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# KPSC

**Previous Year Paper  
FDA General English 28  
Feb 2021**



This Question booklet contains two subject Question Papers namely General Kannada (Subject code : 386) and General English (Subject code : 387). The candidate can answer either General English or General Kannada. Candidate shall clearly encode the circle in front of the subject (General Kannada or General English) which he/she has selected to answer for Paper-II. If the candidate fails to do so, then the OMR Answer Sheet shall be considered as **INVALID**.

**DO NOT OPEN THIS QUESTION BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE ASKED TO DO SO**

Question Paper Version Code

2021



**QUESTION BOOKLET  
GENERAL ENGLISH (PAPER-II)**

**SUBJECT CODE : 387**

Time Allowed : 1½ Hours

Maximum Marks : 100

**INSTRUCTIONS**

1. Immediately after the commencement of the Examination, you should check that Question Booklet does NOT have any unprinted or torn or missing pages or questions etc. If so, get it replaced by a complete 'Question Booklet' of the same Question Paper Version Code as printed in your OMR Answer Sheet. If candidate uses faulty question paper without checking all the pages of question paper, then the candidate shall be held responsible.
2. Read the instructions on the OMR Answer Sheet and Admission Ticket carefully. Violation of any of the instructions may lead to disciplinary action taken by the Commission.
3. **The candidates shall ensure that the Question Paper Version Code printed on the OMR Answer Sheet is same as that of the question paper supplied to them. In case of any discrepancy, the candidates are required to get the same Version Code Question Paper as mentioned in the OMR Answer Sheet from the invigilator.**
4. All questions carry equal marks.
5. You have to enter your Register Number in the Question Booklet in the box provided alongside. DO NOT write anything else on the Question Booklet.
6. This Question Booklet contains 100 questions. Each question comprises four responses (answers). You will select the response which you want to mark on the OMR Answer Sheet. In case you feel that there is more than one correct response, mark the response which you consider as the most appropriate. In any case, choose 'ONLY ONE RESPONSE' for each question. If the candidate encodes more than one answer, then that answer shall be considered as **invalid**.
7. All the responses should be marked ONLY on the separate OMR Answer Sheet provided and ONLY in Black or Blue Ball Point Pen.
8. **The candidates shall ensure that the Question Paper Version Code printed in the personalized OMR Answer Sheet matches with the Question Paper Version Code printed on the nominal roll. In case of any discrepancy, the candidates shall give undertaking regarding the actual Question Paper Version Code used by the candidate. If the candidate fails to give such declaration, then the version code printed on the OMR Answer Sheet shall be considered for evaluation.**
9. In case if candidate uses the personalized OMR Answer Sheet belonging to another candidate, then the OMR Answer Sheet shall be considered as **invalid**.
10. The candidate shall affix his/her Signature in the OMR Answer Sheet in the space provided without fail. If the candidate fails to do so, then such OMR Answer Sheet shall be considered as **invalid**.
11. In case if candidate uses the Non-personalized OMR Answer Sheet, then the candidate shall write the Register Number in the space provided and also encode the relevant circles. Also the candidate shall write the version code compulsorily and affix his/her signature in the space provided. If the candidate fails to do so, then such OMR Answer Sheet shall be considered as **invalid**.
12. Candidate shall sign in the Nominal Roll (**Attendance Sheet**) without fail.
13. If the candidate violates any of the above instructions, then the OMR Answer Sheet shall be considered as **invalid**.
14. **Immediately after the final bell indicating the conclusion of the examination, stop any further markings in the OMR Answer Sheet. The candidates shall not leave the examination hall till the OMR Answer Sheets are collected and accounted for by the Invigilator.**
15. Candidates shall retain Carbonless copy of the OMR Answer Sheet (candidate copy) till the announcement of final list and in case if the Commission directs the candidate to produce the candidate copy, then the candidate shall produce the same without fail.
16. Sheets for rough work are appended at the end of the Question Booklet. You should not make any marking on any other part of the Question Booklet.

Register Number					

**Possession of Mobile Phones, Smart Watches, Calculators and other Electronic/Communication gadgets of any kind are strictly prohibited inside the Examination Venue.**

**ಗಮನಿಸಿ : ಸೂಚನೆಗಳ ಕ್ಷಮತೆ ಅವಕ್ಷಯ ಕ್ಷಮತೆ ಪ್ರತಿಕ್ರಿಯೆ ಮುಂಭಾಗದಲ್ಲಿ ಮುದ್ರಿಸಲಬ್ಬದ್ದು.**

**Directions :** For Questions No. 1 to 6, an idiom or a phrase has been used in the sentence which is underlined. You have to choose the option which explains the correct meaning of that and shade/blacken the correct answer in your answer sheet.

1. To add insult to my injury, the car drove off without stopping after knocking me off my bike.
  - (1) To escape from trouble, the car drove off without stopping after knocking me off my bike.
  - (2) To make the situation more confusing, the car drove off without stopping after knocking me off my bike.
  - (3) To make the situation worse, the car drove off without stopping after knocking me off my bike.
  - (4) To make the situation simpler, the car drove off without stopping after knocking me off my bike.
2. I let the cat out of the bag about their wedding plans.
  - (1) I accidentally revealed their wedding plans.
  - (2) I kept their wedding plans unrevealed.
  - (3) I partially revealed their wedding plans.
  - (4) A deliberately disclosed their wedding plans.

3. Manjesh showed his true colour by not helping his brother who was in great difficulty.
  - (1) Manjesh concealed his true character by not helping his brother who was in great difficulty.
  - (2) Manjesh lied about his true character by not helping his brother who was in great difficulty.
  - (3) Manjesh revealed his real character by not helping his brother who was in great difficulty.
  - (4) Manjesh remained true to his brother by not helping him when he was in great difficulty.
4. Corruption is the order of the day in every department.
  - (1) Corruption is very common now-a-days in every department.
  - (2) Corruption is uncommon today in any department.
  - (3) Corruption is an unusual happening in every department now-a-days.
  - (4) Corruption takes place in an orderly way, now-a-days in every department.

5. People raised their voice against the murder of their leader by declaring a bandh.

(1) People were confused at the murder of their leader and showed it by declaring a bandh.

(2) People supported the followers of the murderer and declared a bandh.

(3) People protested against the murder of their leader by declaring a bandh.

(4) People could not get the murderer arrested and so declared a bandh.

6. Prudent people will not take a leap in the dark.

(1) Prudent people take risks without the knowledge of its effects.

(2) Prudent people do not do anything without any idea about its effects.

(3) Prudent people do not progress because of the fear of unknown things.

(4) Prudent people do not make mistakes because they do not trust anyone.

**Directions :** For Questions No. 7 to 11, four words have been given and one of those words is correctly spelt. You have to identify the word with the correct spelling and choose the correct answer from the options given.

7. (1) Pnumonia  
(2) Pnuemonia  
(3) Pneumonia  
(4) Neumonia

8. (1) Enemity  
(2) Enemiti  
(3) Enimety  
(4) Enmity

9. (1) Pronunciation  
(2) Pronounciation  
(3) Prononciation  
(4) Pronanciation

10. (1) Eflorescence  
(2) Eflorescence  
(3) Efflorescence  
(4) Efflorascence

11. (1) Schizofrenia  
(2) Schizophrenia  
(3) Schitzophrenia  
(4) Schisophrenia

**Directions :** To answer Questions No. 12 to 21, choose the word from the options given which is a synonym or nearest in meaning to the given word.

**12. Utility**

- (1) Expectation
- (2) Usefulness
- (3) Prevalence
- (4) Ability

**13. Launch**

- (1) Review
- (2) Begin
- (3) Force
- (4) Encourage

**14. Sturdy**

- (1) Straight-forward
- (2) Vigorous
- (3) Spontaneous
- (4) Elegant

**15. Fragile**

- (1) Valid
- (2) Delicate
- (3) Frank
- (4) Impure

**16. Generous**

- (1) Receptive
- (2) Liberal
- (3) Honesty
- (4) Talented

**17. Inscrutable**

- (1) Difficult
- (2) Inflexible
- (3) Mysterious
- (4) Wary

**18. Scuttle**

- (1) Delay
- (2) Mix
- (3) Shuffle
- (4) Destroy

**19. Pinion**

- (1) Reveal
- (2) Submit
- (3) Restrain
- (4) Express

**20. Disparage**

- (1) Scatter
- (2) Belittle
- (3) Waste
- (4) Discriminate

**21. Vilify**

- (1) Deceive
- (2) Defame
- (3) Deprive
- (4) Desert

**Directions :** To answer Questions No. 22 to 31, choose the word which is an antonym or the most opposite in meaning to the given word.

**22.** Lethargic

- (1) Active
- (2) Sloth
- (3) Lazy
- (4) Smart

**23.** Famous

- (1) Stigma
- (2) Popular
- (3) Common
- (4) Obscure

**24.** Wealth

- (1) Poor
- (2) Aristocrat
- (3) Poverty
- (4) Rich

**25.** Impoverish

- (1) Rich
- (2) Enclose
- (3) Enrich
- (4) Elaborate

**26.** Baroque

- (1) Florid
- (2) Abandon
- (3) Empty
- (4) Plain

**27.** Evasive

- (1) Free
- (2) Honest
- (3) Liberal
- (4) Frank

**28.** Implicated

- (1) Absolved
- (2) Exonerated
- (3) Explicated
- (4) Liberated

**29.** Transmit

- (1) Televise
- (2) Withhold
- (3) Reply
- (4) Show

**30.** Cruelty

- (1) Kindness
- (2) Careful
- (3) Worst
- (4) Compassion

1. Whittled

- (1) Increased
- (2) Aggravated
- (3) Compensated
- (4) Retired

**irections :** For Questions No. 32 to 6, identify the grammatically incorrect part of the sentences from the options given.

32. Neither he nor his dad are good at driving.

- (1) Neither he
- (2) nor
- (3) his dad
- (4) are good at driving.

33. If you would try sincerely you would get good results certainly.

- (1) If you would try sincerely
- (2) you would get
- (3) good results certainly.
- (4) No error

34. No sooner was he presented with a trophy then he started crying.

- (1) No sooner
- (2) was he presented
- (3) with a trophy
- (4) then he started crying.

35. They asked him to keep standing there till they had return.

- (1) They asked him
- (2) to keep standing there
- (3) till they had return.
- (4) No error

36. My friend did not see me for many years when I met him last week.

- (1) My friend did not see me
- (2) for many years
- (3) when I met him last week.
- (4) No error

**irections :** Questions No. 37 to 41, deal with your ability to use appropriate articles. Fill in the blanks with the appropriate article and choose the correct answer from the given options.

37. \_\_\_\_\_ French defeated the Germans.

- (1) No article
- (2) A
- (3) An
- (4) The

38. \_\_\_\_\_ horse is a noble animal.

- (1) The
- (2) A
- (3) An
- (4) No article

39. This is \_\_\_\_\_ best book of elementary chemistry.

- (1) No article
- (2) a
- (3) the
- (4) an

40. Yesterday \_\_\_\_\_ European called at my office.

- (1) an
- (2) a
- (3) No article
- (4) the

41. I have a black and \_\_\_\_\_ white dog.

- (1) the
- (2) a
- (3) an
- (4) No article

**Directions :** Questions No. 42 to 47, deal with your ability to use appropriate verbs. Fill in the blanks with the appropriate verb and choose the correct answer from the given options.

42. My friend and benefactor \_\_\_\_\_ come.

- (1) have
- (2) has
- (3) being
- (4) been

43. The Orator and the statesman \_\_\_\_\_ dead.

- (1) is
- (2) are
- (3) was
- (4) be

44. Bread and Milk \_\_\_\_\_ his only food.

- (1) is
- (2) are
- (3) do
- (4) have

45. Fire and water \_\_\_\_\_ not agree.

- (1) do
- (2) does
- (3) has
- (4) None of these

46. We \_\_\_\_\_ a lot at the picnic yesterday.

- (1) enjoying ourself
- (2) was enjoyed
- (3) enjoyed ourselves
- (4) were enjoyed

47. If all candidates \_\_\_\_\_ the answers they would be passing the exams easily.

- (1) know
- (2) knew
- (3) were knows
- (4) were knowing

**Directions :** Questions No. 48 to 50, are designed to test your knowledge of common errors that appear in the usage and application of English language. Each question has four sentences out of which three are incorrect due to grammatical error or due to wrong usage of words and one sentence is correct. You have to choose the correct answer from the options given.

48. (1) Every students like the Teacher.  
(2) Every students likes the Teacher.  
(3) Every student likes the Teacher.  
(4) Every student like the Teacher.

49. (1) Jim and me are going to the beach.

- (2) Jim and me were going to the beach.
- (3) Jim and me were gone to the beach.
- (4) Jim and I are going to the beach.

50. (1) She doesn't listen me.

- (2) She doesn't listen to me.
- (3) She don't listen me.
- (4) She didn't listen me.

**Directions :** Questions No. 51 to 55, are designed to test your comprehension of words in sentences. Choose the correct answer from the given options that explains the meaning of underlined word.

51. The girl has her father's assent to the marriage.

- (1) Rejection
- (2) Approval
- (3) Apposition
- (4) Refusal

52. At the time of interview, the candidates should furnish the original credentials.

- (1) Certificates
- (2) References
- (3) Questionnaire
- (4) None of these

53. Recently, in Big Bazar Discount Sale, Rita Kumari bought furniture at a fabulously low prize.

- (1) Unnecessarily
- (2) Unbelievably
- (3) Unknowingly
- (4) None of these

54. The government has rehabilitated the roadside dwellers by giving free-houses in extension areas.

- (1) Re-recognised
- (2) Re-enforced
- (3) Re-established
- (4) None of these

55. Democracy cannot tolerate onerous leaders.

- (1) Oppressive
- (2) Harmless
- (3) Temperate
- (4) Gentle

56. In the sentence, "Let us even the ground", the word 'even' belongs to \_\_\_\_\_ Part of speech.

- (1) Adverb
- (2) Verb
- (3) Adjective
- (4) Preposition

57. Australia is one of the \_\_\_\_\_ with very high density of population in the world.

- (1) country
- (2) country's
- (3) countries
- (4) countries'

58. A sentence that expresses a command, order, desire, appeal is called \_\_\_\_\_ sentence.

- (1) Interrogative
- (2) Exclamatory
- (3) Imperative
- (4) Assertive

**Directions :** Questions No. 59 to 63, deal with your ability to use appropriate prepositions. Fill in the blanks with the appropriate prepositions and choose the correct answer from the given options.

59. Yesterday, the thieves broke \_\_\_\_\_ my house and stole my watch and money.

- (1) inside
- (2) onto
- (3) out of
- (4) into

60. He looks upset, I think he took the criticism \_\_\_\_\_ heart.

- (1) to
- (2) about
- (3) in
- (4) of

61. Why is he coming \_\_\_\_\_ me ?

- (1) to
- (2) in
- (3) towards
- (4) from

62. Escaping from its cage, my little bird flew \_\_\_\_\_ the open window.

- (1) out
- (2) through
- (3) out to
- (4) of

63. I was extremely happy that day, because I had passed my exams \_\_\_\_\_ flying colours.

- (1) on
- (2) along
- (3) with
- (4) in

**Directions :** For Questions No. 64 to 68, read the sentences carefully and choose the correct answers from the options given.

64. Sneha : "By initiating the fight with Sonal in office, Kavita had killed the goose that lays the golden egg".

Here Sneha is trying to say that...

- (1) By initiating the fight with Sonal in office, Kavita had left her speechless.
- (2) Kavita had ruined her chances of success by picking a fight with Sonal in office.
- (3) Kavita had exacted her revenge by picking a fight with Sonal in office.
- (4) Kavita had hurt Sonal by picking a fight with her in office.

65. Neha : "What happened to Ajay ?"

Dinesh : "He burnt his fingers by interfering in his neighbour's affair".

What does Dinesh mean ?

- (1) got himself into trouble
- (2) burnt himself
- (3) got himself insulted
- (4) got rebuked

66. Narrator : "After trying hard to convince Naresh to change his ways, Ramesh realised that a leopard cannot change its spots".

What is the narrator trying to convey ?

- (1) Ramesh realised that Naresh would never change his ways.
- (2) Ramesh realised that Naresh was helpless.
- (3) Ramesh realised that he was not good at convincing others.
- (4) Ramesh realised that Naresh would change his ways soon.

67. Do you expect much rain this month ? It hardly ever rains in March.

The man is suggesting :

- (1) There is little rain in March.
- (2) In March it never rains.
- (3) It rains hard in March.
- (4) When it rains in March, it rains hard.

68. Clara : "Alas ! we lost the match".

Manu : "Oh ! Don't pour oil on troubled water".

What does Manu mean about the match ?

- (1) The match was really boring.
- (2) Manu was not interested in discussing.
- (3) He wants to quit the ground.
- (4) Manu was in grief, that they lost the match.

**Directions :** In Questions No. 69 to 73, each question contains a paragraph of 6 sentences. The first and the sixth sentences are given in the beginning and end with numbers 1 and 6 respectively. The four sentences in the middle are jumbled and labelled P, Q, R and S. You must identify the proper order of these four sentences and shade/blacken the option that correctly identifies this sequence.

69. 1. Those who

- (P) expect others
- (Q) cannot treat
- (R) should not
- (S) others well

6. to treat them well.

- (1) QPRS
- (2) QSRP
- (3) RPQS
- (4) SRPQ

70. 1. Long, long time ago

- (P) who lived with his virtuous life
- (Q) in a country called Chinchinchoo
- (R) there lived a noble king
- (S) and seven daughters

6. Pretty, graceful and well-versed in fine arts.

- (1) PSQR
- (2) QRPS
- (3) RPSQ
- (4) SQRP

71. 1. He dared

- (P) the forty thieves
- (Q) to fight
- (R) who
- (S) challenged him

6. to a duel.

- (1) PQRS
- (2) QPRS
- (3) RSQP
- (4) SPQR

72. 1. Putting it another way

- (P) what we see as our
- (Q) our goals throughout our lives
- (R) we are constantly resetting
- (S) in response to

6. wins and losses.

- (1) RQSP
- (2) QPRS
- (3) PRSQ
- (4) RSQP

73. 1. At the end of the assignment

- (P) the field worker
- (Q) submitted his papers
- (R) for the work done by him
- (S) and also bills

6. to the Office Superintendent.

- (1) PQSR
- (2) QPRS
- (3) QSRP
- (4) RSQP

**Directions :** Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow (Questions No. 74 to 78). Your answers to these questions should be based on the passage only.

Today, I Rabindranath Tagore complete eighty years of my life. As I look back on the vast stretch of years that lie behind me and see in clear perspective the history of my early development, I am struck by the change that has taken place both in my own attitude and in the psychology of my countrymen – a change that carries within it a cause of profound tragedy.

Our direct contact with the larger world of men was linked up with the contemporary history of the English people whom we came to know in those earlier days. It was mainly through their mighty literature that we formed our ideas with regard to these newcomers to our Indian shores. In those days the type of learning that was served out to us was neither plentiful nor diverse, nor was the spirit of scientific enquiry very

much in evidence. Thus their scope being strictly limited, the educated of those days had recourse to English language and literature. Their days and nights were eloquent with the stately declamations of Burke, with Macaulay's long-rolling sentences; discussions centered upon Shakespeare's drama and Byron's poetry and above all upon the large-hearted liberalism of the nineteenth-century English politics.

At the time though tentative attempts were being made to gain our national independence, at heart we had not lost faith in the generosity of the English race. This belief was so firmly rooted in the sentiments of our leaders as to lead them to hope that the victor would of his own grace pave the path of freedom for the vanquished. This belief was based upon the fact that England at the time provided a shelter to all those who had to flee from persecution in their own country. Political martyrs who had suffered for the honour of their

people were accorded unreserved welcome at the hands of the English.

I was impressed by this evidence of liberal humanity in the character of the English and thus I was led to set them on the pedestal of my highest respect. This generosity in their national character had not yet been vitiated by imperialist pride. About this time, as a boy in England, I had the opportunity of listening to the speeches of John Bright, both in and outside Parliament. The large-hearted, radical liberalism of those speeches, overflowing all narrow national bounds, had made so deep an impression on my mind that something of it lingers even today, even in these days of graceless disillusionment.

74. From the first paragraph, give a synonym for 'deep'.

- (1) Perspective
- (2) Profound
- (3) Tragedy
- (4) Psychology

75. Who could read and gain from English literature ?

- (1) The educated Indians
- (2) All the Indians
- (3) Only writers such as Rabindranath Tagore
- (4) None of these

76. From the third paragraph, give an antonym for 'victorious'.

- (1) Victor
- (2) Vanquished
- (3) Belief
- (4) Persecution

77. Whose speeches did Tagore listen to, as a boy ?

- (1) Shakespeare
- (2) Byron
- (3) John Bright
- (4) Macaulay

78. What helped the Indians to conceive of a notion of the Englishmen ?

- (1) Their advanced weaponry
- (2) Their literature
- (3) Their orders
- (4) Their administration

**Directions :** Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow (Questions No. 79 and 80). Your answers to these questions should be based on the passage only.

“Indian civilization has been distinctive in locating its source of regeneration, material and intellectual, in the forest, not the city. India’s best ideas have come where man was in communion with trees and rivers and lakes, away from the crowds. The peace of the forest has helped the intellectual evolution of man. The culture of the forest has fuelled the culture of Indian Society. The culture that has arisen from the forest has been influenced by the diverse processes of renewal of life, which are always at play in the forest, varying from species to species, from season to season, in sight and sound and smell. The unifying principle of life in diversity, of democratic pluralism, thus became the principle of India civilization.”

It is this unity in diversity that is the basis of both ecological sustainability and democracy. Diversity without unity becomes the source of conflict and contest. Unity without diversity becomes the ground for external control.

Thus is true of both nature and culture. The forest is a unity in its diversity, and we are united with nature through our relationship with the forest.

**79.** What does the writer highlight in the given passage ?

- (i) Diversity without unity in nature.
- (ii) Harmonious co-existence among all the species of this universe.
- (iii) Importance of forest in the intellectual, material and cultural evolution of man.
- (iv) Forest and human being.

Select the correct answer from the options given below.

- (1) Only (i)
- (2) (ii) and (iv)
- (3) (ii) and (iii)
- (4) (i) and (iv)

**80.** What is the principle of Indian civilization ?

- (1) The peace of the forest
- (2) Unity in diversity
- (3) Unity in diversity and democratic pluralism
- (4) Renewal of life

**Directions :** Questions No. 81 to 86, consist of an incomplete sentence, of which one completes the sentence in the best and most appropriate way. You have to choose the correct answer from the given options.

81. Some are \_\_\_\_\_ in body but energetic in mind.

- (1) active
- (2) agile
- (3) slothful
- (4) animated

82. It is education which makes man conscious and provides him with a view of his own convictions and judgement, honesty in developing them, \_\_\_\_\_ in expressing them and vigour in urging them.

- (1) eloquence
- (2) disquisition
- (3) discourse
- (4) inarticulacy

83. Rajan is always beating around the bush, so he is \_\_\_\_\_ in his expression.

- (1) doubtful
- (2) ambiguous
- (3) suspicious
- (4) impudent

84. The machines themselves, and the power which the machines have given us, are not civilisation but are \_\_\_\_\_ to civilisation.

- (1) steps
- (2) aids
- (3) instruments
- (4) helpers

85. To have a successful counselling session, both parties need to be relaxed and \_\_\_\_\_ so that communication is free and easy.

- (1) uncomfortable
- (2) satisfied
- (3) happy
- (4) comfortable

86. Now-a-days nobody, like Petrarch, would think of becoming emotional over the possession of a mere book, a means to amuse a few \_\_\_\_\_ hours.

- (1) additional
- (2) leisure
- (3) spare
- (4) extra

**Directions :** Questions No. 87 to 90 are designed to test your ability to use the right prefix. Add a prefix so that the word conveys the meaning given in the brackets. Choose the most appropriate answer from the given options.

87. History has taught us that the wicked rulers are to be \_\_\_\_\_ throned. (to remove from the power)

- (1) un
- (2) in
- (3) on
- (4) de

88. His behaviour was called provocative and \_\_\_\_\_ social. (hostile to normal standards of social behaviour)

- (1) un
- (2) non
- (3) pro
- (4) anti

89. Tourists commonly complain that the sellers always \_\_\_\_\_ charge for their goods.

(to pay more than the actual price)

- (1) over
- (2) under
- (3) above
- (4) less

90. Suma participated in \_\_\_\_\_ state competition.

(between different states)

- (1) super
- (2) inter
- (3) pro
- (4) sub

**Directions :** In Questions No. 91 to 100, there is a relationship between the given two words. A similar relationship exists between one pair of words from amongst the four options. Identify the correct pair of words that has a similar relationship as the given pair of words.

91. Goat : Kid

- (1) Cow : Bull
- (2) Sheep : Lamb
- (3) Dog : Bitch
- (4) Buffalo : Ox

92. Cow : Kine

- (1) Gee : Geese
- (2) Matrix : Matrice
- (3) Cactus : Cacti
- (4) Feet : Feets

93. Spider : Web

- (1) Ink : Pen
- (2) Cock : Hen
- (3) Teacher : Student
- (4) Poet : Poetry

94. Wax : Candle

- (1) String : Kite
- (2) Ink : Pen
- (3) Liquid : Cup
- (4) Clay : Pot

95. Elderly : Youth

- (1) Famous : Popularity
- (2) Rational : Proof
- (3) Smug : Satisfaction
- (4) Well : Illness

96. Paper : Ream

- (1) Eggs : Dozen
- (2) Books : Pile
- (3) Twigs : Bush
- (4) Food : Packet

97. Fish : Shoal

- (1) Audience : Theatre
- (2) Shark : School
- (3) Elephant : Flock
- (4) Whale : Herd

98. Seer : Prophecy

- (1) Mentor : Reward
- (2) Diplomat : Flattery
- (3) Sage : Wisdom
- (4) Pilgrim : Diligence

99. Document : Passport

- (1) Army : Captain
- (2) Leader : Follower
- (3) League : Team
- (4) Pie : Dessert

100. Album : Photographs

- (1) Head : Cap
- (2) Bulb : Light
- (3) Compact Discs : CPU
- (4) Shelf : Books