. perceived

B. witnessing

C. entreprenur

D. veteran

Question ID : 63068066509

Q.15 Select the most appropriate ANTONYM of the underlined word.

Kate has made rapid progress in Mathematics with the help of her father.

Ans A. Swift

B. Prompt

C. Slow

D. Quick

Question ID : 63068067212

Q.16 Select the most appropriate option to fill in the blank.

Among the girls in the team, Tina is _____.

Ans A. bolder

B. more bolder

C. the boldest

D. bold

Question ID : 63068050285

Q.17 Select the most appropriate option to fill in the blanks.

I replied to him, "It is ___ honour to work with ___ efficient person like you."

Ans A. an, an

B. a, an

C. a, a

D. an, a

Question ID : 63068055963

Q.18 Select the most appropriate option to fill in the blank.

Mahesh needs a _____ villa so that he can accommodate his joint family.

Ans A. much large

B. largest

C. more large

D. larger

Question ID : 63068049123

Q.19 Identify the spelling error in the given sentence.

There is no need to compel someone to face embarrassing moments by revealing secrets.

Ans A. compel

B. revealing

C. embarrassing

D. secrets

Question ID : 63068066503

Q.20 The following sentence has been split into four segments. Identify the segment that contains a grammatical error.

The Bollywood / actress was / wearing an pair / of blue jeans.

Ans A. wearing an pair

B. of blue jeans.

C. The Bollywood

D. actress was

Question ID : 63068059246

Section : General English 2

Q.1 Identify the option that rearranges the given jumbled words and correctly fills in the blank.

Almost 20% ____Amazon rainforest.

by / is / world's / provided / the / the / of / oxygen

Ans A. world's oxygen is provided by the of the
 B. by the world's oxygen is provided of the
 C. of the world's oxygen is provided by the
 D. is the provided by the world's of oxygen

Question ID : 63068050734

Q.2 Select the most appropriate option to fill in the blank.

Is Govind addicted ___ smoking?

Ans A. in
 B. to
 C. at
 D. of

Question ID : 63068053912

Q.3 Select the most appropriate meaning of the given proverb.

Actions speak louder than words.

Ans A. The words do not speak at all.
 B. The impact of words is greater than that of actions.
 C. The impact of actions is greater than that of words.
 D. The listening volume of words is low.

Question ID : 63068066296

Q.4 Parts of a sentence are given below in jumbled order. Arrange the parts in the correct order to form a meaningful sentence.

A. at the cheetah
B. someone shot
C. by inches
D. but missed it

Ans A. ABCD
 B. BACD
 C. BCAD
 D. BADC

Question ID : 63068069768

Q.5 Select the most appropriate meaning of the underlined idiom.

My mother poured cold water on our plan to visit Maldives.

Ans A. Worked late in the night to execute
 B. Profoundly motivated everyone to pursue
 C. Spoiled the eagerness for doing something
 D. Had an extremely small role to play in

Question ID : 63068067238

Q.6 In the following questions, four words are given out of which one word is incorrectly spelt. Find the incorrectly spelt word.

Ans A. Inveigh
 B. Reprobate
 C. Sycophant
 D. Dissamble

Question ID : 63068058395

Q.7 Fragments of a sentence are given here. While the first and the last fragment (1 and 6) are in the correct order, the fragments in between are jumbled up. Arrange the fragments in the correct order to form a meaningful and coherent sentence.

1. The money
M. inorganic growth
N. raised by the
O. company is intended
P. to be used for
6. initiatives.

Ans A. PMNO
 B. OMNP
 C. NOPM
 D. MNOP

Question ID : 63068067490

Q.8 Select the option that can be used as a one-word substitute for the given group of words.

Meet the expectations, needs or desires of someone

Ans A. Unify
 B. Modify
 C. Edify
 D. Satisfy

Question ID : 63068060865

Q.9 Identify the option that rearranges the given jumbled words and correctly fills in the blank.

She ____ a dignified life.
too / earns / little / lead / to

Ans A. earns to lead too little

B. lead to earns too little

C. earns too little to lead

D. too lead to earn little

Question ID : 63068050716

Q.10 Parts of a sentence are given in jumbled order. Arrange the parts in the correct order to form a meaningful sentence.

P. this allows Australia to play

Q. and to augment American capabilities

R. at a much higher level

S. a senior administration official said ahead of the announcement

Ans A. PRQS

B. PQRS

C. PSRQ

D. PRSQ

Question ID : 63068067079

Comprehension:

Read the following passage carefully and answer the given questions.

It has already been seen that though household expenses were heavy, the tendency towards simplicity began in Durban. But the Johannesburg house came in for much severer overhauling in the light of Ruskin's teaching.

I introduced as much simplicity as was possible in a barrister's house. It was impossible to do without a certain amount of furniture. The change was more internal than external. The liking for doing personally all the physical labour increased. I therefore began to bring my children also under that discipline.

Instead of buying baker's bread, we began to prepare unleavened wholemeal bread at home according to Kuhne's recipe. Common mill flour was no good for this, and the use of hand-ground flour, it was thought, would ensure more simplicity, health and economy. So I purchased a hand-mill for £7. The iron wheel was too heavy to be tacked by one man, but easy for two. Polak and I and the children usually worked it. My wife also occasionally lent a hand, though the grinding hour was her usual time for commencing kitchen work. Mrs. Polak now joined us on her arrival. The grinding proved a very beneficial exercise for the children. Neither this nor any other work was ever imposed on them, but it was a pastime to them to come and lend a hand, and they were at liberty to break off whenever tired. But the children, including those whom I shall have occasion to introduce later, as a rule never failed me. Not that I had no laggards at all, but most did their work cheerfully enough. I can recall few youngsters in those days fighting shy of work or pleading fatigue.

SubQuestion No : 11

Q.11 What sort of experiment was made regarding the bread?

Ans A. Unleavened whole meal bread was prepared at home.

B. Bread was substituted with rice.

C. The author began buying baker's bread

D. The author stopped using bread

Question ID : 63068072011

Comprehension:

Read the following passage carefully and answer the given questions.

It has already been seen that though household expenses were heavy, the tendency towards simplicity began in Durban. But the Johannesburg house came in for much severer overhauling in the light of Ruskin's teaching.

I introduced as much simplicity as was possible in a barrister's house. It was impossible to do without a certain amount of furniture. The change was more internal than external. The liking for doing personally all the physical labour increased. I therefore began to bring my children also under that discipline.

Instead of buying baker's bread, we began to prepare unleavened wholemeal bread at home according to Kuhne's recipe. Common mill flour was no good for this, and the use of hand-ground flour, it was thought, would ensure more simplicity, health and economy. So I purchased a hand-mill for £7. The iron wheel was too heavy to be tacked by one man, but easy for two. Polak and I and the children usually worked it. My wife also occasionally lent a hand, though the grinding hour was her usual time for commencing kitchen work. Mrs. Polak now joined us on her arrival. The grinding proved a very beneficial exercise for the children. Neither this nor any other work was ever imposed on them, but it was a pastime to them to come and lend a hand, and they were at liberty to break off whenever tired. But the children, including those whom I shall have occasion to introduce later, as a rule never failed me. Not that I had no laggards at all, but most did their work cheerfully enough. I can recall few youngsters in those days fighting shy of work or pleading fatigue.

SubQuestion No : 12

Q.12 In the context of the passage, what impression does the barrister's house give?

Ans A. It was austere.
 B. It was aristocratic.
 C. It was ornamental.
 D. It was lavish.

Question ID : 63068072010

Comprehension:

Read the following passage carefully and answer the given questions.

It has already been seen that though household expenses were heavy, the tendency towards simplicity began in Durban. But the Johannesburg house came in for much severer overhauling in the light of Ruskin's teaching.

I introduced as much simplicity as was possible in a barrister's house. It was impossible to do without a certain amount of furniture. The change was more internal than external. The liking for doing personally all the physical labour increased. I therefore began to bring my children also under that discipline.

Instead of buying baker's bread, we began to prepare unleavened wholemeal bread at home according to Kuhne's recipe. Common mill flour was no good for this, and the use of hand-ground flour, it was thought, would ensure more simplicity, health and economy. So I purchased a hand-mill for £7. The iron wheel was too heavy to be tacked by one man, but easy for two. Polak and I and the children usually worked it. My wife also occasionally lent a hand, though the grinding hour was her usual time for commencing kitchen work. Mrs. Polak now joined us on her arrival. The grinding proved a very beneficial exercise for the children. Neither this nor any other work was ever imposed on them, but it was a pastime to them to come and lend a hand, and they were at liberty to break off whenever tired. But the children, including those whom I shall have occasion to introduce later, as a rule never failed me. Not that I had no laggards at all, but most did their work cheerfully enough. I can recall few youngsters in those days fighting shy of work or pleading fatigue.

SubQuestion No : 13

Q.13 In the context of the passage, what was introduced in a barrister's house?

Ans A. Artificial grandeur
 B. Simplicity
 C. External beauty
 D. Sophistication

Question ID : 63068072009

Comprehension:

Read the following passage carefully and answer the given questions.

It has already been seen that though household expenses were heavy, the tendency towards simplicity began in Durban. But the Johannesburg house came in for much severer overhauling in the light of Ruskin's teaching.

I introduced as much simplicity as was possible in a barrister's house. It was impossible to do without a certain amount of furniture. The change was more internal than external. The liking for doing personally all the physical labour increased. I therefore began to bring my children also under that discipline.

Instead of buying baker's bread, we began to prepare unleavened wholemeal bread at home according to Kuhne's recipe. Common mill flour was no good for this, and the use of hand-ground flour, it was thought, would ensure more simplicity, health and economy. So I purchased a hand-mill for £7. The iron wheel was too heavy to be tacked by one man, but easy for two. Polak and I and the children usually worked it. My wife also occasionally lent a hand, though the grinding hour was her usual time for commencing kitchen work. Mrs. Polak now joined us on her arrival. The grinding proved a very beneficial exercise for the children. Neither this nor any other work was ever imposed on them, but it was a pastime to them to come and lend a hand, and they were at liberty to break off whenever tired. But the children, including those whom I shall have occasion to introduce later, as a rule never failed me. Not that I had no laggards at all, but most did their work cheerfully enough. I can recall few youngsters in those days fighting shy of work or pleading fatigue.

SubQuestion No : 14

Q.14 Which word is synonymous with the word 'laggard'?

Ans A. Idler

B. Dynamic

C. Enthusiastic

D. Active

Question ID : 63068072013

Comprehension:

Read the following passage carefully and answer the given questions.

It has already been seen that though household expenses were heavy, the tendency towards simplicity began in Durban. But the Johannesburg house came in for much severer overhauling in the light of Ruskin's teaching.

I introduced as much simplicity as was possible in a barrister's house. It was impossible to do without a certain amount of furniture. The change was more internal than external. The liking for doing personally all the physical labour increased. I therefore began to bring my children also under that discipline.

Instead of buying baker's bread, we began to prepare unleavened wholemeal bread at home according to Kuhne's recipe. Common mill flour was no good for this, and the use of hand-ground flour, it was thought, would ensure more simplicity, health and economy. So I purchased a hand-mill for £7. The iron wheel was too heavy to be tacked by one man, but easy for two. Polak and I and the children usually worked it. My wife also occasionally lent a hand, though the grinding hour was her usual time for commencing kitchen work. Mrs. Polak now joined us on her arrival. The grinding proved a very beneficial exercise for the children. Neither this nor any other work was ever imposed on them, but it was a pastime to them to come and lend a hand, and they were at liberty to break off whenever tired. But the children, including those whom I shall have occasion to introduce later, as a rule never failed me. Not that I had no laggards at all, but most did their work cheerfully enough. I can recall few youngsters in those days fighting shy of work or pleading fatigue.

SubQuestion No : 15

Q.15 According to Gandhiji, what would hand-ground flour ensure?

Ans A. Prospects of helping the neighbours

B. Primitiveness and down to earth lifestyle

C. Simplicity, health and economy

D. Prospects of profitable trade

Question ID : 63068072012

Comprehension:

Read the following passage carefully and answer the given questions.

In June 1946, an airplane travelled from Rome to Paris, crossing over the Mediterranean Sea. There was nothing unusual about this flight except one thing – for 20 minutes of the plane's journey, one of its passengers became its pilot. The passenger was Dr. Helen Keller, an American author, educator and activist who since childhood had been both blind and deaf. Keller's first flight as a passenger took place in 1919 on the set of *Deliverance*, a biographical film about her life in which she actually appeared. Though Keller had been known across the United States by the time she was 16 and internationally by the time she was 24, some of the public still doubted that a blind and deaf person could successfully communicate with hearing people or graduate from college – both of which Keller had already achieved. To combat this scepticism, *Deliverance*'s producers wanted to show her doing all those things that able-bodied people do. Since the airplane, still a new technology at that time, was all the rage, the producers decided they should show Keller flying too.

As flight technology improved, Keller found more opportunities to feel that physical freedom. In 1931 she was a passenger on an extended flight from Newark, New Jersey, to Washington, DC, a 200-mile (322-km) journey that culminated in a meeting with the president of the United States. Keller and her companion Polly Thomson, who translated Keller's speech to others and spoke to Keller by pressing symbols into her hand, were travelling to Europe, on behalf of the American Foundation for the Overseas Blind. When the small plane crossed the Mediterranean, Keller took over the pilot's controls.

Several news coverage treated the flight as miraculous. However, scepticism regarding the capability of deaf-blind people didn't end in Keller's lifetime. Still, her reputation as a writer, communicator and activist helped remove the social stigma surrounding blindness, which at the beginning of her career was often associated with contagious disease.

SubQuestion No : 16

Q.16 On the basis of your understanding of the passage, find the central theme of the passage.

Ans A. Work done by American Foundation for the Overseas Blind
 B. Keller's flying of a plane despite being deaf and blind
 C. *Deliverance*, a biographical film based on Helen Keller
 D. The news coverage of Helen Keller's miraculous flight

Question ID : 63068072115



Comprehension:

Read the following passage carefully and answer the given questions.

In June 1946, an airplane travelled from Rome to Paris, crossing over the Mediterranean Sea. There was nothing unusual about this flight except one thing – for 20 minutes of the plane's journey, one of its passengers became its pilot. The passenger was Dr. Helen Keller, an American author, educator and activist who since childhood had been both blind and deaf. Keller's first flight as a passenger took place in 1919 on the set of *Deliverance*, a biographical film about her life in which she actually appeared. Though Keller had been known across the United States by the time she was 16 and internationally by the time she was 24, some of the public still doubted that a blind and deaf person could successfully communicate with hearing people or graduate from college – both of which Keller had already achieved. To combat this scepticism, *Deliverance*'s producers wanted to show her doing all those things that able-bodied people do. Since the airplane, still a new technology at that time, was all the rage, the producers decided they should show Keller flying too.

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Several news coverage treated the flight as miraculous. However, scepticism regarding the capability of deaf-blind people didn't end in Keller's lifetime. Still, her reputation as a writer, communicator and activist helped remove the social stigma surrounding blindness, which at the beginning of her career was often associated with contagious disease.

SubQuestion No : 17

Q.17 Fill in the blank with the correct information from the passage.

In 1931, Helen Keller travelled to Europe as the representative of ____.

Ans A. Washington DC Association for Blind and Deaf
 B. Newark foundation for the Overseas Deaf
 C. European Foundation for the Overseas Blind
 D. American Foundation for the Overseas Blind

Question ID : 63068072111



Comprehension:

Read the following passage carefully and answer the given questions.

In June 1946, an airplane travelled from Rome to Paris, crossing over the Mediterranean Sea. There was nothing unusual about this flight except one thing – for 20 minutes of the plane's journey, one of its passengers became its pilot. The passenger was Dr. Helen Keller, an American author, educator and activist who since childhood had been both blind and deaf. Keller's first flight as a passenger took place in 1919 on the set of *Deliverance*, a biographical film about her life in which she actually appeared. Though Keller had been known across the United States by the time she was 16 and internationally by the time she was 24, some of the public still doubted that a blind and deaf person could successfully communicate with hearing people or graduate from college – both of which Keller had already achieved. To combat this scepticism, *Deliverance*'s producers wanted to show her doing all those things that able-bodied people do. Since the airplane, still a new technology at that time, was all the rage, the producers decided they should show Keller flying too.

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Several news coverage treated the flight as miraculous. However, scepticism regarding the capability of deaf-blind people didn't end in Keller's lifetime. Still, her reputation as a writer, communicator and activist helped remove the social stigma surrounding blindness, which at the beginning of her career was often associated with contagious disease.

SubQuestion No : 18

Q.18 Read the passage carefully and find the meaning of the given word.

Contagious

Ans A. Solemn
 B. Infectious
 C. Indented
 D. Poignant

Question ID : 63068072114



Comprehension:

Read the following passage carefully and answer the given questions.

In June 1946, an airplane travelled from Rome to Paris, crossing over the Mediterranean Sea. There was nothing unusual about this flight except one thing – for 20 minutes of the plane's journey, one of its passengers became its pilot. The passenger was Dr. Helen Keller, an American author, educator and activist who since childhood had been both blind and deaf. Keller's first flight as a passenger took place in 1919 on the set of *Deliverance*, a biographical film about her life in which she actually appeared. Though Keller had been known across the United States by the time she was 16 and internationally by the time she was 24, some of the public still doubted that a blind and deaf person could successfully communicate with hearing people or graduate from college – both of which Keller had already achieved. To combat this scepticism, *Deliverance*'s producers wanted to show her doing all those things that able-bodied people do. Since the airplane, still a new technology at that time, was all the rage, the producers decided they should show Keller flying too.

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Several news coverage treated the flight as miraculous. However, scepticism regarding the capability of deaf-blind people didn't end in Keller's lifetime. Still, her reputation as a writer, communicator and activist helped remove the social stigma surrounding blindness, which at the beginning of her career was often associated with contagious disease.

SubQuestion No : 19

Q.19 Fill in the blank with the correct information from the passage.

The producers of *Deliverance* tried to counter the disbelief prevailing in everyone because _____.

Ans A. Helen Keller preferred long journey accompanied by Polly Thompson

B. despite her popularity, some people were sceptic about Keller's ability

C. they wanted to use Helen Keller's popularity for commercial purposes

D. some news channels proved that Helen Keller was not originally blind and deaf

Question ID : 63068072112



Comprehension:

Read the following passage carefully and answer the given questions.

In June 1946, an airplane travelled from Rome to Paris, crossing over the Mediterranean Sea. There was nothing unusual about this flight except one thing – for 20 minutes of the plane's journey, one of its passengers became its pilot. The passenger was Dr. Helen Keller, an American author, educator and activist who since childhood had been both blind and deaf. Keller's first flight as a passenger took place in 1919 on the set of *Deliverance*, a biographical film about her life in which she actually appeared. Though Keller had been known across the United States by the time she was 16 and internationally by the time she was 24, some of the public still doubted that a blind and deaf person could successfully communicate with hearing people or graduate from college – both of which Keller had already achieved. To combat this scepticism, *Deliverance*'s producers wanted to show her doing all those things that able-bodied people do. Since the airplane, still a new technology at that time, was all the rage, the producers decided they should show Keller flying too.

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Several news coverage treated the flight as miraculous. However, scepticism regarding the capability of deaf-blind people didn't end in Keller's lifetime. Still, her reputation as a writer, communicator and activist helped remove the social stigma surrounding blindness, which at the beginning of her career was often associated with contagious disease.

SubQuestion No : 20

Q.20 What type of passage is this?

Ans A. cynical
 B. analytical
 C. humorous
 D. informative

Question ID : 63068072113

Section : General Hindi 1

Q.1 'ओस का सोती' मुहावरे का सही अर्थ नीचे दिए विकल्पों में से चुनिए-

Ans A. सुंदर पर जल्दी नाश होने वाला
 B. भुलावा
 C. फटकारना
 D. जी छुड़ाना

Question ID : 63068065782

Q.2 दिए गये विकल्पों में से किस विकल्प में द्विकर्मक क्रिया प्रयुक्त हैं।

Ans A. रीता हररोज मिठाई और फल खाती हैं।
 B. अध्यापक ने विद्यार्थियों को पुरस्कार दिए।
 C. मनीष खाना भी खता है और मिठाई भी खाता है।
 D. सोनी और मोनी नियमित रूप में घूमने जाती हैं।

Question ID : 63068060685

Q.3 'नाच न जाने आँगन टेढ़ा' का तात्पर्य है -

Ans A. होशियार होना

B. काम न जानना और बहाना बनाना

C. कलाकार बनना

D. काम में दक्ष होना

Question ID : 63068060748

Q.4 इनमें से कौन सा शब्द 'तार' का समानार्थी नहीं है -

Ans A. लोहे का तार

B. अपकार

C. तारघर का तार

D. उद्धार

Question ID : 63068060801

Q.5 विराम चिह्न की दृष्टि से शुद्ध वाक्य का चयन कीजिए--

Ans A. आपने दिनकर का काव्य रश्मिरथी पढ़ा होगा कैसा है, यह काव्य आपको पसंद आया?

B. आपने दिनकर का काव्य रश्मिरथी पढ़ा होगा। कैसा है, यह काव्य आपको पसंद आया?

C. आपने दिनकर का काव्य रश्मिरथी पढ़ा होगा। कैसा है यह काव्य आपको पसंद आया?

D. आपने दिनकर का काव्य रश्मिरथी पढ़ा होगा। कैसा है, यह काव्य आपको पसंद आया?

Question ID : 63068060953

Q.6 यदि 'ष' के बाद 'त' हो तो त का ट और 'थ' हो तो थ का ठ हो जाता है' - सन्धि के इस नियम के अनुसार निम्नलिखित से कौन सा उदाहरण सही सन्धि-विच्छेद है?

Ans A. कश् + त

B. वृष् + ति

C. षट् + दर्शन

D. वहिः + षट्

Question ID : 63068062344

Q.7 विराम चिह्न की दृष्टि से शुद्ध वाक्य का चयन कीजिए--

Ans A. ओह शर्मा जी जो, इसी मोहल्ले में रहते थे, कहाँ गए ?

B. ओहा! शर्मा जी जो इसी मोहल्ले में रहते थे, कहाँ गए ?

C. ओह! शर्मा जी जो, इसी मोहल्ले में रहते थे, कहाँ गए ?

D. ओह! शर्मा जी जो, इसी मोहल्ले में रहते थे, कहाँ गए ?

Question ID : 63068060955

Q.8 प्रश्न के लिए उचित शब्द का चयन कीजिये।

राजपथ पर _____ परेड करती है

Ans A. सब
 B. सेना
 C. कोई
 D. हम

Question ID : 63068056079

Q.9 भूतकाल की दृष्टि से दिए गए वाक्य के किस भाग में त्रुटि है-

आदिम युग में लोग पहाड़ की गुफाओं में जीवन व्यतीत कर देते हैं।

Ans A. गुफाओं में जीवन
 B. लोग पहाड़ की
 C. व्यतीत कर देते हैं।
 D. आदिम युग में

Question ID : 63068060909

Q.10 निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा सामासिक शब्द भिन्न है ?

Ans A. दालरोटी
 B. चारपाई
 C. दोपहर
 D. सप्तपदी

Question ID : 63068064645

Q.11 निम्नलिखित वाक्यांश के लिए सार्थक शब्द का चयन कीजिए।

जो मापा न जा सके

Ans A. अप्रमेय
 B. अमाप
 C. अतुलनीय
 D. अपरिमेय

Question ID : 63068055604

Q.12 'बच्चे ने खाना खा लिया था।' इस वाक्य में संभाव्य वर्तमान काल का प्रयोग कर वाक्य पूर्ण कीजिए।

Ans A. बच्चा खाना खा रहा है।
 B. बच्चा खाना खाता है।
 C. बच्चे ने खाना खा लिया हो।
 D. बच्चे ने खाना खा लिया।

Question ID : 63068056038

Q.13 निम्नलिखित वाक्य में से किस वाक्य में 'हेतुहेतुमनूद्धत काल' है -

Ans A. घोड़ा थक चुका है।
 B. रोहन सो गया था।
 C. तुम आते तो मेरा काम बन जाता।
 D. राधा ने खाना खाया।

Question ID : 63068055622

Q.14 प्रश्न के लिए उचित शब्द का चयन कीजिये।

_____ मुझे बताने का कष्ट करेंगे कि आप यहां क्यों आए हैं?

Ans A. वह
 B. हमको
 C. मुझको
 D. आप

Question ID : 63068056120

Q.15 'भारत मैच जीत जाएगा' इस वाक्य में संदिग्ध भूतकाल का प्रयोग कर वाक्य पूर्ण कीजिए।

Ans A. भारत ने मैच जीता था।
 B. भारत ने मैच जीत लिया होगा।
 C. भारत मैच जीत गया था।
 D. भारत मैच जीत गया।

Question ID : 63068056021

Q.16 जो मुकदमा दायर करता है - वाक्यांश के लिए सार्थक शब्द है-

Ans A. मुकद
 B. वकील
 C. मुजरिम
 D. वादी

Question ID : 63068055600

Q.17 निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा वाक्य अशुद्ध है?

Ans A. वायुवेग-वायु के समान वेग में तत्पुरुष समास है।
 B. नरसिंह-नर सिंह के समान में कर्मधारय समास है।
 C. लौहपुरुष-लोहे समान के पुरुष में कर्मधारय समास है।
 D. विद्यारत्न-विद्या ही है रत्न में कर्मधारय समास है।

Question ID : 63068064634

Q.18 वणिक का तद्देव है

Ans A. बसेरा
 B. बनिया
 C. बहनोई
 D. बहन

Question ID : 63068055833

Q.19 पतीले में _____ दूध है। रिक्त स्थान के लिए उचित अनिश्चित परिमाणवाचक विशेषण है-

Ans A. गरम
 B. पतला
 C. दो लीटर
 D. बहुत

Question ID : 63068064486

Q.20 निम्नलिखित में से एक शब्द स्त्रीलिंग नहीं है?

Ans A. क्षमा
 B. दया
 C. माया
 D. गोत्र

Question ID : 63068064663

Section : General Hindi 2

Q.1 इनमें से कौन 'कृष्ण' का पर्यायवाची नहीं है -

Ans A. रतिपति
 B. वल्लभ
 C. केशव
 D. माधव

Question ID : 63068060769

Q.2 कर्ता शब्द का स्त्रीलिंग रूप क्या है? शुद्ध रूप वाले विकल्प का चयन कीजिए-

Ans A. कर्त्रि
 B. कर्ति
 C. कर्त्ता
 D. कर्ती

Question ID : 63068062408

Q.3 निम्न में से किस वाक्य में 'तुरंग' के सही पर्यायवाची शब्द का प्रयोग हुआ है?

Ans A. उसके पास अत्यंत सुंदर घोड़ा है।
 B. उसके पास अत्यंत सुंदर मोर है।
 C. उसके पास अत्यंत सुंदर पक्षी है।
 D. उसके पास अत्यंत सुंदर पुष्प है।

Question ID : 63068056131

Q.4 निम्न में से सही मुहावरे का चयन कीजिए -

Ans A. उन्नीस के फेर में पड़ना
 B. निन्यानबे के फेर में पड़ना
 C. अस्सी के फेर में पड़ना
 D. पच्चीस के फेर में पड़ना

Question ID : 63068056159

Q.5 'बहुत हो-हल्ला मचाना' के आशय से निम्न में से कौन-सा मुहावरा प्रयुक्त होगा?

Ans A. आसमान पर चढ़ा देना
 B. आसमान सिर पर उठाना
 C. आसमान फट पड़ना
 D. आसमान टूट पड़ना

Question ID : 63068056151

Q.6 निम्नलिखित विकल्पों में से "पानी" शब्द का बहुवचन कौनसा है?

Ans A. नीर
 B. जल
 C. पानीयां
 D. पानी

Question ID : 63068064613

Q.7 सामासिक शब्द 'यज्ञाहुति' का विग्रहवाक्य और उसके समास का मेल किस विकल्प में सही है? पहचान कीजिए-

Ans A. यज्ञ की आहुति - तत्पुरुष समास
 B. यज्ञ के लिए आहुति - तत्पुरुष समास
 C. यज्ञ में आहुति - द्वंद्व समास
 D. यज्ञ के लिए आहुति - अव्ययीभाव समास

Question ID : 63068062382

Q.8 'चिन्मय' का संधि-विच्छेद कीजिए।

Ans A. चिन् + मय
 B. चिम् + मय
 C. चिण् + मय
 D. चित् + मय

Question ID : 63068065729

Q.9 टांग अड़ाना का अर्थ है।

Ans A. बदनाम करना

B. टांगो से लड़ना

C. बिना कारण लड़ना

D. रुकावट पैदा करना

Question ID : 63068056119

Q.10 इनमें 'सब धान बाईस पसरी' लोकोक्ति का सही अर्थ कौनसा है ?

Ans A. धान सस्ता होना

B. अच्छा-बुरा सबको एक समझना

C. अधिकता से सुविधा होना

D. धान मंहगा होना

Question ID : 63068064567

Comprehension:

निम्नलिखित अवतरण को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

बाल दिवस का अर्थ है, वह दिन, जिस दिन सारे देश में बच्चों की भलाई की बात सोची जाती है। इस दिन सम्पूर्ण राष्ट्र में बाल-जीवन संबंधी कार्यक्रम आयोजित किए जाते हैं। बाल दिवस प्रतिवर्ष 14 नवम्बर के दिन भारत के पहले प्रधानमंत्री जवाहरलाल नेहरू के जन्मदिन के समय मनाया जाता है। नेहरू जी ने अपना जन्मदिन बच्चों को समर्पित कर दिया और वह बाल दिवस के रूप में मनाया जाने लगा। बाल दिवस सम्पूर्ण राष्ट्र में बड़े उत्साह के साथ मनाया जाता है। बच्चों के तरह-तरह के खेल होते हैं। मेले लागते हैं। बच्चों की बनाई चीजों की प्रदर्शनी लगती है। वहां पर बच्चों के आमोद-प्रमोद के साधन होते हैं। कविता पाठ, प्रतियोगिताएं चलती हैं। जिन बच्चों की बनाई हुई चीजें श्रेष्ठ समझी जाती हैं, उन्हें इनाम दिया जाता है। यह मेला कई दिनों तक चलता है। इस मेले में बच्चों की पुस्तकें भी बिकती हैं। तरह-तरह के खेल-कूद होते हैं। झूले डाले जाते हैं और तरह-तरह की बाल प्रतियोगिताएं चलती रहती हैं। इस मेले का सारा प्रबंध बच्चों के द्वारा ही किया जाता है। विद्यालयों में बाल दिवस, खेल-दिवस के रूप में भी मनाया जाता है। बच्चों को खेल के मैदान में ले जाया जाता है। वहां पर दौड़, खो-खो और कबड्डी आदि की प्रतियोगिताएं होती हैं। इन खेलों में जो छात्र प्रथम व द्वितीय आते हैं, उन्हें पुरस्कृत किया जाता है। इस प्रकार बाल दिवस बच्चों की भलाई के लिए मनाया जाता है।

SubQuestion No : 11

Q.11 दिए गए गद्यांश का सारांश अंकित कीजिए।

Ans A. बालिका जीवन संबंधी कार्यक्रम आयोजित करने की आवश्यकता

B. स्त्री जीवन संबंधित कार्यक्रम आयोजित करने की आवश्यकता

C. बाल जीवन संबंधित कार्यक्रम आयोजित करने की आवश्यकता

D. युवा जीवन संबंधित कार्यक्रम आयोजित करने की आवश्यकता

Question ID : 63068065861

Comprehension:

निम्नलिखित अवतरण को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

बाल दिवस का अर्थ है, वह दिन, जिस दिन सारे देश में बच्चों की भलाई की बात सोची जाती है। इस दिन सम्पूर्ण राष्ट्र में बाल-जीवन सम्बंधी कार्यक्रम आयोजित किए जाते हैं। बाल दिवस प्रतिवर्ष 14 नवम्बर के दिन भारत के पहले प्रधानमंत्री जवाहरलाल नेहरू के जन्मदिन के समय मनाया जाता है। नेहरू जी ने अपना जन्मदिन बच्चों को समर्पित कर दिया और वह बाल दिवस के रूप में मनाया जाने लगा। बाल दिवस सम्पूर्ण राष्ट्र में बड़े उत्साह के साथ मनाया जाता है। बच्चों के तरह-तरह के खेल होते हैं। मेले लगते हैं। बच्चों की बनाई चीजों की प्रदर्शनी लगती है। वहां पर बच्चों के आमोद-प्रमोद के साधन होते हैं। कविता पाठ, प्रतियोगिताएं चलती हैं। जिन बच्चों की बनाई हुई चीजें श्रेष्ठ समझी जाती हैं, उन्हें इनाम दिया जाता है। यह मेला कई दिनों तक चलता है। इस मेले में बच्चों की पुस्तकें भी बिकती हैं। तरह-तरह के खेल-कूद होते हैं। झूले डाले जाते हैं और तरह-तरह की बाल प्रतियोगिताएं चलती रहती हैं। इस मेले का सारा प्रबंध बच्चों के द्वारा ही किया जाता है। विद्यालयों में बाल दिवस, खेल-दिवस के रूप में भी मनाया जाता है। बच्चों को खेल के मैदान में ले जाया जाता है। वहां पर दौड़, खो-खो और कबड्डी आदि की प्रतियोगिताएं होती हैं। इन खेलों में जो छात्र प्रथम व द्वितीय आते हैं, उन्हें पुरस्कृत किया जाता है। इस प्रकार बाल दिवस बच्चों की भलाई के लिए मनाया जाता है।

SubQuestion No : 12

Q.12 निम्न विकल्पों में से दिए गए गद्यांश का उपयुक्त शीर्षक अंकित कीजिए।

Ans A. बालिका दिवस
 B. बाल दिवस
 C. शिशु दिवस
 D. संतान दिवस

Question ID : 63068065859

Comprehension:

निम्नलिखित अवतरण को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

बाल दिवस का अर्थ है, वह दिन, जिस दिन सारे देश में बच्चों की भलाई की बात सोची जाती है। इस दिन सम्पूर्ण राष्ट्र में बाल-जीवन सम्बंधी कार्यक्रम आयोजित किए जाते हैं। बाल दिवस प्रतिवर्ष 14 नवम्बर के दिन भारत के पहले प्रधानमंत्री जवाहरलाल नेहरू के जन्मदिन के समय मनाया जाता है। नेहरू जी ने अपना जन्मदिन बच्चों को समर्पित कर दिया और वह बाल दिवस के रूप में मनाया जाने लगा। बाल दिवस सम्पूर्ण राष्ट्र में बड़े उत्साह के साथ मनाया जाता है। बच्चों के तरह-तरह के खेल होते हैं। मेले लगते हैं। बच्चों की बनाई चीजों की प्रदर्शनी लगती है। वहां पर बच्चों के आमोद-प्रमोद के साधन होते हैं। कविता पाठ, प्रतियोगिताएं चलती हैं। जिन बच्चों की बनाई हुई चीजें श्रेष्ठ समझी जाती हैं, उन्हें इनाम दिया जाता है। यह मेला कई दिनों तक चलता है। इस मेले में बच्चों की पुस्तकें भी बिकती हैं। तरह-तरह के खेल-कूद होते हैं। झूले डाले जाते हैं और तरह-तरह की बाल प्रतियोगिताएं चलती रहती हैं। इस मेले का सारा प्रबंध बच्चों के द्वारा ही किया जाता है। विद्यालयों में बाल दिवस, खेल-दिवस के रूप में भी मनाया जाता है। बच्चों को खेल के मैदान में ले जाया जाता है। वहां पर दौड़, खो-खो और कबड्डी आदि की प्रतियोगिताएं होती हैं। इन खेलों में जो छात्र प्रथम व द्वितीय आते हैं, उन्हें पुरस्कृत किया जाता है। इस प्रकार बाल दिवस बच्चों की भलाई के लिए मनाया जाता है।

SubQuestion No : 13

Q.13 प्रस्तुत गद्यांश का भाव पहचानिए।

Ans A. नेहरू जी ने अपना जन्मदिन बच्चों को समर्पित कर दिया, क्योंकि वे उनसे प्रेम नहीं करते थे।
 B. नेहरू जी ने अपना जन्मदिन बच्चों को समर्पित कर दिया क्योंकि वे बच्चों से बेहद नफरत करते थे।
 C. नेहरू जी ने अपना जन्मदिन बच्चों को समर्पित कर दिया, क्योंकि वे उनसे नफरत करते थे।
 D. नेहरू जी ने अपना जन्मदिन बच्चों को समर्पित कर दिया। क्योंकि वे बच्चों को बहुत प्यार करते थे।

Question ID : 63068065862

Comprehension:

निम्नलिखित अवतरण को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

बाल दिवस का अर्थ है, वह दिन, जिस दिन सारे देश में बच्चों की भलाई की बात सोची जाती है। इस दिन सम्पूर्ण राष्ट्र में बाल-जीवन सम्बंधी कार्यक्रम आयोजित किए जाते हैं। बाल दिवस प्रतिवर्ष 14 नवम्बर के दिन भारत के पहले प्रधानमंत्री जवाहरलाल नेहरू के जन्मदिन के समय मनाया जाता है। नेहरू जी ने अपना जन्मदिन बच्चों को समर्पित कर दिया और वह बाल दिवस के रूप में मनाया जाने लगा। बाल दिवस सम्पूर्ण राष्ट्र में बड़े उत्साह के साथ मनाया जाता है। बच्चों के तरह-तरह के खेल होते हैं। मेले लगते हैं। बच्चों की बनाई हुई चीजें श्रेष्ठ समझी जाती हैं। वहां पर बच्चों के आमोद-प्रमोद के साधन होते हैं। कविता पाठ, प्रतियोगिताएं चलती हैं। जिन बच्चों की बनाई हुई चीजें श्रेष्ठ समझी जाती हैं, उन्हें इनाम दिया जाता है। यह मेला कई दिनों तक चलता है। इस मेले में बच्चों की पुस्तकें भी बिकती हैं। तरह-तरह के खेल-कूद होते हैं। झूले डाले जाते हैं और तरह-तरह की बाल प्रतियोगिताएं चलती रहती हैं। इस मेले का सारा प्रबंध बच्चों के द्वारा ही किया जाता है। विद्यालयों में बाल दिवस, खेल-दिवस के रूप में भी मनाया जाता है। बच्चों को खेल के मैदान में ले जाया जाता है। वहां पर दौड़, खो-खो और कबड्डी आदि की प्रतियोगिताएं होती हैं। इन खेलों में जो छात्र प्रथम व द्वितीय आते हैं, उन्हें पुरस्कृत किया जाता है। इस प्रकार बाल दिवस बच्चों की भलाई के लिए मनाया जाता है।

SubQuestion No : 14

Q.14 प्रस्तुत गद्यांश का केंद्रीय विषय क्या है?

Ans A. बाल दिवस बच्चों की भलाई के लिए मनाया जाता है।
 B. बाल दिवस बच्चों के कर्तव्य के लिए मनाया जाता है।
 C. बाल दिवस बच्चों के अनुशासन के लिए मनाया जाता है।
 D. बाल दिवस बच्चों के अधिकारों के लिए मनाया जाता है।

Question ID : 63068065860

Comprehension:

निम्नलिखित अवतरण को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

बाल दिवस का अर्थ है, वह दिन, जिस दिन सारे देश में बच्चों की भलाई की बात सोची जाती है। इस दिन सम्पूर्ण राष्ट्र में बाल-जीवन सम्बंधी कार्यक्रम आयोजित किए जाते हैं। बाल दिवस प्रतिवर्ष 14 नवम्बर के दिन भारत के पहले प्रधानमंत्री जवाहरलाल नेहरू के जन्मदिन के समय मनाया जाता है। नेहरू जी ने अपना जन्मदिन बच्चों को समर्पित कर दिया और वह बाल दिवस के रूप में मनाया जाने लगा। बाल दिवस सम्पूर्ण राष्ट्र में बड़े उत्साह के साथ मनाया जाता है। बच्चों के तरह-तरह के खेल होते हैं। मेले लगते हैं। बच्चों की बनाई हुई चीजें श्रेष्ठ समझी जाती हैं। वहां पर बच्चों के आमोद-प्रमोद के साधन होते हैं। कविता पाठ, प्रतियोगिताएं चलती हैं। जिन बच्चों की बनाई हुई चीजें श्रेष्ठ समझी जाती हैं, उन्हें इनाम दिया जाता है। यह मेला कई दिनों तक चलता है। इस मेले में बच्चों की पुस्तकें भी बिकती हैं। तरह-तरह के खेल-कूद होते हैं। झूले डाले जाते हैं और तरह-तरह की बाल प्रतियोगिताएं चलती रहती हैं। इस मेले का सारा प्रबंध बच्चों के द्वारा ही किया जाता है। विद्यालयों में बाल दिवस, खेल-दिवस के रूप में भी मनाया जाता है। बच्चों को खेल के मैदान में ले जाया जाता है। वहां पर दौड़, खो-खो और कबड्डी आदि की प्रतियोगिताएं होती हैं। इन खेलों में जो छात्र प्रथम व द्वितीय आते हैं, उन्हें पुरस्कृत किया जाता है। इस प्रकार बाल दिवस बच्चों की भलाई के लिए मनाया जाता है।

SubQuestion No : 15

Q.15 प्रस्तुत गद्यांश में प्रयोग किए गए 'प्रदर्शनी' शब्द का पर्याय शब्द क्या है?

Ans A. नुमाइश
 B. गुजारिश
 C. फरमाइश
 D. गुंजाइश

Question ID : 63068065858

Comprehension:

निम्नलिखित अवतरण को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

उपन्यास की ओर मोहन राकेश अपेक्षाकृत काफी बाद में आए। जब उनका 'अंधेरे बंद कमरे' (1961) प्रकाशित हुआ, नई कहानी आंदोलन के एक प्रमुख सूत्रधार के रूप में वे पर्याप्त ख्याति पा चुके थे। तब तक उनका प्रसिद्ध नाटक 'आषाढ़ का एक दिन' भी प्रकाशन और मंचन के बाद, उन्हें नाटककार के रूप में स्थापित कर चुका था। 'अकेलेपन की यंत्रणा' मोहन राकेश की प्रिय थीम रही है। घर-परिवार से छिटक कर वे बार-बार उसके प्रति गहरी ललक के साथ आकृष्ट होते हैं। अपने असामिक निधन के कारण अपने संक्षिप्त रचना-काल में उन्होंने तीन उपन्यास लिखे—'अंधेरे बंद कमरे' के बाद 'न आने वाला कल' (1968) और उनके निधन से कुछ पूर्व प्रकाशित, 'अंतराल' (1972)। कश्मीर के हांजियों के ऊपर लिखा गया उनका उपन्यास 'कांपता हुआ दरिया' धारावाहिक रूप से 'नई कहानियाँ' में प्रकाशित हुआ था, लेकिन वह पूर्ण नहीं हुआ। पारिवारिक बिखराव के परिणामस्वरूप उनके भटकाव को ही वह एक दूसरे ढंग से संकेतित करता है। अपने लेखन में मोहन राकेश सारी आत्मप्रकरता के बावजूद, 'परिवार', 'घर' और 'विवाह' जैसी संस्थाओं के संपूर्ण निषेध तक नहीं जाते। लेकिन इन्हें वे अपनी इच्छा और शर्तों के अनुरूप ढालना चाहकर अपने ढंग से जीना अवश्य चाहते हैं। आकर्क्षा और हताशा का यह तनाव उनके साहित्य में सर्वत्र व्याप्त है। 'अंधेरे बंद कमरे' में नीलिमा और हरबंस का टूटता बिखरता हुआ पारिवारिक और दाम्पत्य जीवन कला, प्रेम, और स्वतंत्रता जैसे कुछ अन्य प्रत्ययों को भी समेट कर चलता है।

SubQuestion No : 16

Q.16 नीलिमा और हरबंस मोहन राकेश के किस उपन्यास के पात्र हैं?

Ans A. अंतराल
 B. अंधेरे बंद कमरे
 C. न आने वाला कल
 D. कांपता हुआ दरिया

Question ID : 63068060903

Comprehension:

निम्नलिखित अवतरण को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

उपन्यास की ओर मोहन राकेश अपेक्षाकृत काफी बाद में आए। जब उनका 'अंधेरे बंद कमरे' (1961) प्रकाशित हुआ, नई कहानी आंदोलन के एक प्रमुख सूत्रधार के रूप में वे पर्याप्त ख्याति पा चुके थे। तब तक उनका प्रसिद्ध नाटक 'आषाढ़ का एक दिन' भी प्रकाशन और मंचन के बाद, उन्हें नाटककार के रूप में स्थापित कर चुका था। 'अकेलेपन की यंत्रणा' मोहन राकेश की प्रिय थीम रही है। घर-परिवार से छिटक कर वे बार-बार उसके प्रति गहरी ललक के साथ आकृष्ट होते हैं। अपने असामिक निधन के कारण अपने संक्षिप्त रचना-काल में उन्होंने तीन उपन्यास लिखे—'अंधेरे बंद कमरे' के बाद 'न आने वाला कल' (1968) और उनके निधन से कुछ पूर्व प्रकाशित, 'अंतराल' (1972)। कश्मीर के हांजियों के ऊपर लिखा गया उनका उपन्यास 'कांपता हुआ दरिया' धारावाहिक रूप से 'नई कहानियाँ' में प्रकाशित हुआ था, लेकिन वह पूर्ण नहीं हुआ। पारिवारिक बिखराव के परिणामस्वरूप उनके भटकाव को ही वह एक दूसरे ढंग से संकेतित करता है। अपने लेखन में मोहन राकेश सारी आत्मप्रकरता के बावजूद, 'परिवार', 'घर' और 'विवाह' जैसी संस्थाओं के संपूर्ण निषेध तक नहीं जाते। लेकिन इन्हें वे अपनी इच्छा और शर्तों के अनुरूप ढालना चाहकर अपने ढंग से जीना अवश्य चाहते हैं। आकर्क्षा और हताशा का यह तनाव उनके साहित्य में सर्वत्र व्याप्त है। 'अंधेरे बंद कमरे' में नीलिमा और हरबंस का टूटता बिखरता हुआ पारिवारिक और दाम्पत्य जीवन कला, प्रेम, और स्वतंत्रता जैसे कुछ अन्य प्रत्ययों को भी समेट कर चलता है।

SubQuestion No : 17

Q.17 मोहन राकेश किस साहित्यिक आंदोलन के सूत्रधार माने जाते हैं?

Ans A. अकहानी
 B. नई कहानी
 C. सचेतन कहानी
 D. नई कविता

Question ID : 63068060901

Comprehension:

निम्नलिखित अवतरण को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

उपन्यास की ओर मोहन राकेश अपेक्षाकृत काफी बाद में आए। जब उनका 'अंधेरे बंद कमरे' (1961) प्रकाशित हुआ, नई कहानी आंदोलन के एक प्रमुख सूत्रधार के रूप में वे पर्याप्त ख्याति पा चुके थे। तब तक उनका प्रसिद्ध नाटक 'आषाढ़ का एक दिन' भी प्रकाशन और मंचन के बाद, उन्हें नाटककार के रूप में स्थापित कर चुका था। 'अकेलेपन की यंत्रणा' मोहन राकेश की प्रिय थीम रही है। घर-परिवार से छिटक कर वे बार-बार उसके प्रति गहरी ललक के साथ आकृष्ट होते हैं। अपने असामिक निधन के कारण अपने संक्षिप्त रचना-काल में उन्होंने तीन उपन्यास लिखे—'अंधेरे बंद कमरे' के बाद 'न आने वाला कल' (1968) और उनके निधन से कुछ पूर्व प्रकाशित 'अंतराल' (1972)। कश्मीर के हांजियों के ऊपर लिखा गया उनका उपन्यास 'कांपता हुआ दरिया' धारावाहिक रूप से 'नई कहानियाँ' में प्रकाशित हुआ था, लेकिन वह पूर्ण नहीं हुआ। पारिवारिक बिखराव के परिणामस्वरूप उनके भटकाव को ही वह एक दूसरे ढंग से संकेतित करता है। अपने लेखन में मोहन राकेश सारी आत्मपरकता के बावजूद, 'परिवार', 'घर' और 'विवाह' जैसी संस्थाओं के संपूर्ण निषेध तक नहीं जाते। लेकिन इन्हें वे अपनी इच्छा और शर्तों के अनुरूप ढालना चाहकर अपने ढंग से जीना अवश्य चाहते हैं। आकांक्षा और हताशा का यह तनाव उनके साहित्य में सर्वत्र व्याप्त है। 'अंधेरे बंद कमरे' में नीलिमा और हरबंस का टूटता बिखरता हुआ पारिवारिक और दाम्पत्य जीवन कला, प्रेम, और स्वतंत्रता जैसे कुछ अन्य प्रत्ययों को भी समेट कर चलता है।

SubQuestion No : 18

Q.18 मोहन राकेश के विषय में सत्य नहीं है-

Ans A. वह आत्मपरक दृष्टिकोण के बावजूद परिवार, घर, विवाह आदि संस्थाओं का विरोध नहीं करते।
 B. वह समाज द्वारा स्थापित परम्पराओं के अनुरूप जीवन जीना उचित मानते हैं।
 C. 'कांपता हुआ दरिया' उनका अपूर्ण उपन्यास है।
 D. आकांक्षा और हताशा उनके साहित्य में सर्वत्र विद्यमान है।

Question ID : 63068060905

Comprehension:

निम्नलिखित अवतरण को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

उपन्यास की ओर मोहन राकेश अपेक्षाकृत काफी बाद में आए। जब उनका 'अंधेरे बंद कमरे' (1961) प्रकाशित हुआ, नई कहानी आंदोलन के एक प्रमुख सूत्रधार के रूप में वे पर्याप्त ख्याति पा चुके थे। तब तक उनका प्रसिद्ध नाटक 'आषाढ़ का एक दिन' भी प्रकाशन और मंचन के बाद, उन्हें नाटककार के रूप में स्थापित कर चुका था। 'अकेलेपन की यंत्रणा' मोहन राकेश की प्रिय थीम रही है। घर-परिवार से छिटक कर वे बार-बार उसके प्रति गहरी ललक के साथ आकृष्ट होते हैं। अपने असामिक निधन के कारण अपने संक्षिप्त रचना-काल में उन्होंने तीन उपन्यास लिखे—'अंधेरे बंद कमरे' के बाद 'न आने वाला कल' (1968) और उनके निधन से कुछ पूर्व प्रकाशित 'अंतराल' (1972)। कश्मीर के हांजियों के ऊपर लिखा गया उनका उपन्यास 'कांपता हुआ दरिया' धारावाहिक रूप से 'नई कहानियाँ' में प्रकाशित हुआ था, लेकिन वह पूर्ण नहीं हुआ। पारिवारिक बिखराव के परिणामस्वरूप उनके भटकाव को ही वह एक दूसरे ढंग से संकेतित करता है। अपने लेखन में मोहन राकेश सारी आत्मपरकता के बावजूद, 'परिवार', 'घर' और 'विवाह' जैसी संस्थाओं के संपूर्ण निषेध तक नहीं जाते। लेकिन इन्हें वे अपनी इच्छा और शर्तों के अनुरूप ढालना चाहकर अपने ढंग से जीना अवश्य चाहते हैं। आकांक्षा और हताशा का यह तनाव उनके साहित्य में सर्वत्र व्याप्त है। 'अंधेरे बंद कमरे' में नीलिमा और हरबंस का टूटता बिखरता हुआ पारिवारिक और दाम्पत्य जीवन कला, प्रेम, और स्वतंत्रता जैसे कुछ अन्य प्रत्ययों को भी समेट कर चलता है।

SubQuestion No : 19

Q.19 'आषाढ़ का एक दिन' किस विधा की रचना है?

Ans A. यात्रावृतांत
 B. कहानी
 C. उपन्यास
 D. नाटक

Question ID : 63068060902

Comprehension:

निम्नलिखित अवतरण को पढ़कर पूछे गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए।

उपन्यास की ओर मोहन राकेश अपेक्षाकृत काफी बाद में आए। जब उनका 'अंधेरे बंद कमरे' (1961) प्रकाशित हुआ, नई कहानी आंदोलन के एक प्रमुख सूत्रधार के रूप में वे पर्याप्त ख्याति पा चुके थे। तब तक उनका प्रसिद्ध नाटक 'आषाढ़ का एक दिन' भी प्रकाशन और मंचन के बाद, उन्हें नाटककार के रूप में स्थापित कर चुका था। 'अकेलेपन की यंत्रणा' मोहन राकेश की प्रिय थीम रही है। घर-परिवार से छिटक कर वे बार-बार उसके प्रति गहरी ललक के साथ आकृष्ट होते हैं। अपने असामयिक निधन के कारण अपने संक्षिप्त रचना-काल में उन्होंने तीन उपन्यास लिखे—'अंधेरे बंद कमरे' के बाद 'न आने वाला कल' (1968) और उनके निधन से कुछ पूर्व प्रकाशित, 'अंतराल' (1972)। कश्मीर के हांजियों के ऊपर लिखा गया उनका उपन्यास 'कांपता हुआ दरिया' धारावाहिक रूप से 'नई कहानियाँ' में प्रकाशित हुआ था, लेकिन वह पूर्ण नहीं हुआ। पारिवारिक बिखराव के परिणामस्वरूप उनके भटकाव को ही वह एक दूसरे ढंग से संकेतित करता है। अपने लेखन में मोहन राकेश सारी आत्मपरकता के बावजूद, 'परिवार', 'घर' और 'विवाह' जैसी संस्थाओं के संपूर्ण निषेध तक नहीं जाते। लेकिन इन्हें वे अपनी इच्छा और शर्तों के अनुरूप ढालना चाहकर अपने ढंग से जीना अवश्य चाहते हैं। आकांक्षा और हताशा का यह तनाव उनके साहित्य में सर्वत्र व्याप्त है। 'अंधेरे बंद कमरे' में नीलिमा और हरबंस का टूटता बिखरता हुआ पारिवारिक और दाम्पत्य जीवन कला, प्रेम, और स्वतंत्रता जैसे कुछ अन्य प्रत्ययों को भी समेट कर चलता है।

SubQuestion No : 20

Q.20 उपन्यास लेखन में मोहन राकेश का प्रिय विषय निम्न में से क्या रहा है?

Ans A. सामाजिक समस्याएँ

B. अकेलेपन की यंत्रणा

C. नारी विमर्श

D. प्रेम सम्बंधों का प्रस्तुतिकरण

Question ID : 63068060904

