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# **MP HSTET**

## **Varg-1**

**Previous Year Paper**  
**02 Mar, 2023 Shift 2**





## MPESB 2023

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Q.No: 1 Select the synonym of the given word.

**2648755**

CHRONIC

- A **ordinary**
- B persistent**
- C **common**
- D **temporary**

Correct Ans : **B**

Subject : **Gen. English H-23**

Q.No: 2 Select the word which means the same as the group of words given.

**2648885**

A person, animal or plant belonging originally to a place

- A **alien**
- B native**
- C **resident**
- D **occupant**

Correct Ans : **B**

Subject : **Gen. English H-23**

Q.No: 3 Select the word which means the same as the group of words given.

**2648895**

An arrangement of flowers that is usually given as a present

- A bouquet**
- B **wreath**
- C **string**
- D **bundle**

Correct Ans : **A**

Subject : **Gen. English H-23**

Q.No: 4 Select the word which means the same as the group of words given.

**2648911**

A state of perfect balance

- A equinox**
- B equivalent**
- C equilibrium**

D **equilateral**Correct Ans : **C**Subject : **Gen. English H-23**

Q.No: 5 Select the word which means the same as the group of words given.

**2648926**

A secret or disguised way of writing

A **Dactylography**B **Cypher**C **Granary**D **Creche**Correct Ans : **B**Subject : **Gen. English H-23**

Q.No: 6 निम्नलिखित में से "आमरण" शब्द में कौन-सा समास है?

**2650261**

A अव्ययीभाव समास

B द्विगु समास

C तत्पुरुष समास

D द्वंद्व समास

Correct Ans : **A**Subject : **Gen. Hindi H-23**

Q.No: 7 निम्नलिखित में से वाक्य के प्रकार का चयन कीजिए-

**2650277**

वह इसीलिए बाजार गया क्योंकि उसे फल खरीदने थे।

A संयुक्त वाक्य

B विधिवाचक वाक्य

C मिश्र वाक्य

D सरल वाक्य

Correct Ans : **C**Subject : **Gen. Hindi H-23**

Q.No: 8 निम्नलिखित में से शुद्ध वर्तनी वाले शब्द का चयन कीजिए-

**2650301**

A भौगोलिक

B अधिक्षक

C अनुषांगीर

D प्रतिबीम्ब

Correct Ans : **A**Subject : **Gen. Hindi H-23**

Q.No: 9 निम्नलिखित में से "अनुभूति" का पर्यायवाची शब्द कौन-सा है?

**2650341**

- A निर्दयता
- B कूरता
- C स्तुति
- D संवेदना**

Correct Ans : **D**Subject : **Gen. Hindi H-23**

Q.No: 10 निम्नलिखित में से पुल्लिंग शब्द का चयन कीजिए-  
**2650381**

- A इत्मीनान**
- B तारीङ्ख
- C दया
- D दिल्लगी

Correct Ans : **A**Subject : **Gen. Hindi H-23**

Q.No: 11 नीचे दिया गया वाक्य निम्नलिखित में से किस क्रियाविशेषण अव्यय का भेद है?  
**2650405**

अचानक से नाग आ गया।

- A यौगिक क्रियाविशेषण अव्यय
- B स्थानीय क्रियाविशेषण अव्यय
- C अस्थानीय क्रियाविशेषण अव्यय
- D मूल क्रियाविशेषण अव्यय**

Correct Ans : **D**Subject : **Gen. Hindi H-23**

Q.No: 12 निम्नलिखित में से वाच्य के प्रकार का चयन कीजिए-  
**2650421**

हमसे इतनी गरमी में नहीं रहा जाता।

- A कर्तृवाच्य**
- B कर्मवाच्य
- C भाववाच्य
- D क्रियावाच्य

Correct Ans : **C**Subject : **Gen. Hindi H-23**

Q.No: 13 चाँदी शब्द में निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सी संज्ञा हैं?  
**2650437**

- A व्यक्ति वाचक
- B समूह वाचक
- C द्रव्य वाचक**
- D जाति वाचक

Correct Ans : **C**Subject : **Gen. Hindi H-23**

Q.No: 14 What is commonly known as 'white plague'?

**2650145**

'श्वेत प्लेग' को आमतौर पर किस नाम से जाना जाता है?

**HIV**

A

एच.आई.वी.

**Tuberculosis**

B

क्षय रोग

**Malaria**

C

मलेरिया

**Typhoid**

D

**टाइफाइड**Correct Ans : **B**Subject : **Gen. Knowledge & Current Affairs MH23**

Q.No: 15 Who was the first female chief justice of a state high court in India?

**2650170**

भारत में एक राज्य उच्च न्यायालय की पहली महिला मुख्य न्यायाधीश कौन थी?

**Syeda Tahira**

A

सैयदा ताहिरा

**Leila Seth**

B

लीला सेठ

**Ruma Pal**

C

रुमा पाल

**Fatima Bibi**

D

**Fatima Bibi**Correct Ans : **B**Subject : **Gen. Knowledge & Current Affairs MH23**

Q.No: 16 In Madhya Pradesh, Patalkot Valley is located at\_\_\_\_\_.

**2651171**

मध्य प्रदेश में पातालकोट घाटी \_\_\_\_\_ में स्थित है।

**Chintipur****A**

चिंटीपुर

**Panchmarhi****B**

पंचमढ़ी

**Pench****C**

पेंच

**Mandsaur****D**

मन्दसौर

Correct Ans : **A**Subject : **Gen. Knowledge & Current Affairs MH23**

Q.No: 17 Which of the following towns have the tourist spot of the well-known Mango yard?

**2651257**

निम्नलिखित में से किस शहर में प्रसिद्ध मैंगो यार्ड का पर्यटन स्थल है?

**Alirajpur****A**

अलीराजपुर

**Vidisha****B**

विदिशा

**Ujjain****C**

उज्जैन

**Sidhi****D**

सीधी

Correct Ans : **A**Subject : **Gen. Knowledge & Current Affairs MH23**

Q.No: 18 Select the related letters from the given alternatives.

**2653604**

ACF : GIL :: OQT : ?

दिए गए विकल्पों में से संबंधित अक्षरों को चुनिए।

ACF : GIL :: OQT : ?

**VXY**

A

**VXY****UWZ**

B

**UWZ****RSV**

C

**RSV****VXZ**

D

**VXZ**Correct Ans : **B**Subject : **Gen. Reasoning & Numerical ability MH 23**

Q.No: 19 **2653676** Select the option /number which is related to 3<sup>rd</sup> number in the same way as 2<sup>nd</sup> number is related to a 1<sup>st</sup> number?

$$1 : -1 :: 2 : ?$$

उस संख्या /विकल्प का चयन करें जो तीसरी संख्या से उसी प्रकार संबंधित है जैसे दूसरी संख्या पहली संख्या से संबंधित है।

$$1 : -1 :: 2 : ?$$

**4**

A

**4****2**

B

**2****3**

C

**3****5**

D

**5**Correct Ans : **B**Subject : **Gen. Reasoning & Numerical ability MH 23**

Q.No: 20 **2653692** In a row of 30 students, X is 27<sup>th</sup> from left end. Then find the Rank of A from right end?

30 की एक पंक्ति में, X बाएं छोर से 27वां है। तो दायां छोर से X की रैंक ज्ञात कीजिए?

**4****A****4****9****B****9****7****C****7****5****D****5**Correct Ans : **A**Subject : **Gen. Reasoning & Numerical ability MH 23**

Q.No: 21 Recently, a Rangoli event was organized where boys were encouraged to participate. This step will help\_\_\_\_\_.

**2658189**

हाल ही में, एक रंगोली का कार्यक्रम आयोजित किया गया था और उसमें लड़कों को भाग लेने के लिए प्रोत्साहित किया गया था। यह कदम \_\_\_\_\_ सहायता करेगा।

**To encourage gender constancy**

**A**

लैंगिक स्थिरता को प्रोत्साहित करने में

**To strengthen gender-stereotyping**

**B**

लैंगिक-रूद्धिवादिता को मजबूत करने में

**To eliminate gender-stereotyping**

**C**

लैंगिक-रूद्धिवादिता को खत्म करने में

**To increase gender discrimination**

**D**

लैंगिक भेद-भाव बढ़ाने में

Correct Ans : **C**Subject : **Pedagogy H-23**

Q.No: 22 Which of the following comes under the immediate environment of a student?

**2658202**

निम्नलिखित में से कौन किसी विद्यार्थी का निकट उचित परिवेश के अंतर्गत आता है?

**Siblings**

**A**

सहोदर

**B**

**Class teacher**

कक्षा अध्यापक

**Class mates**

C

सहपाठी

**Neighbourhood**

D

पड़ोस

Correct Ans : **A**

Subject : **Pedagogy H-23**

Q.No: 23 Match the following Howard Gardner's intelligence with end-state performance possibilities.

**2658242**

|                           |                  |
|---------------------------|------------------|
| (A) Linguistic            | (1) Mathematical |
| (B) Logical- mathematical | (2) Journalist   |
| (C) Spatial               | (3) Biologist    |
| (D) Naturalist            | (4) Sculptor     |

निम्नलिखित हार्वर्ड गार्डनर की बुद्धिमत्ता और उद्देश्यपरक अवस्था प्रदर्शन संभावनाओं को सुमेलित कीजिए।

|                      |                 |
|----------------------|-----------------|
| (A) भाषाकीय          | (1) गाणितिक     |
| (B) तार्किक- गाणितिक | (2) पत्रकार     |
| (C) स्थानिक          | (3) जीवविज्ञानी |
| (D) प्रकृतिवादी      | (4) मूर्तिकार   |

**A-2, B-1, C-4, D-3**

**A**

**A-2, B-1, C-4, D-3**

**A-1, B-2, C-3, D-4**

**B**

**A-1, B-2, C-3, D-4**

**A-3, B-2, C-4, D-1**

**C**

**A-3, B-2, C-4, D-1**

**A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1**

**D**

**A-4, B-2, C-3, D-1**

Correct Ans : **A**

Subject : **Pedagogy H-23**

Q.No: 24 Which of the following is a poor and unreliable predictor of a student's educational achievement?

**2658530**

निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा एक विद्यार्थी की शैक्षणिक उपलब्धि का अनुचित और अविश्वसनीय भविष्य अनुमानक है?

**A**

**Heredity and Environment**

आनुवंशिकता और पर्यावरण

**Ethnic origin of parents**

**B**

माता-पिता की जातीय उत्पत्ति

**Classroom experience**

**C**

कक्षा का अनुभव

**Family background**

**D**

पारिवारिक पृष्ठभूमि

Correct Ans : **B**

Subject : **Pedagogy H-23**

Q.No: 25 An empowering school must encourage which of the following trait in a teacher?

**2658543**

एक सशक्त विद्यालय को एक शिक्षक में निम्नलिखित में से किस विशेषता को प्रोत्साहित करना चाहिए?

**Experimenting**

**A**

प्रायोगिक

**Competitive**

**B**

प्रतियोगी/प्रतिस्पर्धी

**Disciplined**

**C**

अनुशासित

**Compassion**

**D**

करुणा/अनुकंप

Correct Ans : **B**

Subject : **Pedagogy H-23**

Q.No: 26 Which of the following government scheme was initially known as "Integrated School?"

**2658563**

निम्नलिखित में से किस सरकारी योजना को शुरू में "एकीकृत स्कूल" के रूप में जाना जाता था?

**PIED**

**A**

**PIED**

**B**

**NCLB**

**NCLB****IEDC****C****IEDC****APCH****D****APCH**Correct Ans : **C**Subject : **Pedagogy H-23**

Q.No: 27 If a student is unable to study a subject, what will you do to rectify this issue?

**2658583**

यदि एक विद्यार्थी किसी विषय का अध्ययन करने में असमर्थ है, तो आप इस समस्या को ठीक करने के लिए क्या करेंगे?

**Personalized attention must be given to that student in that subject.****A**

उस विषय में उस विद्यार्थी पर व्यक्तिगत ध्यान दिया जाना चाहिए।

**Different and interesting teaching-aids must be used to make that subject interesting.****B**

उस विषय को रुचिकर बनाने के लिए अलग अलग-शिक्षण साधनों का प्रयोग करना चाहिए।

**Teacher must try to learn the root-cause of the situation.****C**

शिक्षक को स्थिति के मूल कारण को जानने का प्रयास करना चाहिए।

**Teacher must talk to his parents and ask them to pay extra attention to him****D**

शिक्षक को उसके माता-पिता से बात करनी चाहिए और उन्हें उस पर अतिरिक्त ध्यान देने के लिए कहना चाहिए।

Correct Ans : **C**Subject : **Pedagogy H-23**

Q.No: 28 The major cognitive development that happens in children by two years is that:

**2658865**

दो वर्ष तक के बच्चों में जो प्रमुख संशानात्मक विकास होता है, वह है:

**They become active learners****A**

वे सक्रिय शिक्षार्थी बन जाते हैं

**They begin to learn the symbols****B**

वे प्रतीकों को समझना शुरू कर देते हैं

**They attain mastery in the use of symbols****C**

वे प्रतीकों के प्रयोग में अत्यंत निपुण हो जाते हैं

**D They feel that objects have feelings like human**

वे ऐसा महसूस करते हैं कि वस्तुओं में मानव जैसी भावनाएँ होती हैं

Correct Ans : **B**

Subject : **Pedagogy H-23**

Q.No: 29 Which of the following theories of social development considers people of matured age as the agents of socialization?  
**2658986**

सामाजिक विकास का निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा सिद्धांत प्रौढ़ आयु के लोगों को समाजीकरण के एजेंट के रूप में मानता है?

**Psychoanalytic**

A

मनोवैश्लेषिक

**Behaviouristic**

B

व्यवहारवादी

**Cognitive**

C

संज्ञानात्मक

**Conative**

D

क्रियात्मक

Correct Ans : **C**

Subject : **Pedagogy H-23**

Q.No: 30 Which of the following is the correct explanation of Linguistics?

**2659503**

निम्नलिखित में से कौन-सा विकल्प भाषाविज्ञान की सही व्याख्या है?

**It refers to the sound of a language.**

A

यह एक भाषा की ध्वनि को संदर्भित करता है।

**It is the study of words and their meanings.**

B

यह शब्दों और उनके अर्थों का अध्ययन है।

**It is the study of how people use language to communicate effectively.**

C

यह इस बात का अध्ययन है कि लोग प्रभावी ढंग से संवाद करने के लिए भाषा का प्रयोग कैसे करते हैं।

**It refers to the scientific study of language.**

D

यह भाषा के वैज्ञानिक अध्ययन को संदर्भित करता है।

Correct Ans : **D**

Subject : **Pedagogy H-23**

Q.No: 31 **Find the most appropriate option for the given blank space which makes the given sentence grammatically and contextually correct.**

We had a very \_\_\_\_\_ meeting – a lot of problems were solved.

- A **charming**
- B **productive**
- C **boring**
- D **hollow**

Correct Ans : **B**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 32 **Find the most appropriate option for the given blank space which makes the given sentence grammatically and contextually correct.**

There's no coffee - would you like a cup of tea \_\_\_\_\_?

- A **also**
- B **too**
- C **instead**
- D **sometime**

Correct Ans : **C**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 33 **Find the most appropriate option for the given blank space which makes the given sentence grammatically and contextually correct.**

I can stay out \_\_\_\_\_ the clock strikes twelve.

- A **as if**
- B **as though**
- C **unless**
- D **until**

Correct Ans : **D**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 34 **Find the most appropriate option for the given blank space which makes the given sentence grammatically and contextually correct.**

This company is up \_\_\_\_\_ bankruptcy.

- A **besides**
- B **against**
- C **between**
- D **above**

Correct Ans : **B**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 35 **Find the most appropriate option for the given blank space which makes the given sentence grammatically and contextually correct.**  
**2648471**

My wallet is \_\_\_\_\_ the pen.

- A **next to**
- B **besides**
- C **next**
- D **beyond**

Correct Ans : **A**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 36 **Find the most appropriate option for the given blank space which can make the given sentence grammatically and contextually correct.**  
**2648516**

Tell me. Were you \_\_\_\_\_ time for the meeting, or were you late as usual?

- A **at**
- B **on**
- C **for**
- D **to**

Correct Ans : **B**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 37 **Find the most appropriate option for the given blank space which can make the given sentence grammatically and contextually correct.**  
**2648521**

She got \_\_\_\_\_ home very late \_\_\_\_\_ last night.

- A **at - at**
- B **to - at**
- C **at - to**
- D **no preposition required**

Correct Ans : **D**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 38 **Find the most appropriate option for the given blank space which can make the given sentence grammatically and contextually correct.**  
**2648526**

Go and talk \_\_\_\_\_ him. Don't shout \_\_\_\_\_ me!

- A **to - on**
- B **to - to**
- C **with - to**
- D **to - at**

Correct Ans : **D**Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 39 Find the most appropriate option for the given blank space which can make the given sentence grammatically and contextually correct.

**2648531** Let me tell you. You can start this laptop \_\_\_\_\_ pressing this red button.

- A **with**
- B **and**
- C **from**
- D by**

Correct Ans : **D**Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 40 Find the most appropriate option for the given blank space which can make the given sentence grammatically and contextually correct.

**2648535** You can't get a job \_\_\_\_\_ you have experience.

- A **and**
- B unless**
- C **with**
- D **despite**

Correct Ans : **B**Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 41 Find the most appropriate option for the given blank space which can make the given sentence grammatically and contextually correct.

**2648536** Sonali was born in \_\_\_\_\_ London \_\_\_\_\_ August.

- A **in - on**
- B in - in**
- C **at - on**
- D **at - in**

Correct Ans : **B**Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 42 Find the most appropriate option for the given blank space which can make the given sentence grammatically and contextually correct.

**2648540** She looked really sad \_\_\_\_\_ she'd had some bad news.

- A **but**
- B yet**

C still

D as if

Correct Ans : D

Subject : English Main H 23

Q.No: 43 In the following question, a sentence has been given in Direct/Indirect Speech. Out of the four alternatives suggested, select the **2655112** one which best expresses the same sentence in Indirect/Direct Speech and select your answer.

Vishal Tyagi said to the blacksmith, "Will you make the hammer available to me?"

- A **Vishal Tyagi asked the blacksmith if he would make the hammer available to him.**
- B **Vishal Tyagi asked the blacksmith that if would he make the hammer available to him.**
- C **Vishal Tyagi asked the blacksmith if he will have made the hammer available for him.**
- D **Vishal Tyagi asked the blacksmith that he would make the hammer available to him.**

Correct Ans : A

Subject : English Main H 23

Q.No: 44 In the following question, a sentence has been given in Direct/Indirect Speech. Out of the four alternatives suggested, select the **2655113** one which best expresses the same sentence in Indirect/Direct Speech and select your answer.

"My son, I have often forbidden you not to play cricket outside the school" Sanjeev said.

- A **Sanjeev told his son that he has often been forbidding him not to play cricket outside the school.**
- B **Sanjeev told his son that he had often forbidden him not to play cricket outside the school.**
- C **Sanjeev reminded his son that I had often forbade you not playing cricket outside the school.**
- D **Sanjeev said to his son that he often forbidden him not to play cricket outside the school.**

Correct Ans : B

Subject : English Main H 23

Q.No: 45 In the following question, a sentence has been given in Direct/Indirect Speech. Out of the four alternatives suggested, select the **2655114** one which best expresses the same sentence in Indirect/Direct Speech and select your answer.

The inspector said to the constables, "Search every corner of this room, now."

- A **The inspector ordered to the constables if they search every corner of that room, then.**
- B **The inspector requested the constables for searching every corner of this room, then.**
- C **The inspector ordered the constables to search every corner of that room, then.**
- D **The inspector suggested the constables to search for every corner of that room, then.**

Correct Ans : C

Subject : English Main H 23

Q.No: 46 In the following question, a sentence has been given in Direct/Indirect Speech. Out of the four alternatives suggested, select the **2655115** one which best expresses the same sentence in Indirect/Direct Speech and select your answer.

The new teacher said to Radhika, "Why are you disturbing the class?"

- A **The new teacher enquired Radhika about why are you disturbing the class.**
- B **The new teacher asked from Radhika why she had been disturbing the class.**
- C **The new teacher asked Radhika why she was disturbing the class.**
- D **The new teacher asked Radhika that why was she disturbing the class.**

Correct Ans : **C**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 47 In the following question, a sentence has been given in Direct/Indirect Speech. Out of the four alternatives suggested, select the one which best expresses the same sentence in Indirect/Direct Speech and select your answer.

The master said to his servant, "If you don't work efficiently, I will dismiss you."

- A **The master told his servant that if you do not work efficiently, I would dismiss you.**
- B **The master told his servant that if you did not work efficiently, he will dismiss you.**
- C **The master told his servant if your work is not efficient enough, I would dismiss you.**
- D **The master told his servant that if he did not work efficiently, he would dismiss him.**

Correct Ans : **D**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 48 In the following question, a sentence has been given in Active/Passive Voice. Out of the four alternatives suggested, select the one which best expresses the same sentence in Passive/Active Voice.

**I want to share my thoughts with the whole world.**

- A **I want my thoughts to be shared with the whole world.**
- B **My thoughts are wanted by me to share with the whole world.**
- C **My thoughts must be shared with the whole world.**
- D **I wanted my thoughts to share with the whole world.**

Correct Ans : **A**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 49 In the following question, a sentence has been given in Active/Passive Voice. Out of the four alternatives suggested, select the one which best expresses the same sentence in Passive/Active Voice.

**My father presented me a new motorcycle on my birthday.**

- A **I had been presented a new motorcycle on my birthday by my father.**
- B **I was presented a new motorcycle on my birthday by my father.**
- C **My father will be presenting a new motorcycle on my birthday.**
- D **I am presented a new motorcycle on my birthday by my father.**

Correct Ans : **B**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 50 Select the synonym of the given word.

**2655136**

Bizarre

- A **Similar**
- B Unusual**
- C **Ordinary**
- D **Dependable**

Correct Ans : **B**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 51 Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word.

**2655137**

Monotonous

- A Tiresome**
- B **Swift**
- C **Hefty**
- D **Gaudy**

Correct Ans : **A**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 52 Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word.

**2655138**

Transitory

- A Reliable**
- B **Appealing**
- C Short-term**
- D **Relevant**

Correct Ans : **C**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 53 Select the synonym of the given word.

**2655139**

Contaminate

- A Pollute**
- B **Allergic**
- C **Assemble**
- D **Assert**

Correct Ans : **A**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 54 Select the synonym of the given word.

**2655140**

Envious

- A Generous**
- B **Ominous**
- C Resentful**
- D **Auspicious**

Correct Ans : **C**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 55 Select the most appropriate option to substitute the bracket segment in the given sentence. If no substitution is required, select  
**2655160** No improvement.

We all have to adjust ourselves (to) the new circumstances.

- A **of**
- B **with**
- C **by**
- D **No improvement**

Correct Ans : **B**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 56 Select the most appropriate option to substitute the bracket segment in the given sentence. If no substitution is required, select  
**2655161** No improvement.

He was a tiny man, barely five feet tall, with (a spright walk).

- A **spright walk**
- B **a sprightly walking**
- C **a sprightly walk**
- D **No improvement**

Correct Ans : **C**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 57 Select the most appropriate option to substitute the bracket segment in the given sentence. If no substitution is required, select  
**2655162** No improvement.

Kamal as well as Vimal (are leaving) for England.

- A **is leaving**
- B **were leaving**
- C **have been leaving**
- D **No improvement**

Correct Ans : **A**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 58 Select the most appropriate option to substitute the bracket segment in the given sentence. If no substitution is required, select  
**2655163** No improvement.

(I am waiting) for you since 9 o'clock this morning.

- A **was waiting**
- B **waited**
- C **have been waiting**
- D **No improvement**

Correct Ans : **C**Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 59 In 'A Father's Letter' the father tells his son, 'We shouldn't think ourself superior than others', because-  
**2655220**

- A **Others are very poor but less qualified than us**
- B **Others are always superior than us**
- C Others can be the same or more talented than us**
- D **Others have got more money and property than us**

Correct Ans : **C**Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 60 In 'A Father's Letter' the father advices his son that he should study the classics, as it is an exercise of intellect and it \_\_\_\_\_ us  
**2655221** how great things are in present world.

- A Teaches**
- B **Makes us clear**
- C **Carries**
- D **Brings**

Correct Ans : **A**Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 61 In 'A Father's Letter' the father tells his son that 'the \_\_\_\_\_ are the ones with whom you can have your own way because  
**2655222** they know you quite well'.

- A Classmates**
- B Playmates**
- C **Roommates**
- D **Batchmates**

Correct Ans : **B**Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 62 In which book was the 'On Conduct of Life' (A Father's Letter) published?  
**2655223**

- A Literary Remains of the late William Hazlitt: With Notice of His Life**
- B **Criticisms on Art. Edited by William Carew Hazlitt**
- C **On the Pleasure of Hating**
- D **Table-Talk, Essays on Men and Manners**

Correct Ans : **A**Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 63 What was the disease that caught hold of grandmother filed in 'Dream Children: A reverie'?  
**2655242**

- A Plague**
- B **Malaria**
- C **Tuberculosis**

**D      Cancer**Correct Ans : **D**Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 64 In 'Dream Children: A reverie', what was written upon the chimney-piece of the hall in a great house in Norfolk?  
**2655243**

- A      **Lamb's life sketch**
- B**      **Tragic story of the children**
- C      **Lamb's Love story**
- D      **Table etiquettes**

Correct Ans : **B**Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 65 Charles Lamb belongs to the \_\_\_\_\_ period of English literature.  
**2655244**

- A**      **Romantic**
- B      **Victorian**
- C      **Jacobeans**
- D      **Renaissance**

Correct Ans : **A**Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 66 "We are nothing; less than nothing, and dreams. We are only what might have been, and must wait upon the tedious shores of Lethe millions of ages before we have existence, and a name." - who said this in the essay 'Dream Children: A Reverie'?  
**2655245**

- A      **Elia**
- B**      **Alice**
- C      **Mrs Field**
- D      **Marry**

Correct Ans : **B**Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 67 How many chapters are there in the novel "Bye Bye Blackbird"?  
**2655246**

- A      **Six**
- B      **Seven**
- C**      **Eight**
- D      **Nine**

Correct Ans : **C**Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 68 "Do you think you can go into an English college by sending the principal a basket of mangoes?" who says this to whom in the novel "Bye Bye Blackbird"?  
**2655247**

- A      **Sarah to Adit**
- B**      **Adit to Dev**

C **Adit to Sarah**D **Dev to Sarah**Correct Ans : **B**Subject : **English Main H 23**Q.No: 69 **2655248** What does Adit want to show to Dev in the novel "Bye Bye Blackbird"?A **Harappa miniatures**B **Mughal and Rajasthani miniatures**C **Madhubani Paintings and Rajasthani miniatures**D **Indian and Western outfits**Correct Ans : **B**Subject : **English Main H 23**Q.No: 70 **2655271** In 'Teenage' Nehru Ji says, 'Thought without action is abortion, ..... without thought is folly'A **Reaction**B **Action**C **Satisfaction**D **Interest**Correct Ans : **B**Subject : **English Main H 23**Q.No: 71 **2655272** "I know, of course the geography of India. I knew many other odd facts about India too." These lines are taken from-A **The Discovery of India**B **The Teenage**C **My experiments with Truth**D **Freedom at midnight**Correct Ans : **B**Subject : **English Main H 23**Q.No: 72 **2655273** According to Nehru Ji's views in 'Teenage', integration of personality can be achieved by-A **Coordination of hand and mind**B **Hard work and helping others**C **The development of personality**D **Co-ordination of thought and action**Correct Ans : **D**Subject : **English Main H 23**Q.No: 73 **2655274** An extract from Jawaharlal Nehru's 'address at the second Inter University Youth Festival held at New Delhi' is known as -A **A Second thought**

- B      The Teenage**
- C      The Young age**
- D      The Modern Age**

Correct Ans : **B**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 74 What is the name of Nehru Ji's autobiography?  
**2655275**

- A      Towards Freedom**
- B      Reminiscences**
- C      My Experiments with Truth**
- D      Long March**

Correct Ans : **A**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 75 In 'Teenage', Nehru Ji said 'I should like you to have .....'  
**2655276**

- A      The ambition of youth and carrier orientation**
- B      A healthy body for a noble soul**
- C      The pride of youth and ambition of youth**
- D      Good friends who help the poor**

Correct Ans : **C**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 76 According to Nehru Ji's views in 'Teenage', what is more helpful to thinking-  
**2655277**

- A      Reading of Novels**
- B      Rapid Reading**
- C      Recitation of Poems**
- D      Reading intelligently**

Correct Ans : **D**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 77 "Whatever is written here will happen; no power on earth or in heaven can change its course, just as no one can change the course of that river."  
**2655297**

Who said this in the novel 'The Guide'?

- A      Raju**
- B      Velan**
- C      Raju's father**
- D      Gafur**

Correct Ans : **A**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 78 **2655298** As per the story of the novel 'The Guide', who arrives at the temple during Raju's hunger strike?

- A **The priest**
- B **The police**
- C **The press**
- D **The medical team**

Correct Ans : **C**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 79 **2655299** In the novel 'The Guide', the first thing Raju tries to figure out about his customers is \_\_\_\_?

- A **How nice they are**
- B **What they will want to do**
- C **How long they are staying**
- D **How much money they will spend**

Correct Ans : **D**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 80 'It was stretched for miles like a rippling yellow river'.

**2655300** This line refers to..... in the story 'The Lost Child'.

- A **Cotton field**
- B **Mustard field**
- C **Soybean field**
- D **Marigold field**

Correct Ans : **B**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 81 'That would hardly suffice to hold body and soul together- one needs something more substantial to \_\_\_\_'. Complete the **2655320** line taken from the Poet and the Pauper.

- A **Live**
- B **Sleep**
- C **Eat**
- D **Run**

Correct Ans : **C**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 82 **2655321** Who is referred to as the "Bard of Bengal" in The Poet and the Pauper?

- A **Sukumar Roy**
- B **Satyajit Roy**
- C **Swami Vivekananda**
- D **Rabindranath Tagore**

Correct Ans : **D**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 83 **2655322** Who talked for a job in the play 'the Poet and the Pauper'?

- A      Kunjbihari Babu**
- B      Servant**
- C      Bashambad babu**
- D      Sameer**

Correct Ans : **A**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 84 **2655323** In 'The Poet and the Pauper', in the opinion of Bashambad Babu why does a person think of work in this sweet weather?

- A      When a person is in bad mood**
- B      When a person is in good mood**
- C      When a person is disturbed by hunger**
- D      When a person has no place to stay**

Correct Ans : **C**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 85 **2655341** Nirad C. Choudhuri died at the age of \_\_\_\_\_ Years.

- A      99 years**
- B      105 years**
- C      101 years**
- D      103 years**

Correct Ans : **C**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 86 **2655342** Bad manners, according to the author's mother, described in the story 'My Mother', were-

- A      Not acceptable in high society**
- B      Acceptable in children**
- C      Against social behaviour and charity**
- D      Tolerable to some extent**

Correct Ans : **C**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 87 **2655343** Why there was a rush for dinner at the author's hostel in "My Mother"?

- A      There was limited staff to serve the food**
- B      Everyone was in a hurry because they wanted to watch the football match on the TV**
- C      The size of the dining hall was small and food was served only once**
- D      The food was served very late in the evening**

Correct Ans : **C**

Subject : English Main H 23

Q.No: 88 How has Nirad C. Choudhuri described the eyes of his mother in the story 'My Mother'?  
**2655344**

- A **Bright and big**
- B **Blue and small**
- C **Brown and big**
- D **Big and blue**

Correct Ans : A

Subject : English Main H 23

Q.No: 89 Nirad C. Choudhuri's mother was remonstrate against what in the story 'My Mother'?  
**2655345**

- A **Behaviour of Nirad's friends**
- B **Behaviour of Nirad's teacher**
- C **Nirad's sharp and biting tongue**
- D **Nirad's laziness**

Correct Ans : C

Subject : English Main H 23

Q.No: 90 For which novel did Nirad C. Choudhuri get the prestigious 'Duff Cooper Memorial Award'?  
**2655346**

- A **The Hand, Great Anarch**
- B **The Continent of Circle**
- C **Clive of India**
- D **A Passage to England**

Correct Ans : B

Subject : English Main H 23

Q.No: 91 In in the novel 'Swami and Friends' what reason does Swami cite to the Board High School Headmaster for why he needs to leave his class early every day?  
**2655389**

- A **He says that he has delirium**
- B **He says that he has a headache**
- C **He says that his mother is sick and that he needs to go home early**
- D **He says that his baby brother needs him**

Correct Ans : A

Subject : English Main H 23

Q.No: 92 What is Granny's reaction to Swami's news about forming a new cricket team in the novel 'Swami and Friends'?  
**2655390**

- A **She is very happy for him**
- B **She doesn't know what cricket is**
- C **She thinks he should be focusing on his studies, not on sports**
- D **She worries about his physical safety**

Correct Ans : **B**Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 93 **2655391** While walking through the woods at night, hungry and exhausted, what does Swami hallucinate in the novel 'Swami and Friends'?

- A **He thinks that his father has come to rescue him**
- B **That he is back playing cricket with his team.**
- C **He mistakes a tree trunk for his mother**
- D **He imagines that he is surrounded by a tiger, elephant, lion, and whale**

Correct Ans : **D**Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 94 **2655392** The poem Broken Wing was dedicated to whom?

- A **The youth of this country**
- B **The bird sanctuaries**
- C **The folk singers of India**
- D **The Dream of Today and hope of tomorrow**

Correct Ans : **D**Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 95 **2655393** According to the "Broken wing" what is the current atmosphere in the nation?

- A **Full of chaos**
- B **Full of melancholy**
- C **Full of hopes and expectations**
- D **Full of disappointment**

Correct Ans : **C**Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 96 **2655394** What is the rhyming scheme of the poem 'The Broken Wing'?

- A **ababccdd**
- B **aabbccdd**
- C **ababacdd**
- D **aabbccad**

Correct Ans : **B**Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 97 **2655419** 'She was our queen, our rose, our star;

And then she danced—O Heaven, her dancing!"

In the lines by Winthrop Mackworth Praed, the poet has used the word "rose" as a-

- A **Metaphor**
- B **Simile**

C **Irony**D **Paradox**Correct Ans : **A**Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 98 "There is a black sheep in every department"- identify the figure of speech used here.  
**2655420**

A **Simile**B **Irony**C **Metaphor**D **Personification**Correct Ans : **C**Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 99 'Laughter is the best medicine'- identify the figure of speech used here.  
**2655421**

A **Simile**B **Irony**C **Personification**D **Metaphor**Correct Ans : **D**Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 100 'Her tears were a river flowing down her cheeks.'

**2655422**

Here we find the example of:

A **Simile**B **Metaphor**C **Personification**D **Alliteration**Correct Ans : **B**Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 101 "Those who are ashamed of nothing else are so of being ridiculous."

**2655445**

Who said this about the importance of satire?

A **Dryden**B **Hazlitt**C **Longinus**D **Alexander Pope**Correct Ans : **D**Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 102 An elegy usually gives expression to a -

**2655447**

- A** **Sense of loss**
- B** **Feeling of joy**
- C** **Feeling of victory**
- D** **Sense of defeat**

Correct Ans : **A**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 103 **2655448** The term elegy has been derived from the \_\_\_\_\_ word, 'Elegos'.

- A** **Greek**
- B** **English**
- C** **French**
- D** **Italian**

Correct Ans : **A**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 104 **2655449** PB Shelley wrote a pastoral elegy on the death of John Keats, what is its title?

- A** **Adonais**
- B** **Thyrsis**
- C** **Endymion**
- D** **Lycidas**

Correct Ans : **A**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 105 **2655450** The tone of an elegy is \_\_\_\_\_

- A** **Angry**
- B** **Praising**
- C** **Mournful**
- D** **Humorous**

Correct Ans : **C**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 106 **2655462** A Pindaric Ode has three parts, they are \_\_\_\_\_

- A** **Poster, Aposter and Pastel**
- B** **Cannon, Affective and Allonym**
- C** **Strophe, Antistrophe and Epode**
- D** **Acronym, Anagram and Ampersand**

Correct Ans : **C**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 107 **2655463** Shakespeare's sonnets are commonly known as –

- A **Nostalgia**
- B **Love sonnets**
- C **Reminiscence**
- D Elizabethan**

Correct Ans : **D**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 108 **2655464** In England the sonnets were introduced during the \_\_\_\_\_

- A **15<sup>th</sup> century**
- B 16<sup>th</sup> century**
- C **17<sup>th</sup> century**
- D **13<sup>th</sup> century**

Correct Ans : **B**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 109 **2655465** The English sonnet has:

- A Two quatrains and three couplets**
- B Three quatrains and a couplet**
- C Four quatrains and a couplet**
- D Two quatrains and three couplets**

Correct Ans : **B**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 110 **2655466** The subject matter of the sonnet is-

- A Biography of a person**
- B Courage**
- C Love**
- D Revenge**

Correct Ans : **C**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 111 **2655467** The \_\_\_\_\_ is divided into two stanzas.

- A Curtal sonnet**
- B Shakespearean sonnet**
- C Spenserian sonnet**
- D Petrarchan sonnet**

Correct Ans : **D**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 112 **2655468** The rhyme scheme of an English sonnet is:

- A **ababdcdefefgg**
- B **abbbaabbacdcgg**
- C **ababababcdacacgg**
- D **abababccddabgg**

Correct Ans : **A**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 113 **2655480** William Shakespeare was born in the year \_\_\_\_\_

- A **1562**
- B **1564**
- C **1560**
- D **1568**

Correct Ans : **B**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 114 **2655481** How is Mr Bennet related to Collins in 'The Pride and Prejudice'?

- A **Nephew**
- B **Uncle**
- C **Brother**
- D **Cousin**

Correct Ans : **D**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 115 **2655482** The Bennet family of 'The Pride and Prejudice' lives in the village of -

- A **Wimberley**
- B **Rosings**
- C **Longbourn**
- D **Pemberley**

Correct Ans : **C**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

#### **Passage:**

Read the poem carefully and answer the questions given under it.

"Thou hast made me endless, such is thy pleasure. This frail vessel thou emptiest again and again, and fillest it ever with fresh life.

This little flute of a reed thou hast carried over hills and dales, and hast breathed through it melodies eternally new.

At the immortal touch of thy hands my little heart loses its limits in joy and gives birth to utterance ineffable.

Thy infinite gifts come to me only on these very small hands of mine. Ages pass, and still thou pourest, and still there is room to fil"

Q.No: 116  
**2655492S0** What does the poet convey by "endless" in the above lines-

- A **The theory of re- incarnation**
- B **Mortality of this world**
- C **Endless sorrows**
- D **Happy ending**

Correct Ans : **A**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

**Passage:**

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Q.No: 117  
**2655492S1** Which words mean the physical body which is easily breakable and worthless without life.

- A **Hast breathed**
- B **Eternally new**
- C **Frail vessel**
- D **Room to fill**

Correct Ans : **C**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

**Passage:**

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Q.No: 118  
**2655492S2** What is meant by 'over hills and dales' -

- A **In a limited area on the hills**
- B **Across a wide expanse of rural land and valley**
- C **In hills and delta**

D **In mountains and deep seas**Correct Ans : **B**Subject : **English Main H 23****Passage:**

Read the poem carefully and answer the questions given under it.

"Thou hast made me endless, such is thy pleasure. This frail vessel thou emptiest again and again, and fillest it ever with fresh life.

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At the immortal touch of thy hands my little heart loses its limits in joy and gives birth to utterance ineffable.

Thy infinite gifts come to me only on these very small hands of mine. Ages pass, and still thou pourest, and still there is room to fil"

Q.No: 119  
**2655492S3** Who wrote this song?

- A **Sarojini Naidu**
- B **Wordsworth**
- C Rabindra Nath Tagore**
- D **WB Yeats**

Correct Ans : **C**Subject : **English Main H 23****Passage:**

Read the poem carefully and answer the questions given under it.

"Thou hast made me endless, such is thy pleasure. This frail vessel thou emptiest again and again, and fillest it ever with fresh life.

This little flute of a reed thou hast carried over hills and dales, and hast breathed through it melodies eternally new.

At the immortal touch of thy hands my little heart loses its limits in joy and gives birth to utterance ineffable.

Thy infinite gifts come to me only on these very small hands of mine. Ages pass, and still thou pourest, and still there is room to fil"

Q.No: 120  
**2655492S4** Through the phrase "Utterance ineffable" the poet draws our attention towards \_\_\_\_\_ thoughts.

- A **expressible**
- B inexpressible**
- C **suppressed**
- D **valuable**

Correct Ans : **B**Subject : **English Main H 23****Passage:**

Read the extract carefully and answer the questions given under it by selecting the appropriate options.

"Tis sweet and commendable in your nature, Hamlet,  
To give these mourning duties to your father.  
But you must know your father lost a father,  
That father lost, lost his, and the survivor bound  
In filial obligation for some term  
To do obsequious sorrow. But to persevere  
In obstinate condolment is a course  
Of impious stubbornness. 'Tis unmanly grief.  
It shows a will most incorrect to heaven,  
A heart unfortified, a mind impatient,  
An understanding simple and unschooled.  
For what we know must be and is as common  
As any the most vulgar thing to sense,  
Why should we in our peevish opposition  
Take it to heart? Fie! 'Tis a fault to heaven,  
A fault against the dead, a fault to nature,  
To reason most absurd, whose common theme  
Is death of fathers, and who still hath cried,  
From the first corse till he that died today,  
"This must be so." We pray you, throw to earth  
This unprevailing woe, and think of us  
As of a father. For let the world take note,  
You are the most immediate to our throne,  
And with no less nobility of love  
Than that which dearest father bears his son  
Do I impart toward you. For your intent  
In going back to school in Wittenberg,  
It is most retrograde to our desire.  
And we beseech you, bend you to remain  
Here in the cheer and comfort of our eye,  
Our chiefest courtier, cousin, and our son."

Q.No: 121  
**265595950** What is meant by "obsequious" in the given extract?

- A **assertive or arrogant in an adamant manner**
- B **presumptuous in a prejudiced manner**
- C **obedient or attentive in an ingratiating to an excessive degree**
- D **mutinous in a rebellious manner**

Correct Ans : **C**Subject : **English Main H 23****Passage:**

Read the extract carefully and answer the questions given under it by selecting the appropriate options.

"Tis sweet and commendable in your nature, Hamlet,  
To give these mourning duties to your father.  
But you must know your father lost a father,  
That father lost, lost his, and the survivor bound  
In filial obligation for some term  
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In going back to school in Wittenberg,  
It is most retrograde to our desire.  
And we beseech you, bend you to remain  
Here in the cheer and comfort of our eye,  
Our chiefest courtier, cousin, and our son."

Q.No: 122 What is meant by the phrase- 'unprevailing woe'-  
**2655959S1**

- A      useless sadness for his father**
- B      useless sadness for his beloved**
- C      his uncle's woe to his mother**
- D      request to go back to the university**

Correct Ans : **A**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

**Passage:**

Read the extract carefully and answer the questions given under it by selecting the appropriate options.

"Tis sweet and commendable in your nature, Hamlet,  
 To give these mourning duties to your father.  
 But you must know your father lost a father,  
 That father lost, lost his, and the survivor bound  
 In filial obligation for some term  
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 From the first corse till he that died today,  
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 As of a father. For let the world take note,  
 You are the most immediate to our throne,  
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 Than that which dearest father bears his son  
 Do I impart toward you. For your intent  
 In going back to school in Wittenberg,  
 It is most retrograde to our desire.

And we beseech you, bend you to remain  
 Here in the cheer and comfort of our eye,  
 Our chiefest courtier, cousin, and our son."

Q.No: 123  
**265959S2** Why does the father say – 'it is most retrograde to our desire"-

- A **because he wanted his son to remain calm and quite**
- B **because he wanted to send his son to the university**
- C **because he didn't want him to indulge in political affairs**
- D because the son was reverting to an inferior and contrary condition**

Correct Ans : **D**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

**Passage:**

Read the extract carefully and answer the questions given under it by selecting the appropriate options.

"Tis sweet and commendable in your nature, Hamlet,  
 To give these mourning duties to your father.  
 But you must know your father lost a father,  
 That father lost, lost his, and the survivor bound  
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 From the first corse till he that died today,  
 "This must be so." We pray you, throw to earth  
 This unprevailing woe, and think of us  
 As of a father. For let the world take note,  
 You are the most immediate to our throne,

And with no less nobility of love  
 Than that which dearest father bears his son  
 Do I impart toward you. For your intent  
 In going back to school in Wittenberg,  
 It is most retrograde to our desire.  
 And we beseech you, bend you to remain  
 Here in the cheer and comfort of our eye,  
 Our chiefest courtier, cousin, and our son."

Q.No: 124      **2655959S3** This extract is taken from which Act and Scene of 'Hamlet'

- A      **Act- II, Scene- II**
- B      **Act- II, Scene- I**
- C**      **Act- I, Scene- II**
- D      **Act- I, Scene- I**

Correct Ans : **C**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

**Passage:**

Read the extract carefully and answer the questions given under it by selecting the appropriate options.

"Tis sweet and commendable in your nature, Hamlet,  
 To give these mourning duties to your father.  
 But you must know your father lost a father,  
 That father lost, lost his, and the survivor bound  
 In filial obligation for some term  
 To do obsequious sorrow. But to persever  
 In obstinate condolment is a course  
 Of impious stubbornness. 'Tis unmanly grief.  
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 A heart unfortified, a mind impatient,  
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 A fault against the dead, a fault to nature,  
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From the first corse till he that died today,  
 "This must be so." We pray you, throw to earth  
 This unprevailing woe, and think of us  
 As of a father. For let the world take note,  
 You are the most immediate to our throne,  
 And with no less nobility of love  
 Than that which dearest father bears his son  
 Do I impart toward you. For your intent  
 In going back to school in Wittenberg,  
 It is most retrograde to our desire.  
 And we beseech you, bend you to remain  
 Here in the cheer and comfort of our eye,  
 Our chiefest courtier, cousin, and our son."

Q.No: 125  
**2655959S4** Where was Hamlet studying before he returned to Denmark?

- A **Oslo**
- B **London**
- C **Dublin**
- D Wittenberg**

Correct Ans : **D**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

**Passage:**

Read the given excerpt carefully and answer the questions given under it by choosing the appropriate options.

**Excerpt I**

A principal fruit of friendship, is the ease and discharge of the fulness and swellings of the heart, which passions of all kinds do cause and induce. We know diseases of stoppings, and suffocations, are the most dangerous in the body; and it is not much otherwise in the mind; you may take sarza to open the liver, steel to open the spleen, flowers of sulphur for the lungs, castoreum for the brain; but no receipt openeth the heart, but a true friend; to whom you may impart griefs, joys, fears, hopes, suspicions, counsels, and whatsoever lieth upon the heart to oppress it, in a kind of civil shrift or confession.

It is a strange thing to observe, how high a rate great kings and monarchs do set upon this fruit of friendship, whereof we speak: so great, as they purchase it, many times, at the hazard of their own safety and greatness. For princes, in regard of the distance of their fortune from that of their subjects and servants, cannot gather this fruit, except (to make themselves capable thereof) they raise some persons to be, as it were, companions and almost equals to themselves, which many times sorteth to inconvenience. The modern languages give unto such persons the name of favorites, or privadoes; as if it were matter of grace, or conversation. But the Roman name attaineth the true use and cause thereof, naming them participes curarum; for it is that which tieth the knot. And we see plainly that this hath been done, not by weak and passionate princes only, but by the wisest and most politic that ever reigned; who have oftentimes joined to themselves some of their servants; whom both themselves have called friends, and allowed other likewise to call them in the same manner; using the word which is received between private men.

L. Sylla, when he commanded Rome, raised Pompey (after surnamed the Great) to that height, that Pompey vaunted himself for Sylla's overmatch. For when he had carried the consulship for a friend of his, against the pursuit of Sylla, and that Sylla did a little resent thereof, and began to speak great, Pompey turned upon him again, and in effect bade him be quiet; for that more men adored the sun rising, than the sun setting. With Julius Caesar, Decimus Brutus had obtained that interest, as he set him down, in his testament, for heir in remainder, after his nephew. And this was the man that had power with him, to draw him forth to his death. For when Caesar would have discharged the senate, in regard of some ill presages, and specially adream of Calpurnia; this man lifted him gently by the arm out of his chair, telling him he

hoped he would not dismiss the senate, till his wife had dreamt a better dream. And it seemeth his favor was so great, as Antonius, in a letter which is recited verbatim in one of Cicero's Philippics, calleth him *venefica*, *witch*; as if he had enchanted Caesar. Augustus raised Agrippa (though of mean birth) to that height, as when he consulted with Maecenas, about the marriage of his daughter Julia, Maecenas took the liberty to tell him, that he must either marry his daughter to Agrippa, or take away his life; there was no third war, he had made him so great. With Tiberius Caesar, Sejanus had ascended to that height, as they two were termed, and reckoned, as a pair of friends. Tiberius in a letter to him saith, *Haec pro amicitia nostra non occultavi*; and the whole senate dedicated an altar to *Friendship*, as to a goddess, in respect of the great dearness of friendship, between them two. The like, or more, was between Septimius Severus and Plautianus. For he forced his eldest son to marry the daughter of Plautianus; and would often maintain Plautianus, in doing affronts to his son; and did write also in a letter to the senate, by these words: *I love the man so well, as I wish he may over-live me. Now if these princes had been as a Trajan, or a Marcus Aurelius, a man might have thought that this had proceeded of an abundant goodness of nature; but being men so wise, of such strength and severity of mind, and so extreme lovers of themselves, as all these were, it proveth most plainly that they found their own felicity (though as great as ever happened to mortal men) but as an half piece, except they mought have a friend, to make it entire; and yet, which is more, they were princes that had wives, sons, nephews; and yet all these could not supply the comfort of friendship.*

Q.No: 126  
**265961S0** What is the first benefit of friendship according to the writer-

- A **Friendship is a cure for suffering because a true friend cares for his friend every time**
- B **Friendship is a cure for the ailing heart, as heart requires medicines which can be brought by a good friend**
- C **Friendship is a cure for heart, as a healthy heart requires vigour which is provided by an intimate friendly conversation**
- D **Friendship is a cure for heartburn, as in the company of good friends one can get some solution for it**

Correct Ans : C

Subject : **English Main H 23**

**Passage:**

Read the given excerpt carefully and answer the questions given under it by choosing the appropriate options.

**Excerpt I**

A principal fruit of friendship, is the ease and discharge of the fulness and swellings of the heart, which passions of all kinds do cause and induce. We know diseases of stoppings, and suffocations, are the most dangerous in the body; and it is not much otherwise in the mind; you may take *sarza* to open the liver, *steel* to open the spleen, *flowers of sulphur* for the lungs, *castoreum* for the brain; but no receipt openeth the heart, but a true friend; to whom you may impart griefs, joys, fears, hopes, suspicions, counsels, and whatsoever lieth upon the heart to oppress it, in a kind of civil shrift or confession.

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Q.No: 127  
**2655961S1** What does the writer mean by 'participes curarum' –

- A **It is a French term which expresses 'the feeling of sharing the curriculum'**
- B It's a Roman term used to express 'the feelings of sharing the pain together'**
- C **It is a Greek term used to frame a "participatory curriculum for a university"**
- D **It is a Latin term which expresses the emotions of friends participating as opponents in a race**

Correct Ans : **B**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

**Passage:**

Read the given excerpt carefully and answer the questions given under it by choosing the appropriate options.

**Excerpt I**

A principal fruit of friendship, is the ease and discharge of the fulness and swellings of the heart, which passions of all kinds do cause and induce. We know diseases of stoppings, and suffocations, are the most dangerous in the body; and it is not much otherwise in the mind; you may take sarza to open the liver, steel to open the spleen, flowers of sulphur for the lungs, castoreum for the brain; but no receipt openeth the heart, but a true friend; to whom you may impart griefs, joys, fears, hopes, suspicions, counsels, and whatsoever lieth upon the heart to oppress it, in a kind of civil shrift or confession.

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Q.No: 128  
**2655961S2** Who is L. Sylla and what is his relation with Pompey?

- A **L Sylla was a Roman God and Pompey was a minister**
- B **L. Sylla was a Roman King and Pompey was his poor friend**
- C **L Sylla was a Roman God with Pompey was a worshipper**
- D **L Sylla was from Sri Lanka and he used to roam around Pompey**

Correct Ans : **B**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

**Passage:**

Read the given excerpt carefully and answer the questions given under it by choosing the appropriate options.

**Excerpt I**

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Q.No: 129  
**2655961S3** "so great, as they purchase it, many times, at the hazard of their own safety and greatness".

What does the author want to say through this line?

A **He says that kings and monarchs don't offer honour to their friends and such friends turn go to live in hostels to save their benefactors**

B **He says that kings and monarchs give honour to their friends but sometimes such friends turn hostile causing harm to their benefactors**

C **He says that kings and monarchs offer respect to their neighbours but sometimes such neighbours turn hostile causing harm to their benefactors**

D **He says that kings and monarchs don't give honour to their parents but sometimes they turn hostile causing harm to their wards**

Correct Ans : **B**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

**Passage:**

Read the given excerpt carefully and answer the questions given under it by choosing the appropriate options.

**Excerpt I**

A principal fruit of friendship, is the ease and discharge of the fulness and swellings of the heart, which passions of all kinds do cause and induce. We know diseases of stoppings, and suffocations, are the most dangerous in the body; and it is not much otherwise in the mind; you may take sarza to open the liver, steel to open the spleen, flowers of sulphur for the lungs, castoreum for the brain; but no receipt openeth the heart, but a true friend; to whom you may impart griefs, joys, fears, hopes, suspicions, counsels, and whatsoever lieth upon the heart to oppress it, in a kind of civil shrift or confession.

It is a strange thing to observe, how high a rate great kings and monarchs do set upon this fruit of friendship, whereof we speak: so great, as they purchase it, many times, at the hazard of their own safety and greatness. For princes, in regard of the distance of their fortune from that of their subjects and servants, cannot gather this fruit, except (to make themselves capable thereof) they raise some persons to be, as it were, companions and almost equals to themselves, which many times sorteth to inconvenience. The modern languages give unto such persons the name of favorites, or privadoes; as if it were matter of grace, or conversation. But the Roman name attaineth the true use and cause thereof, naming them participes curarum; for it is that which tieth the knot. And we see plainly that this hath been done, not by weak and passionate princes only, but by the wisest and most politic that ever reigned; who have oftentimes joined to themselves some of their servants; whom both themselves have called friends, and allowed other likewise to call them in the same manner; using the word which is received between private men.

L. Sylla, when he commanded Rome, raised Pompey (after surnamed the Great) to that height, that Pompey vaunted himself for Sylla's overmatch. For when he had carried the consulship for a friend of his, against the pursuit of Sylla, and that Sylla did a little resent thereat, and began to speak great, Pompey turned upon him again, and in effect bade him be quiet; for that more men adored the sun rising, than the sun setting. With Julius Caesar, Decimus Brutus had obtained that interest, as he set him down, in his testament, for heir in remainder, after his nephew. And this was the man that had power with him, to draw him forth to his death. For when Caesar would have discharged the senate, in regard of some ill presages, and specially adream of Calpurnia; this man lifted him gently by the arm out of his chair, telling him he hoped he would not dismiss the senate, till his wife had dreamt a better dream. And it seemeth his favor was so great, as Antonius, in a letter which is recited verbatim in one of Cicero's Philippics, calleth him *venefica*, witch; as if he had enchanted Caesar. Augustus raised Agrippa (though of mean birth) to that height, as when he consulted with Maecenas, about the marriage of his daughter Julia, Maecenas took the liberty to tell him, that he must either marry his daughter to Agrippa, or take away his life; there was no third war, he had made him so great. With Tiberius Caesar, Sejanus had ascended to that height, as they two were termed, and reckoned, as a pair of friends. Tiberius in a letter to him saith, *Haec pro amicitia nostra non occultavi*; and the whole senate dedicated an altar to Friendship, as to a goddess, in respect of the great dearness of friendship, between them two. The like, or more, was between Septimius Severus and Plautianus. For he forced his eldest son to marry the daughter of Plautianus; and would often maintain Plautianus, in doing affronts to his son; and did write also in a letter to the senate, by these words: *I love the man so well, as I wish he may over-live me. Now if these princes had been as a Trajan, or a Marcus Aurelius, a man might have thought that this had proceeded of an abundant goodness of nature; but being men so wise, of such strength and severity of mind, and so extreme lovers of themselves, as all these were, it proveth most plainly that they found their own felicity (though as great as ever happened to mortal men) but as an half piece, except they mought have a friend, to make it entire; and yet, which is more, they were princes that had wives, sons, nephews; and yet all these could not supply the comfort of friendship.*

Q.No: 130

**2655961S4** Why does the author give examples of different historic characters in the excerpt?

A **Because they had friendship in the beginning but later the mighty friend turned indifferent**

B **Because they had friendship but later the poor friend turned indifferent**

C      **Because they had friendship but later both turned indifferent and the mighty friend took everything away from the poor friend**

D      **Because they had good friendship but later the mighty friend suffered due to their friendship**

Correct Ans : **D**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

**Passage:**

Read the given excerpt carefully and answer the questions given under it by choosing the appropriate options.

Behold her, single in the field,  
Yon solitary Highland Lass!  
Reaping and singing by herself;  
Stop here, or gently pass!  
Alone she cuts and binds the grain,  
And sings a melancholy strain;  
O listen! for the Vale profound  
Is overflowing with the sound.  
No Nightingale did ever chaunt  
More welcome notes to weary bands  
Of travellers in some shady haunt,  
Among Arabian sands:  
A voice so thrilling ne'er was heard  
In spring-time from the Cuckoo-bird,  
Breaking the silence of the seas  
Among the farthest Hebrides.  
Will no one tell me what she sings?—  
Perhaps the plaintive numbers flow  
For old, unhappy, far-off things,  
And battles long ago:  
Or is it some more humble lay,  
Familiar matter of to-day?  
Some natural sorrow, loss, or pain,  
That has been, and may be again?  
Whate'er the theme, the Maiden sang  
As if her song could have no ending;  
I saw her singing at her work,  
And o'er the sickle bending;—  
I listened, motionless and still;  
And, as I mounted up the hill,

The music in my heart I bore,  
Long after it was heard no more.

Q.No: 131 'More welcome notes to weary bands of travelers'- what notes are referred to here –  
**2655968SO**

- A **The cuckoo songs in the autumn season**
- B **The Nightingale's song in the Arabian deserts**
- C **The melodious tunes of the Arabian folk singers**
- D **The songs sung by the group of travelers during a pilgrimage/jpg**

Correct Ans : **B**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

**Passage:**

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Whate'er the theme, the Maiden sang

As if her song could have no ending;

I saw her singing at her work,

And o'er the sickle bending;—

I listened, motionless and still;

And, as I mounted up the hill,

The music in my heart I bore,

Long after it was heard no more.

Q.No: 132 "Perhaps the plaintive numbers flow.'

**2655968S1**

What is meant by plaintive numbers'?

- A **It means there are plenty of people listening to the song of the cuckoo**
- B **It means a song praising the number of people present there**
- C **It means hit songs with a happy atmosphere in a large gathering**
- D It means a sad song with melancholic tune**

Correct Ans : **D**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

**Passage:**

Read the given excerpt carefully and answer the questions given under it by choosing the appropriate options.

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And, as I mounted up the hill,

The music in my heart I bore,

Long after it was heard no more.

Q.No: 133  
**2655968S2** What does the poet mean by – 'shady haunt'.

- A **A place shaded by small tents, where the farmers can rest**
- B **A place having a fountain, where the reaper can rest a while**
- C a place shaded by trees, where people can rest for a while**
- D **A place where hunting of small birds was permitted in the past**

Correct Ans : **C**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

**Passage:**

Read the given excerpt carefully and answer the questions given under it by choosing the appropriate options.

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Reaping and singing by herself;

Stop here, or gently pass!

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 Some natural sorrow, loss, or pain,  
 That has been, and may be again?  
 Whate'er the theme, the Maiden sang  
 As if her song could have no ending;  
 I saw her singing at her work,  
 And o'er the sickle bending;—  
 I listened, motionless and still;  
 And, as I mounted up the hill,  
 The music in my heart I bore,  
 Long after it was heard no more.

Q.No: 134 **2655968S3** How does the solitary reaper's song score over the song of the cuckoo?

- A **It does not have any effect**
- B It is more far reaching**
- C **It echoes more**
- D **It is more melodious and fresh**

Correct Ans : **B**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

**Passage:**

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 Reaping and singing by herself;  
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Whate'er the theme, the Maiden sang

As if her song could have no ending;

I saw her singing at her work,

And o'er the sickle bending;—

I listened, motionless and still;

And, as I mounted up the hill,

The music in my heart I bore,

Long after it was heard no more.

Q.No: 135

**2655968S4**

What does the poet want to convey by 'long after it was heard no more'?

A **Sad music is always remembered**

B **Music is eternal and can give pleasure even when you do not hear it**

C **Music is everlasting**

D **The poet still kept the reaper's song in his heart**

Correct Ans : **D**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

**Passage:**

Read the poem carefully and answer the questions given under it by choosing the correct options.

'Go not to the temple to put flowers upon the feet of God,

First fill your house with the fragrance of love.

Go not to the temple to light candles before the altar of God.

First remove the darkness of sin from your heart.

Go not to the temple to bow down your head in prayer,

First learn to bow in humility before your fellow men.

Go not to the temple to pray on bended knees,

First bend down to lift someone who is down-trodden.

Go not to the temple to ask for forgiveness for your sins,

First forgive from heart those who have sinned against you'.

Q.No: 136  
**2655970S0** What should we do with our hearts first?

- A **A regular health check up**
- B **Fill with the fragrance of flowers**
- C **Have kindness for flowers**
- D Remove the darkness of sin from our hearts**

Correct Ans : **D**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

**Passage:**

Read the poem carefully and answer the questions given under it by choosing the correct options.

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First fill your house with the fragrance of love.

Go not to the temple to light candles before the altar of God.

First remove the darkness of sin from your heart.

Go not to the temple to bow down your head in prayer,

First learn to bow in humility before your fellow men.

Go not to the temple to pray on bended knees,

First bend down to lift someone who is down-trodden.

Go not to the temple to ask for forgiveness for your sins,

First forgive from heart those who have sinned against you'.

Q.No: 137  
**2655970S1** To whom does the poet refer as the 'downtrodden' the given poem?

- A **People who are poor and hungry**
- B **Those who don't worship God**
- C **Those who never treat others with love and affection**
- D Those who are treated so badly by the rich**

Correct Ans : **D**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

**Passage:**

Read the poem carefully and answer the questions given under it by choosing the correct options.

'Go not to the temple to put flowers upon the feet of God,  
First fill your house with the fragrance of love.  
Go not to the temple to light candles before the altar of God.  
First remove the darkness of sin from your heart.  
Go not to the temple to bow down your head in prayer,  
First learn to bow in humility before your fellow men.  
Go not to the temple to pray on bended knees,  
First bend down to lift someone who is down-trodden.  
Go not to the temple to ask for forgiveness for your sins,  
First forgive from heart those who have sinned against you'.

Q.No: 138  
**2655970S2** What is meant by the term 'altar' here?

- A **A bridge**
- B **A statue of God**
- C **A building**
- D A holy table**

Correct Ans : **D**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

**Passage:**

Read the poem carefully and answer the questions given under it by choosing the correct options.

'Go not to the temple to put flowers upon the feet of God,  
First fill your house with the fragrance of love.  
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First bend down to lift someone who is down-trodden.  
Go not to the temple to ask for forgiveness for your sins,  
First forgive from heart those who have sinned against you'.

Q.No: 139  
**2655970S3** According to the poet, what is true worship?

- A **To offer flowers to God**
- B **To follow what God wants**
- C **To recite prayers for God**
- D **To devote oneself in the service of God**

Correct Ans : **B**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

**Passage:**

Read the poem carefully and answer the questions given under it by choosing the correct options.

'Go not to the temple to put flowers upon the feet of God,  
 First fill your house with the fragrance of love.  
 Go not to the temple to light candles before the altar of God.  
 First remove the darkness of sin from your heart.  
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 First bend down to lift someone who is down-trodden.  
 Go not to the temple to ask for forgiveness for your sins,  
 First forgive from heart those who have sinned against you'.

Q.No: 140  
**2655970S4** What does the poet want us to do before putting flowers upon the feet of God?

- A **To pluck the flowers**
- B **To bend before him**
- C **To take an oath**
- D To fill our house with the fragrance of love**

Correct Ans : **D**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

**Passage:**

Read the excerpt carefully and choose the correct option for the questions given under it.

"Why, as I told thee, 'tis a custom with him  
 I'th' afternoon to sleep. There thou mayst brain him,  
 Having first seiz'd his books; or with a log,  
 Batter his skull, or paunch him with a stake,  
 Or cut his weasand with thy knife. Remember  
 First to possess his books; for without them

He's but a sot, as I am, nor hath not

One spirit to command-they all do hate him

As rootedly as I"

Q.No: 141  
**2656133S0** What plan is being plotted here?

- A **The plot of escaping from the cage of Prospero**
- B The plot of killing Prospero**
- C **The plot of revolt against Prospero**
- D **The plot of snatching the books**

Correct Ans : **B**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

**Passage:**

Read the excerpt carefully and choose the correct option for the questions given under it.

"Why, as I told thee, 'tis a custom with him

I'th' afternoon to sleep. There thou mayst brain him,

Having first seiz'd his books; or with a log,

Batter his skull, or paunch him with a stake,

Or cut his weasand with thy knife. Remember

First to possess his books; for without them

He's but a sot, as I am, nor hath not

One spirit to command-they all do hate him

As rootedly as I"

Q.No: 142  
**2656133S1** Who is referred to as 'him' in the first line of the passage-

- A **Ferdinand**
- B Caliban**
- C **Antonio**
- D **Prospero**

Correct Ans : **D**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

**Passage:**

Read the excerpt carefully and choose the correct option for the questions given under it.

"Why, as I told thee, 'tis a custom with him

I'th' afternoon to sleep. There thou mayst brain him,

Having first seiz'd his books; or with a log,  
Batter his skull, or paunch him with a stake,  
Or cut his weasand with thy knife. Remember  
First to possess his books; for without them  
He's but a sot, as I am, nor hath not  
One spirit to command-they all do hate him  
As rootedly as I"

Q.No: 143  
**2656133S2** The books are very important, because-

- A **They are magic books; without them Prospero will not be able to command the spirits**
- B **They are precious books, because they were gifted by his friend**
- C **They are books made of special paper which is made of the seized wood from the island forest**
- D **The books are very precious and Prospero wants to gift those books to his daughter**

Correct Ans : **A**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

**Passage:**

Read the excerpt carefully and choose the correct option for the questions given under it.

"Why, as I told thee, 'tis a custom with him  
I'th' afternoon to sleep. There thou mayst brain him,  
Having first seized his books; or with a log,  
Batter his skull, or paunch him with a stake,  
Or cut his weasand with thy knife. Remember  
First to possess his books; for without them  
He's but a sot, as I am, nor hath not  
One spirit to command-they all do hate him  
As rootedly as I"

Q.No: 144  
**2656133S3** Through the expression 'Batter his skull, or paunch him with a stake'- whose enthusiasm is shown?

- A **Ariel's**
- B **Prospero's**
- C **Caliban's**
- D **Ferdinand's**

Correct Ans : **C**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

**Passage:**

Read the excerpt carefully and choose the correct option for the questions given under it.

"Why, as I told thee, 'tis a custom with him  
 I'th' afternoon to sleep. There thou mayst brain him,  
 Having first seiz'd his books; or with a log,  
 Batter his skull, or paunch him with a stake,  
 Or cut his weasand with thy knife. Remember  
 First to possess his books; for without them  
 He's but a sot, as I am, nor hath not  
 One spirit to command-they all do hate him  
 As rootedly as I"

Q.No: 145 'Rootedly' here means-

**2656133S4**

- A **Deeply**
- B **Shallow**
- C **Strong**
- D **Weak**

Correct Ans : **A**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 146 In the following question, out of the given four alternatives, select the one which is similar in meaning to the given **2656386** underlined/bold/bracketed word.

An attempt is being made to (**entice**) otters back to the river.

- A **ensue**
- B **entail**
- C **deploy**
- D **decoy**

Correct Ans : **D**

Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 147 In the following question, out of the given four alternatives, select the one which is opposite in meaning to the **2656387** underlined/bold/bracketed word.

Tyler was convicted but was granted a royal (**pardon**).

- A **mercy**
- B **punish**
- C **kindness**
- D **grace**

Correct Ans : **B**Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 148 In the following question, out of the given four alternatives, select the one which is opposite in meaning to the **2656388** underlined/bold/bracketed word.

The patient was writhing on the bed in (**agony**).

- A **anxiety**
- B **distress**
- C comfort**
- D **misery**

Correct Ans : **C**Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 149 Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word.

**2656389**

Nourish

- A Starve**
- B **Feed**
- C **Sustain**
- D **Maintain**

Correct Ans : **A**Subject : **English Main H 23**

Q.No: 150 Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word.

**2656390**

Controversial

- A Undisputed**
- B **Disputable**
- C **Debatable**
- D **Arguable**

Correct Ans : **A**Subject : **English Main H 23**