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Paper- 2

Date- 13-Aug-2019

Shift- 2nd

QID : 601 - Which among these is a trait of adolescence?

ଏଗୁଡ଼ିକ ମଧ୍ୟ କେଉଁଟି କେଣ୍ଟେରର ଏକ ଗୁଣ ଅଟେ ?

Options:

- 1) acquisition of fine motor skills
ଉନ୍ନତ ପେଣୀୟ ଦକ୍ଷତାଗୁଡ଼ିକ ଗ୍ରହଣ
- 2) improvement of hand-eye coordination
ହୃଦୟ-ଚକ୍ର ସହଯୋଗ ର ଉନ୍ନତି
- 3) rapid physical growth
ଦୃଢ଼ ଶାରିରାକ ବୃଦ୍ଧି
- 4) attainment of new motor skills
ନୂତନ ପେଣୀୟ ଦକ୍ଷତାଗୁଡ଼ିକ ହାସଳ

Correct Answer: 3) rapid physical growth

ଦୃଢ଼ ଶାରିରାକ ବୃଦ୍ଧି

Candidate Answer: 3) rapid physical growth

ଦୃଢ଼ ଶାରିରାକ ବୃଦ୍ଧି

QID : 602 - The hallmark of which stage is the 'search for identity'?

ପରିଚୟ ଖୋଜା' କେଉଁ ସୋପାନର ବୈଶିଷ୍ଟ୍ୟ ଅଟେ ?

Options:

- 1) Adolescence
କେଣୋର
- 2) Infancy
ଶୈଶବାବୟା
- 3) Pre-adolescence
ପ୍ରାକ୍-କେଣୋରାବୟା
- 4) Pre-school childhood
ପ୍ରାକ୍-ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ଶୈଶବ

Correct Answer: 1) Adolescence

କେଣୋର

Candidate Answer: 4) Pre-school childhood

ପ୍ରାକ୍-ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ଶୈଶବ

QID : 603 - Which one of these change does NOT occur during adolescence?

ଏଗୁଡ଼ିକ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁ ପରିବର୍ତ୍ତନ କେଣୋରାବୟାରେ ହୋଇନଥାଏ ?

Options:

- 1) Change in body shape
ଶରୀର ଆକାରରେ ପରିବର୍ତ୍ତନ
- 2) Increase in height
ଉଜତା ବୃଦ୍ଧି
- 3) Voice change
ସ୍ଵର ପରିବର୍ତ୍ତନ
- 4) growth of motor skills
ପେଣୀୟ ଦକ୍ଷତାଗୁଡ଼ିକ ବୃଦ୍ଧି

Correct Answer: 4) growth of motor skills

ପେଣୀୟ ଦକ୍ଷତାଗୁଡ଼ିକ ବୃଦ୍ଧି

Candidate Answer: 3) Voice change

ସ୍ଵର ପରିବର୍ତ୍ତନ

QID : 604 - The changes which occur at adolescence are controlled by:

କେଣୋରାବୟାରେ ହେଉଥିବା ପରିବର୍ତ୍ତନଗୁଡ଼ିକ କାହାଦ୍ୱାରା ନିୟମିତ ହୋଇଥାଏ ?

Options:

1) hormones

ହରମୋନେସ

2) culture

ସାଂସ୍କରିତି

3) environment

ପରିବେଶ

4) heredity

ବଂଶାନ୍ତ୍ରମ

Correct Answer: 1) hormones

ହରମୋନେସ

Candidate Answer: 4) heredity

ବଂଶାନ୍ତ୍ରମ

QID : 605 - Which gland in adolescents secretes growth hormone?

କୌଣସିରାବିଷ୍ଟରେ କେହିଁ ଗ୍ରହ୍ଣି ବୃଦ୍ଧି ହରମୋନ କ୍ଷରଣ କରିଥାଏ ?

Options:

1) Thyroid gland

ଆଇରେଡ ଗ୍ରହ୍ଣି

2) Adrenals

ଆଡ୍ରେନାଲସ

3) Pituitary gland

ପିତୁଇଟାରୀ ଗ୍ରହ୍ଣି

4) Pineal

ପିନିଆଲ

Correct Answer: 3) Pituitary gland

ପିତୁଇଟାରୀ ଗ୍ରହ୍ଣି

Candidate Answer: 2) Adrenals

ଆଡ୍ରେନାଲସ

QID : 606 - Needs that are associated with socio-cultural environment of an individual are called:

ଜଣେ ପିଲାର ସାମାଜିକ-ସାଂସ୍କରିତିକ ପରିବେଶ ସହ ସମ୍ପର୍କିତ ଆବଶ୍ୟକତାଗୁଡ଼ିକୁ କଣ କୁହାଯାଏ ?

Options:

- 1) Primary needs
ପ୍ରାଥମିକ ଆବଶ୍ୟକତାଗୁଡ଼ିକ
- 2) Secondary needs
ଦ୍ୱାତୀୟକ ଆବଶ୍ୟକତାଗୁଡ଼ିକ
- 3) Tertiary needs
ତୃତୀୟକ ଆବଶ୍ୟକତାଗୁଡ଼ିକ
- 4) Physiological needs
ଶାରିରିକ ଆବଶ୍ୟକତାଗୁଡ଼ିକ

Correct Answer: 2) Secondary needs

ଦ୍ୱାତୀୟକ ଆବଶ୍ୟକତାଗୁଡ଼ିକ

Candidate Answer: 4) Physiological needs

ଶାରିରିକ ଆବଶ୍ୟକତାଗୁଡ଼ିକ

QID : 607 - Secondary needs are acquired through:

ଦ୍ୱାତୀୟକ ଆବଶ୍ୟକତାଗୁଡ଼ିକ କାହାଦ୍ଵାରା ହାସଲ ହୋଇଥାଏ ?

Options:

- 1) gratification
ସନ୍ତୋଷ
- 2) reflex
ପ୍ରତିବର୍ତ୍ତ
- 3) social learning
ସାମାଜିକ ଶିକ୍ଷା
- 4) existence
ଅସ୍ତ୍ରୀତ୍ତ୍ଵ

Correct Answer: 3) social learning

ସାମାଜିକ ଶିକ୍ଷା

Candidate Answer: 3) social learning

ସାମାଜିକ ଶିକ୍ଷା

QID : 608 - One of the important socio-psychological needs of an adolescent is:

ଜଣେ କିଶୋରର ମୁଖ୍ୟ ସାମାଜିକ-ମନ୍ୟାତ୍ମିକ ଆବଶ୍ୟକତା କଣ ଅଟେ ?

Options:

- 1) rest and sleep
ବିଶ୍ରାମ ଓ ନିଦ୍ରା
- 2) water and food
ଜଳ ଓ ଖାଦ୍ୟ
- 3) latest mobile phone
ନୂଆ ମୋବାଇଲ ଫୋନ
- 4) freedom and independence
ସ୍ଵାତଂସତା ଏବଂ ସ୍ଵାଧୀନତା

Correct Answer: 4) freedom and independence

ସ୍ଵାତଂସତା ଏବଂ ସ୍ଵାଧୀନତା

Candidate Answer: 1) rest and sleep

ବିଶ୍ରାମ ଓ ନିଦ୍ରା

QID : 609 - Which problems are associated with adolescence?

1. Adjustment difficulties with parents
2. Adjustment difficulties with school discipline
3. Toilet training
4. Adjustment difficulties with community
5. Hand-eye coordination

କେଉଁ ସମସ୍ୟାଗୁଡ଼ିକ କେଣେରାବସ୍ଥା ସହ ସମ୍ପର୍କିତ ?

1. ପିତାମାତାଙ୍କ ସମାଯୋଜନରେ ଅସୁବିଧା
2. ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ନିୟମରେ ସମାଯୋଜନରେ ଅସୁବିଧା
3. ପାଇଶାନା ପ୍ରଶିକ୍ଷଣ
4. ଗୋଷ୍ଠୀ ସହ ସମାଯୋଜନରେ ଅସୁବିଧା
5. ହସ୍ତ-ଚକ୍ର ନିୟନ୍ତ୍ରଣ

Options:

- 1) All 1 to 5 are correct
1 ରୁ 5 ସବୁ ଠିକ
- 2) Only 1, 2 and 3 are correct
କେବଳ 1, 2 ଓ 3 ଠିକ
- 3) Only 2, 4 and 5 are correct
କେବଳ 2, 4 ଓ 5 ଠିକ
- 4) Only 1, 2 and 4 are correct
କେବଳ 1, 2 ଓ 4 ଠିକ

Correct Answer: 4) Only 1, 2 and 4 are correct

କେବଳ 1, 2 ଓ 4 ଠିକ

Candidate Answer: 4) Only 1, 2 and 4 are correct

କେବଳ 1, 2 ଓ 4 ଠିକ

QID : 610 - Which one of the following correctly explains how the knowledge of a child's heredity and environment helps a teacher?

କିମ୍ବା ଜଣେ ଶିଶୁର ବଂଶାନୁକ୍ରମ ଓ ପରିବେଶର ଜ୍ଞାନ ଶିକ୍ଷକଙ୍କୁ ସାହାଯ୍ୟ କରେ, ସେ ସମ୍ପର୍କରେ ନିମ୍ନ୍ୟ କେଉଁଠି ସଠିକ ଭାବରେ ବର୍ଣ୍ଣନା କରେ ?

Options:

1) know the varying needs and abilities of the children

ଶିଶୁର ବିଭିନ୍ନ ଆବଶ୍ୟକତା ଓ ଦକ୍ଷତା ଜାଣିବା

2) know how much the students' parents can spend on his/her higher education

ଶିଶୁର ଅଭିଭାବକ ଶିଶୁର ଉଚ୍ଚ ଶିକ୍ଷା ପାଇଁ କେତେ ଖର୍ଚ୍ଚ କରିପାରିବେ ଜାଣିବା

3) predict the level of success the said student can achieve

ଜଣେ ପିଲା କେତେ ସଫଳତା ହାସଲ କରିପାରିବ ତାହା ଅନୁମାନ କରିବା

4) speculate the extent of donation expected from the parents

ପିତାମାତା କେତେ ଦାନ ଦେଇପାରିବେ ତାହା ଅନୁମାନ କରିବା

Correct Answer: 1) know the varying needs and abilities of the children

ଶିଶୁର ବିଭିନ୍ନ ଆବଶ୍ୟକତା ଓ ଦକ୍ଷତା ଜାଣିବା

Candidate Answer: 3) predict the level of success the said student can achieve

ଜଣେ ପିଲା କେତେ ସଫଳତା ହାସଲ କରିପାରିବ ତାହା ଅନୁମାନ କରିବା

QID : 611 - _____ develops both academic and social skills in learner in an integrated manner.

ନିମ୍ନ୍ୟ କେଉଁଠି ସମନ୍ଵିତ ଭାବରେ ଶିକ୍ଷାର୍ଥୀ ଠାରେ ଉଭୟ ଶୈଖିକ ଓ ସାମାଜିକ ଦକ୍ଷତାଗୁଡ଼ିକର ବିକାଶ କରିଥାଏ ?

Options:

1) Problem solving approach

ସମସ୍ୟା ସମାଧାନ ପଢ଼ି

2) Collaborative learning approach

ସହଯୋଗୀ ଶିକ୍ଷା ପଢ଼ି

3) Experiential learning

ଅଭିଜ୍ଞତା ଆଧାରିତ ଶିକ୍ଷା

4) Inquiry approach

ଅନୁସନ୍ଧାନ ପଢ଼ି

Correct Answer: 2) Collaborative learning approach

ସହଯୋଗୀ ଶିକ୍ଷା ପଢ଼ି

Candidate Answer: 1) Problem solving approach

ସମସ୍ୟା ସମାଧାନ ପଢ଼ି

QID : 612 - Which one of the following is defined as 'graphical tools for organising and representing knowledge about certain concepts'?

এক নির্দিষ্ট বিষয়ের জ্ঞানকু সংগঠিত করিবা ও প্রদর্শিত করিবার চেতুক উপকরণগুচ্ছিক' নিম্নলিখিত মধ্যে কেরেটিকু এপরি ভাবে বর্ণিত করায়া এ ?

Options:

- 1) Concept map
বিষয় ম্যাপ
- 2) Curriculum
পাঠ্যক্রম
- 3) Diagnostic assessment
নেতৃত্বান্বিত মূল্যায়ন
- 4) Prognostic assessment
ভবিষ্যৎকৃত মূল্যায়ন

Correct Answer: 1) Concept map

বিষয় ম্যাপ

Candidate Answer: 1) Concept map

বিষয় ম্যাপ

QID : 613 - Which one of the following is a tool for developing written communications in learners?

নিম্নলিখিত মধ্যে কেরেটিকু শিক্ষার্থীদের মধ্যে লিখিত যোগাযোগ কৌশল বিকশিত করিবার এক মাধ্যম আছে ?

Options:

- 1) debate
চর্কা
- 2) discussion
আলোচনা
- 3) poster making
পোষ্টার নির্মাণ
- 4) school assembly programme
বিদ্যালয় প্রতিষ্ঠানের কার্যক্রম

Correct Answer: 3) poster making

পোষ্টার নির্মাণ

Candidate Answer: 2) discussion

আলোচনা

QID : 614 - What is the best approach that a teacher can adopt to include differently-abled students (with physical challenges) in the classroom learning process?

ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ଶିକ୍ଷା ପ୍ରକ୍ରିୟାରେ ଭିନ୍ନକ୍ଷମ ଛାତ୍ର (ଶାରିରାକ ଅସୁବିଧା ଥିବା)ଙ୍କୁ ମିଶାଇ ପଡାଇବା ପାଇଁ କେଉଁଠି ଶିକ୍ଷକଙ୍କ ପାଇଁ ସବୁଠାରୁ ଭଲ ପଢ଼ିଛି ?

Options:

- 1) use relevant assistive and adaptive devices
ଉପୟୁକ୍ତ ସହାୟକ ଓ ଅନୁକୂଳ ଯନ୍ତ୍ରଗୁଡ଼ିକର ବ୍ୟବହାର କରିବା
- 2) verbally motivate them to participate
ଆଂଶକ କରିବା ପାଇଁ ସେମାନଙ୍କୁ କଥା କହି ଅଭିପ୍ରେରିତ କରିବା
- 3) show them visual content to enrich their learning
ସେମାନଙ୍କର ଶିକ୍ଷାକୁ ଉନ୍ନତ କରିବା ପାଇଁ ଚିତ୍ର ଦେଖାନ୍ତୁ
- 4) use a tablet computer to show concepts
ବିଷୟଗୁଡ଼ିକ ଜଣାଇବା ପାଇଁ ଟାବଲେଟ କମ୍ପ୍ୟୁଟର ବ୍ୟବହାର କରନ୍ତୁ

Correct Answer: 1) use relevant assistive and adaptive devices

ଉପୟୁକ୍ତ ସହାୟକ ଓ ଅନୁକୂଳ ଯନ୍ତ୍ରଗୁଡ଼ିକର ବ୍ୟବହାର କରିବା

Candidate Answer: 3) show them visual content to enrich their learning

ସେମାନଙ୍କର ଶିକ୍ଷାକୁ ଉନ୍ନତ କରିବା ପାଇଁ ଚିତ୍ର ଦେଖାନ୍ତୁ

QID : 615 - Which tool should a teacher use for inclusion of visually-impaired students in his class?

ନିଜ ଶ୍ରେଣୀରେ ଥିବା ଦୃଷ୍ଟିବାଧ୍ୟ ପିଲାମାନଙ୍କର ଅନୁର୍ଦ୍ଧରଣ ପାଇଁ ଶିକ୍ଷକ କେଉଁ ଉପକରଣ ବ୍ୟବହାର କରିବା ଉଚିତ ?

Options:

- 1) hearing aids
ଶ୍ରେଣୀ ଉପକରଣଗୁଡ଼ିକ
- 2) adapted science kits
ରୂପାନ୍ତ୍ରିତ ବିଜ୍ଞାନ କିଟେ
- 3) Braille equipments
ଡ୍ରେଲୀ ଉପକରଣଗୁଡ଼ିକ
- 4) multimedia kits
ମାଲ୍ଟିମିଡ଼ିଆ କିଟେ

Correct Answer: 3) Braille equipments

ଡ୍ରେଲୀ ଉପକରଣଗୁଡ଼ିକ

Candidate Answer: 3) Braille equipments

ଡ୍ରେଲୀ ଉପକରଣଗୁଡ଼ିକ

QID : 616 - Peer tutoring is a strategy used to help students with _____ difficulty.

କେଉଁ ବାଧ୍ୟ ପିଲାମାନଙ୍କୁ ସାହାଯ୍ୟ କରିବା ପାଇଁ ଏକ ଉପାୟ ହେଉଛି ସାଙ୍ଗମାନଙ୍କ ଦ୍ୱାରା ଶିକ୍ଷାଗ୍ରହଣ ?

Options:

1) writing

ଲିଖନ

2) reading

ପଠନ

3) speaking

କଥନ

4) hearing

ଶ୍ରୁଦଶ

Correct Answer: 2) reading

ପଠନ

Candidate Answer: 4) hearing

ଶ୍ରୁଦଶ

QID : 617 - Which one of the following tools should a teacher use to help a student experiencing difficulty in hearing?

ଶ୍ରୁଦଶ ବାଧୃତ ଶିକ୍ଷାର୍ଥୀମାନଙ୍କୁ ସାହାଯ୍ୟ କରିବା ପାଇଁ ଶିକ୍ଷକ ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁ ଉପକରଣଗୁଡ଼ିକ ବ୍ୟବହାର କରିବା ଉଚିତ ?

Options:

1) pre- and post-reading drills

ପୂର୍ବ ଓ ପର ପଢ଼ିବା ଦକ୍ଷତାଗୁଡ଼ିକ

2) spelling and grammar check

ବନାନ ଓ ବ୍ୟାକରଣ ଯାଞ୍ଚ

3) audio books

ଅଟିଓ ପୁସ୍ତକଗୁଡ଼ିକ

4) visual cues and maps

ଭିଜୁଆଳ କ୍ରୂୟ ଓ ମାନଚିତ୍ରଗୁଡ଼ିକ

Correct Answer: 4) visual cues and maps

ଭିଜୁଆଳ କ୍ରୂୟ ଓ ମାନଚିତ୍ରଗୁଡ଼ିକ

Candidate Answer: 4) visual cues and maps

ଭିଜୁଆଳ କ୍ରୂୟ ଓ ମାନଚିତ୍ରଗୁଡ଼ିକ

QID : 618 - When learning is meaning making, who is the meaning maker?

ସେତେବେଳେ ଶିକ୍ଷା ଅର୍ଥ ନିର୍ମାଣକାରୀ ହୁଏ, ସେତେବେଳେ ଅର୍ଥ ନିର୍ମାଣକର୍ତ୍ତା କିଏ ?

Options:

1) Teacher

ଶିକ୍ଷକ

2) School

ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ

3) Student

ଛାତ୍ର

4) Parent

ପିତାମାତା

Correct Answer: 3) Student

ଛାତ୍ର

Candidate Answer: 4) Parent

ପିତାମାତା

QID : 619 - Who gave the four-stage cyclical theory of experiential learning?

ଅଭିଜଞ୍ଜତାମୂଳକ ଶିକ୍ଷା ପାଇଁ ନିମ୍ନ୍ଲିଖିତ କିଏ ତାରି ସୋପାନ ବିଶିଷ୍ଟ ସିଦ୍ଧାନ୍ତ ଦେଇଥିଲେ ?

Options:

1) Ivan Pavlov

ଇବାନ ପାବଲୋଭ

2) John Dewey

ଜନ୍ ଡ୍ୟୁୱେଇ

3) David A. Kolb

ଡେବିଡ୍ ଏ. କୋଲ୍ବ

4) Kurt Lewin

କର୍ଟ ଲେବିନ୍

Correct Answer: 3) David A. Kolb

ଡେବିଡ୍ ଏ. କୋଲ୍ବ

Candidate Answer: 3) David A. Kolb

ଡେବିଡ୍ ଏ. କୋଲ୍ବ

QID : 620 - In the context of operant conditioning, a favourable event or outcome that is given to the individual after the desired behaviour is called:

କ୍ରିୟାପ୍ରୟୁତ ଅନୁକୂଳନ କ୍ଷେତ୍ରରେ, ଆଶା କରାଯାଉଥିବା ବ୍ୟବହାର ପରେ ପିଲାକୁ ଦିଆଯାଉଥିବା ସହାୟକ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ବା ପରିଣାମକୁ କଣ କୁହାଯାଏ ?

Options:

1) Negative punishment

ବିମୁକ୍ତାମୂଳକ ଦଣ୍ଡବିଧାନ

2) Positive reinforcer

ମୁକ୍ତାମୂଳକ ଦୃଢ଼ୀକରଣ

3) Positive punishment

ମୁକ୍ତାମୂଳକ ଦଣ୍ଡବିଧାନ

4) Negative reinforcer

ବିମୁକ୍ତାମୂଳକ ଦୃଢ଼ୀକରଣ

Correct Answer: 2) Positive reinforcer

ମୁକ୍ତାମୂଳକ ଦୃଢ଼ୀକରଣ

Candidate Answer: 2) Positive reinforcer

ମୁକ୍ତାମୂଳକ ଦୃଢ଼ୀକରଣ

QID : 621 - Who gave the term 'domain-referenced test'?

ପ୍ରଭାବକ୍ଷେତ୍ର-ପ୍ରାସଙ୍ଗିକ ପରୀକ୍ଷା' ଶବ୍ଦଟିକୁ କିଏ ବ୍ୟବହାର କରିଥୁଲେ ?

Options:

1) Hively and Millman

ହିରଲେ ଓ ମିଲମ୍ୟାନ୍

2) N.E. Gronlund

ଏନ୍. ଇ. ଗ୍ରୋନଲଣ୍ଡ

3) Cronback

କ୍ରୋନବ୍ୟାକ

4) C.E. Beeby

ସି. ଇ. ବୀବି

Correct Answer: 1) Hively and Millman

ହିରଲେ ଓ ମିଲମ୍ୟାନ୍

Candidate Answer: 1) Hively and Millman

ହିରଲେ ଓ ମିଲମ୍ୟାନ୍

QID : 622 - Who said that 'the greatest service evaluation can perform is to identify aspects of the course where education is desirable'?

କିଏ କହିଥୁଲେ ଯେ 'ଯେଉଁଠାରେ ଶିକ୍ଷା ଆଶାକରାଯାଏ, ସେଠାରେ ବୃଦ୍ଧତମ ସେବା ମୂଲ୍ୟାମ୍ବନ ଶିକ୍ଷାର ଦୃଷ୍ଟିକୋଣ ଜାଣିବା ପାଇଁ କରାଯାଇପାରିବ' ?

Options:

- 1) N.E. Gronlund
ଏମ୍. ଇ. ଗ୍ରୋନଲଣ୍ଡ
- 2) Hively and Millman
ହିଲ୍ବେ ଓ ମିଲମ୍ୟାନ୍
- 3) Cronback
କ୍ରୋନବ୍ୟାକ୍
- 4) Glasar
ଗ୍ଲାସାର

Correct Answer: 3) Cronback

କ୍ରୋନବ୍ୟାକ୍

Candidate Answer: 4) Glasar

ଗ୍ଲାସାର

QID : 623 - Benjamin S. Bloom classified domains of human learning into _____ parts.

ବେଞ୍ଚାମିନ୍ ଏସ୍. ବୁମ୍ ମାନବିକ ଶିକ୍ଷାର ପରିସରକୁ କେତେ ଭାଗରେ ବିଭକ୍ତ କରିଥୁଲେ ?

Options:

- 1) two
ଦୁଇ
- 2) three
ତିନି
- 3) four
ଚାରି
- 4) five
ପାଞ୍ଚ

Correct Answer: 2) three

ତିନି

Candidate Answer: 1) two

ଦୁଇ

QID : 624 - What is Phantom curriculum?

ଫାଣ୍ଟମ୍ ପାଠ୍ୟକ୍ରମ କଣ ଅଛେ ?

Options:

- 1) the curriculum that which is written as part of formal instruction of schooling experiences
ଯେଉଁ ପାଠ୍ୟକ୍ରମ ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ଅଭିଜାତାର ବୌଢ଼ିକ ସୂଚନାର ଅଂଶ ଭାବରେ ଲେଖାଯାଇଥାଏ
- 2) the curriculum that is implied by the very structure and nature of schools, much of what revolves around daily or established routines
ଯେଉଁ ପାଠ୍ୟକ୍ରମ ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟର ସଂରଚନା ଓ ପ୍ରକୃତି ହିସାବରେ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକାରୀ ହୋଇଥାଏ, ଯାହା ଦୈନନ୍ଦିନ ବା ଅବସ୍ଥାପିତ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକ୍ରମଗୁଡ଼ିକ ହିସାବରେ ରହେ
- 3) that part of the curriculum which is not taught in schools
ପାଠ୍ୟକ୍ରମର ଯେଉଁ ଅଂଶ ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟଗୁଡ଼ିକରେ ପରାଯାଏ ନାହିଁ
- 4) the enculturation of students into the predominant meta-culture
ପିଲାମାନଙ୍କୁ ପ୍ରଧାନ ମୋଟାକଲଚର ପ୍ରତି ସଂସ୍କୃତକରଣ ପରିଚି

Correct Answer: 4) the enculturation of students into the predominant meta-culture
ପିଲାମାନଙ୍କୁ ପ୍ରଧାନ ମୋଟାକଲଚର ପ୍ରତି ସଂସ୍କୃତକରଣ ପରିଚି

Candidate Answer: 2) the curriculum that is implied by the very structure and nature of schools, much of what revolves around daily or established routines
ଯେଉଁ ପାଠ୍ୟକ୍ରମ ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟର ସଂରଚନା ଓ ପ୍ରକୃତି ହିସାବରେ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକାରୀ ହୋଇଥାଏ, ଯାହା ଦୈନନ୍ଦିନ ବା ଅବସ୍ଥାପିତ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକ୍ରମଗୁଡ଼ିକ ହିସାବରେ ରହେ

QID : 625 - According to the Indian School Curriculum, what is the age for vocational apprenticeship curriculum?

ଭାରତୀୟ ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ପାଠ୍ୟକ୍ରମ ହିସାବରେ, କେଉଁ ବୟସରେ ଧନ୍ୟାନ୍ତକ ଶିକ୍ଷା ଦିଆଯିବ ?

Options:

- 1) 16+ to 18+
16+ ରୁ 18+
- 2) 12+ to 14+
12+ ରୁ 14+
- 3) 16+ to 20+
16+ ରୁ 20+
- 4) 15+ to 18+
15+ ରୁ 18+

Correct Answer: 4) 15+ to 18+
15+ ରୁ 18+

Candidate Answer: 3) 16+ to 20+
16+ ରୁ 20+

QID : 626 - In the determinants of a curriculum, the ideals stand for intellectual, moral, aesthetic and _____.

ପାଠ୍ୟକ୍ରମର ମାନ ନିର୍ଣ୍ଣାରେ ପାଇଁ ଉପସ୍ଥିତ ହେଉଛି ବୌଢ଼ିକ, ନୈତିକ, ଯୌନ୍ୟବୋଧ ଓ _____ ।

Options:

- 1) religious
ধার্মিক
- 2) basic needs
সাধারণ আবশ্যিকতাগুଡ়িক
- 3) goals
লক্ষ্যগুଡ়িক
- 4) decision
নির্ণয়

Correct Answer: 1) religious

ধার্মিক

Candidate Answer: 1) religious

ধার্মিক

QID : 627 - Which among the following assessments 'compares a person's knowledge or skills against a predetermined standard, learning goal, performance level, or other clearly defined levels of achievement or proficiency'?

নির্মল কেৱল প্রকারণ মূল্যায়নৰে 'জণে ব্যক্তিৰ জ্ঞান ও দক্ষতাকু এক পূর্বনির্দিত মানক, শিক্ষণ লক্ষ্য, প্রদর্শন স্তুর বা স্বীকৃত ভাবৰে নির্দেশিত অন্য পদ্ধতি বা প্রবাণীতা পৰি ভুলনা কৰে' ?

Options:

- 1) Norm-referenced assessments
মানক-নির্দেশিত মূল্যায়নগুଡ়িক
- 2) Standardized assessments
মানক-কৃত মূল্যায়নগুଡ়িক
- 3) Criterion-referenced assessments
মানক-সমৃদ্ধ মূল্যায়নগুଡ়িক
- 4) Self-Reference
স্বনির্দেশিত

Correct Answer: 3) Criterion-referenced assessments

মানক-সমৃদ্ধ মূল্যায়নগুଡ়িক

Candidate Answer: 1) Norm-referenced assessments

মানক-নির্দেশিত মূল্যায়নগুଡ়িক

QID : 628 - Orientations to curriculum should be child-centered, society-centered, and_____.

পাঠ্যক্রমটি শিক্ষার্থী কেন্দ্ৰীক, যমাজ কেন্দ্ৰীক ও _____ হৈবা উচিত ?

Options:

1) knowledge-centered

ଜ୍ଞାନ କେନ୍ଦ୍ରୀୟ

2) play -centered

ଖେଳ କେନ୍ଦ୍ରୀୟ

3) home- centered

ଘର କେନ୍ଦ୍ରୀୟ

4) peer- centered

ବନ୍ଧୁ କେନ୍ଦ୍ରୀୟ

Correct Answer: 1) knowledge-centered

ଜ୍ଞାନ କେନ୍ଦ୍ରୀୟ

Candidate Answer: 1) knowledge-centered

ଜ୍ଞାନ କେନ୍ଦ୍ରୀୟ

QID : 629 - Which among the following is NOT a common philosophical orientation to curriculum?

ନିମ୍ନୟ କେଉଁଟି ପାଠ୍ୟକ୍ରମର ଏକ ସାଧାରଣ ଦାର୍ଶନିକ ନିଦର୍ଶନ ହୁଅଁ ?

Options:

1) Idealism

ଆଦର୍ଶବାଦ

2) Realism

ବାସ୍ତବବାଦ

3) Perennialism

ଶାଶ୍ଵତବାଦ

4) Objectivism

ଉଦେଶ୍ୟବାଦ

Correct Answer: 4) Objectivism

ଉଦେଶ୍ୟବାଦ

Candidate Answer: 3) Perennialism

ଶାଶ୍ଵତବାଦ

QID : 630 - Which one of the following schools calls for the elimination of a standardized curriculum, and instead promotes using curricula customized to the students' prior knowledge?

ନିମ୍ନୟ କେଉଁ ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟ ଏକ ମାନକ ପାଠ୍ୟକ୍ରମକୁ ବାଦ ଦେଇଥାଏ, ଓ ଏହା ବଦଳରେ ପିଲାମାନଙ୍କ ପାଖରେ ଆଗ୍ରାହୀ ଥୁବା ଜ୍ଞାନ ହିସାବରେ ପାଠ୍ୟକ୍ରମ ବ୍ୟବହାର କରିବାକୁ ପ୍ରୋତ୍ସାହିତ କରିଥାଏ ?

Options:

1) Constructivism

ରଚନାମୂଳ୍ୟ

2) Cognitivism

ସଂଜ୍ଞାନବାଦ

3) Behaviourism

ଆଚରଣବାଦ

4) Gestalt

ଗୋଷ୍ଠୀକୁ

Correct Answer: 1) Constructivism

ରଚନାମୂଳ୍ୟ

Candidate Answer: 3) Behaviourism

ଆଚରଣବାଦ

QID : 631 - ଶିଖ୍ୟବାର କେଉଁ ବିଷୟବସ୍ତୁରେ “କୀର୍ତ୍ତିଗୁଡ଼ିକୁ ଚିତ୍ରଣ କରିବା ଏବଂ ସାଧାରଣ ମିନି ଦ୍ୱାରା ଛୋଟ ମଳଚିମେଡ଼ିଆ କେବ୍ରକୁ ବୁଝିବା” ପାମିଲୁ ଅଛି?

Options:

1) ଯୋଗଦେଇ

2) ଏକାଗ୍ର ହୋଇ

3) ଶୁଣିବା

4) ଧାନ ଦେଇ ଶୁଣିବା

Correct Answer: 4) ଧାନ ଦେଇ ଶୁଣିବା

Candidate Answer: 4) ଧାନ ଦେଇ ଶୁଣିବା

QID : 632 - _____ କୌଣସି ଗୋଟିଏ ପିଲାକୁ ବିଷୟବସ୍ତୁ ସମ୍ପର୍କ ରୂପେ ବୁଝିବା ଏବଂ ଗୋଟିଏ ନିଷ୍କର୍ଷରେ ପହଞ୍ଚିବାରେ ସାହାଯ୍ୟ କରିଥାଏ

Options:

1) ଶୁଣିବା

2) ପଡ଼ିବା

3) ଲେଖିବା

4) ବୁଝିବା

Correct Answer: 2) ପଡ଼ିବା

Candidate Answer: 3) ଲେଖିବା

QID : 633 - ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ବାକ୍ୟଗୁଡ଼ିକ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁଟି ଗୋଟିଏ ଅଭ୍ୟାସ ତିଆରି କରିବା (habit formation) ନାହିଁ ପାଇଁ ସଠିକ ଅଟେ?

Options:

- 1) "ପଡ଼ିବା ସମୟରେ ବୁଝିବା ନିଶ୍ଚିତ ରୂପେ ଗୋଟିଏ ଅଭ୍ୟାସ ତିଆରି କରିବା (habit formation) ପ୍ରକ୍ରିୟା ଅଟେ, ଏହା ହେଉଛି ଗୋଟିଏ ପ୍ରକ୍ରିୟା ଯେଉଁ ସମୟରେ ଆମେ ନୂଆ ଅଭ୍ୟାସ ଗୁଡ଼ିକୁ ପ୍ରାପ୍ତ କରିଥାଉ"
- 2) "ପଡ଼ାଇବା ନିଶ୍ଚିତ ରୂପେ ଗୋଟିଏ ଅଭ୍ୟାସ ତିଆରି କରିବା (habit formation) ପ୍ରକ୍ରିୟା ଅଟେ, ଏହା ହେଉଛି ଗୋଟିଏ ପ୍ରକ୍ରିୟା ଯେଉଁ ସମୟରେ ଆମେ ନୂଆ ଅଭ୍ୟାସ ଗୁଡ଼ିକୁ ପ୍ରାପ୍ତ କରିଥାଉ"
- 3) "ଶିଖିବା ନିଶ୍ଚିତ ରୂପେ ଗୋଟିଏ ଅଭ୍ୟାସ ତିଆରି କରିବା (habit formation) ପ୍ରକ୍ରିୟା ଅଟେ, ଏହା ହେଉଛି ଗୋଟିଏ ପ୍ରକ୍ରିୟା ଯେଉଁ ସମୟରେ ଆମେ ନୂଆ ଅଭ୍ୟାସ ଗୁଡ଼ିକୁ ପ୍ରାପ୍ତ କରିଥାଉ"
- 4) "ଭାଷା ନିଶ୍ଚିତ ରୂପେ ଗୋଟିଏ ଅଭ୍ୟାସ ତିଆରି କରିବା (habit formation) ପ୍ରକ୍ରିୟା ଅଟେ, ଏହା ହେଉଛି ଗୋଟିଏ ପ୍ରକ୍ରିୟା ଯେଉଁ ସମୟରେ ଆମେ ନୂଆ ଅଭ୍ୟାସ ଗୁଡ଼ିକୁ ପ୍ରାପ୍ତ କରିଥାଉ"

Correct Answer: 4) "ଭାଷା ନିଶ୍ଚିତ ରୂପେ ଗୋଟିଏ ଅଭ୍ୟାସ ତିଆରି କରିବା (habit formation) ପ୍ରକ୍ରିୟା ଅଟେ, ଏହା ହେଉଛି ଗୋଟିଏ ପ୍ରକ୍ରିୟା ଯେଉଁ ସମୟରେ ଆମେ ନୂଆ ଅଭ୍ୟାସ ଗୁଡ଼ିକୁ ପ୍ରାପ୍ତ କରିଥାଉ"

Candidate Answer: 1) "ପଡ଼ିବା ସମୟରେ ବୁଝିବା ନିଶ୍ଚିତ ରୂପେ ଗୋଟିଏ ଅଭ୍ୟାସ ତିଆରି କରିବା (habit formation) ପ୍ରକ୍ରିୟା ଅଟେ, ଏହା ହେଉଛି ଗୋଟିଏ ପ୍ରକ୍ରିୟା ଯେଉଁ ସମୟରେ ଆମେ ନୂଆ ଅଭ୍ୟାସ ଗୁଡ଼ିକୁ ପ୍ରାପ୍ତ କରିଥାଉ"

QID : 634 - ଭାଷା ଚୟନ କରିବା ସମୟରେ କାହିଁକି ସତର୍କତା ଆବଲମ୍ବନ କରିବା ଆବଶ୍ୟକ?

Options:

- 1) ଶିକ୍ଷା ପାଇଁ ଏହା ସୁବିଧାଜନକ ଏହି ଅଟେ।
- 2) ଶିକ୍ଷା ପାଇଁ ଏହା ସବୁଠାରୁ ପୁରୁଣା ଏହି ଅଟେ।
- 3) ଏହା ଶିକ୍ଷା ପ୍ରଦାନର ଏକ ଅଂଶ ନୁହେଁ।
- 4) ବିଦ୍ୟାର୍ଥୀମାନେ ଏହା ଉପରେ ଭରଣୀ କରନ୍ତି ନାହିଁ।

Correct Answer: 1) ଶିକ୍ଷା ପାଇଁ ଏହା ସୁବିଧାଜନକ ଏହି ଅଟେ।

Candidate Answer: 1) ଶିକ୍ଷା ପାଇଁ ଏହା ସୁବିଧାଜନକ ଏହି ଅଟେ।

QID : 635 - କେଉଁ ପ୍ରକାରର ଲେଖାରେ ରଚନା, ରିପୋର୍ଟ, ରିସର୍ଚ ଓ ରିଭ୍ୟୁ ସମିଲି ଅଛି?

Options:

- 1) ଗ୍ରାହିତିଭ୍ରତା ରାଇଟିଂ
- 2) ଏକ୍ସପୋଜିଟୋରୀ ରାଇଟିଂ
- 3) କ୍ରିଏଟିଭ ରାଇଟିଂ
- 4) କଶ୍ପାଜିଶନ୍ ରାଇଟିଂ

Correct Answer: 2) ଏକ୍ସପୋଜିଟୋରୀ ରାଇଟିଂ

Candidate Answer: 3) କ୍ରିଏଟିଭ ରାଇଟିଂ

QID : 636 - ନିମ୍ନସ୍ତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁ ବିକଳ୍ ଠିକ୍ ଅଟେ? _____ ଓ _____ ଜରୁରୀ କମ୍ପୋଜିଶନ୍ ଜିନର ଅଟନ୍ତି।

Options:

- 1) କନ୍ଦର୍ଦ୍ଦର୍ଶନ, ଏଲାଇନ୍ ମେଶ୍
- 2) ଥୂମ୍, ମୋନୋଗ୍ରାଫ୍
- 3) କନ୍ଦଶ୍ଲୁଆଲ୍, ଇଣ୍ଟରପ୍ରିଣ୍ଟର୍
- 4) ଏକ୍ସପୋଜିଶନ୍, ପର୍ଫୁଏଶନ୍

Correct Answer: 4) ଏକ୍ସପୋଜିଶନ୍, ପର୍ଫୁଏଶନ୍

Candidate Answer: 4) ଏକ୍ସପୋଜିଶନ୍, ପର୍ଫୁଏଶନ୍

QID : 637 - ଏଣ୍-ଅଟ୍-ରନ୍ଧ୍ରକ୍ଷନ୍ ଟେଲ୍ ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁ ଉଦେଶ୍ୟ ପାଇଁ ବ୍ୟବହାର କରାଯାଇଥାଏ?

Options:

- 1) ଛାତ୍ରମାନଙ୍କୁ ପିତ୍ତବ୍ୟାକ୍ ଦେବା ପାଇଁ
- 2) ଅଧ୍ୟକ୍ଷ ଚ୍ୟାଲେଞ୍ଜିଂ ଓ ଆଧୁନିକ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ କରିବା ପାଇଁ ବିଦ୍ୟାର୍ଥୀମାନଙ୍କୁ ଉପସାହିତ କରିବା
- 3) ଗ୍ରେଡ଼ିଂ କରିବା ଉଦେଶ୍ୟରେ ବ୍ୟବହାର କରିବା
- 4) ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ସମସ୍ୟା

Correct Answer: 4) ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ସମସ୍ୟା

Candidate Answer: 1) ଛାତ୍ରମାନଙ୍କୁ ପିତ୍ତବ୍ୟାକ୍ ଦେବା ପାଇଁ

QID : 638 - ଶ୍ରେଣୀ ଗୃହ ଆସେସମେଟ୍ ପାଇଁ ସାଧାରଣତଃ ଶିକ୍ଷକମାନେ ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁ ଏହୁକେଶନାଲ୍ ଷ୍ଟାଣ୍ଟର୍ ବ୍ୟବହାର କରନ୍ତି?

Options:

- 1) କଣ୍ଟ୍ରେଣ୍ଟ୍ ଷ୍ଟାଣ୍ଟର୍
- 2) ପର୍ଫମାନ୍ ଷ୍ଟାଣ୍ଟର୍
- 3) ଏକାଡେମିକ୍ ଷ୍ଟାଣ୍ଟର୍
- 4) ଉଭୟ (କଣ୍ଟ୍ରେଣ୍ଟ୍ ଷ୍ଟାଣ୍ଟର୍) ଓ (ପର୍ଫମାନ୍ ଷ୍ଟାଣ୍ଟର୍)

Correct Answer: 4) ଉଭୟ (କଣ୍ଟ୍ରେଣ୍ଟ୍ ଷ୍ଟାଣ୍ଟର୍) ଓ (ପର୍ଫମାନ୍ ଷ୍ଟାଣ୍ଟର୍)

Candidate Answer: 3) ଏକାଡେମିକ୍ ଷ୍ଟାଣ୍ଟର୍

QID : 639 - ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁ ଷ୍ଟାଣ୍ଟର୍ରୁ ବ୍ୟବହାର କରି ଆବଶ୍ୟକତା ଲେବଲ୍ର ପ୍ରୋଫିସିଏନ୍ୟୁୱୁ ଚିହ୍ନଟ କରିବା ଯେଉଁରେ ଏହୁକେଟର, ମାଷ୍ଟର ହୋଇଥିବା କଣ୍ଟ୍ରେଣ୍ଟ୍ ଷ୍ଟାଣ୍ଟର୍ ଆବଶ୍ୟକ କରେ?

Options:

- 1) ଏକାଡେମିକ ଷ୍ଟୁଡ୍ୟୁଟ୍
- 2) କଣ୍ଟ୍ରୁଷ୍ଟ ଷ୍ଟୁଡ୍ୟୁଟ୍
- 3) ପର୍ମାନ୍ତ ଷ୍ଟୁଡ୍ୟୁଟ୍
- 4) ଏବୁକେଶନାଲ୍ ଷ୍ଟୁଡ୍ୟୁଟ୍

Correct Answer: 3) ପର୍ମାନ୍ତ ଷ୍ଟୁଡ୍ୟୁଟ୍

Candidate Answer: 1) ଏକାଡେମିକ ଷ୍ଟୁଡ୍ୟୁଟ୍

QID : 640 - କଣ୍ଟ୍ରୁଷ୍ଟ ଷ୍ଟୁଡ୍ୟୁଟ୍ ବ୍ୟବହାର କରିବାର ଉଦେଶ୍ୟ କ'ଣ?

Options:

- 1) ଏହା ନଲେଜ୍ ବା କୌଣ୍କଲକୁ ବର୍ଣ୍ଣନା କରିବା ପାଇଁ ବ୍ୟବହାର କରାଯାଏ, ଯାହା ବିଦ୍ୟାର୍ଥୀମାନେ ଶିଖନ୍ତୁ ବୋଲି ଏବୁକେଟରମାନଙ୍କର ଇନ୍ତା ଥାଏ ।
- 2) ଏହାକୁ ବ୍ୟବହାର କରି ଆବଶ୍ୟକତା ଲେବଲ୍ର ପ୍ରୋପିଷିଏନ୍ୟୁକୁ ଚିହ୍ନଟ କରିବା ଯେଉଁରେ ଏବୁକେଟର, ମାଷ୍ଟର ହୋଇଥିବା କଣ୍ଟ୍ରୁଷ୍ଟ ଷ୍ଟୁଡ୍ୟୁଟ୍ ଆବଶ୍ୟକ କରେ ।
- 3) ରେଫରେନ୍ସ କରାଯାଇ ନଥିବାକୁ କିମ୍ବା ଗୋଟିଏ କ୍ରାଇଟେରିଆ-ରେଫରେନ୍ସ କରାଯାଇଥିବା ଆସେସମେଣ୍ଟ ଆପ୍ରୋବକୁ, ଏଥୁ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁଚିକୁ ଗ୍ରହଣ କରିବେ, ତାହା ନିର୍ଦ୍ଧାରଣ କରିବା ପାଇଁ ।
- 4) ଉଭୟ (ଏହା ନଲେଜ୍ ବା କୌଣ୍କଲକୁ ବର୍ଣ୍ଣନା କରିବା ପାଇଁ ବ୍ୟବହାର କରାଯାଏ, ଯାହା ବିଦ୍ୟାର୍ଥୀମାନେ ଶିଖନ୍ତୁ ବୋଲି ଏବୁକେଟରମାନଙ୍କର ଇନ୍ତା ଥାଏ ।) ଓ (ଏହାକୁ ବ୍ୟବହାର କରି ଆବଶ୍ୟକତା ଲେବଲ୍ର ପ୍ରୋପିଷିଏନ୍ୟୁକୁ ଚିହ୍ନଟ କରିବା ଯେଉଁରେ ଏବୁକେଟର, ମାଷ୍ଟର ହୋଇଥିବା କଣ୍ଟ୍ରୁଷ୍ଟ ଷ୍ଟୁଡ୍ୟୁଟ୍ ଆବଶ୍ୟକ କରେ ।)

Correct Answer: 1) ଏହା ନଲେଜ୍ ବା କୌଣ୍କଲକୁ ବର୍ଣ୍ଣନା କରିବା ପାଇଁ ବ୍ୟବହାର କରାଯାଏ, ଯାହା ବିଦ୍ୟାର୍ଥୀମାନେ ଶିଖନ୍ତୁ ବୋଲି ଏବୁକେଟରମାନଙ୍କର ଇନ୍ତା ଥାଏ ।

Candidate Answer: 2) ଏହାକୁ ବ୍ୟବହାର କରି ଆବଶ୍ୟକତା ଲେବଲ୍ର ପ୍ରୋପିଷିଏନ୍ୟୁକୁ ଚିହ୍ନଟ କରିବା ଯେଉଁରେ ଏବୁକେଟର, ମାଷ୍ଟର ହୋଇଥିବା କଣ୍ଟ୍ରୁଷ୍ଟ ଷ୍ଟୁଡ୍ୟୁଟ୍ ଆବଶ୍ୟକ କରେ ।

QID : 641 - ପ୍ରଦର୍ଶନ ବାକ୍ୟରେ କେହିଁ ପ୍ରକାର ପଦ ପ୍ରକରଣ ପ୍ରଦର୍ଶିତ? ବାକ୍ୟଟି ହେଉଛି 'ଥେ ବୋମେ ସିରିଏଡ୍ '.

Options:

- 1) ସରଳ ପଦ ପ୍ରକରଣ
- 2) ଯୌଗିକ ପଦ ପ୍ରକରଣ
- 3) ଜଟିଳ ପଦ ପ୍ରକରଣ
- 4) ଯୌଗିକ- ଜଟିଳ ପଦ ପ୍ରକରଣ

Correct Answer: 1) ସରଳ ପଦ ପ୍ରକରଣ

Candidate Answer: 3) ଜଟିଳ ପଦ ପ୍ରକରଣ

QID : 642 - ସେବାବର୍ତ୍ତ ଶବ୍ଦରେ କେଉଁ ମର୍ମିମ୍ ମୁକ୍ତ (ଫରେଇ) ଏବଂ କେଉଁଟି ଆବଶ୍ୟକ (ବୁଦ୍ଧି)?

Options:

- 1) sea- ମୁକ୍ତ, ward-ଆବଦି
- 2) sea-ଆବଦି, ward-ମୁକ୍ତ
- 3) se-ମୁକ୍ତ, award-ଆବଦି
- 4) se-ଆବଦି, award-ମୁକ୍ତ

Correct Answer: 1) sea- ମୁକ୍ତ, ward-ଆବଦି

Candidate Answer: 1) sea- ମୁକ୍ତି, ward-ଆବଦି

QID : 643 - ସିଶ୍ରୁତରେ ଥିବା ଲେକ୍ଟିକନ୍ ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁ ଭୂମିକା ଗ୍ରହଣ କରିଥାଏ?

Options:

- 1) ଏହା ବାକ୍ୟରେ ଉପଯୁକ୍ତ କଣ୍ଠେ ନେଇଶୁଣୁଡ଼ିକୁ ଯୋଡ଼ିଥାଏ
- 2) ଏହା ବାକ୍ୟରେ ଥିବା ଗ୍ରାମାଚିକାଳ ଷ୍ଟୁକ୍ଚରକୁ ନିର୍ଣ୍ଣାରଣ କରିଥାଏ
- 3) ଗୋଟିଏ ଭାଷାର ଏହା ଏକ ଶବ୍ଦକୋଷ କିମ୍ବା ଭୋକାବୁଲାରୀ ଅଟେ
- 4) ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ସମସ୍ତ

Correct Answer: 4) ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ସମୟା

Candidate Answer: 4) ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ସମସ୍ତ

QID : 644 - ମୋ ଭରଣୀ ଗୋଟିଏ ଯୋମ୍ବାମୁଲିଷ୍ଟ ଅଟେ, ତେଣୁ ମୋର ମା' ତା'ର ସୁରକ୍ଷା ପାଇଁ ତାକୁ ରାତିରେ ବେତ୍ତମ୍ ରେ ଲକ୍ଷ କରି ରଖନ୍ତି । ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ମଧ୍ୟରୁ କେଉଁ ଶବ୍ଦର ପ୍ରଦର କଣେକ୍ଷଣ ବିଶ୍ଲେଷଣ ପାଇଁ ଗୋଟିଏ କ୍ଳା ଅଟେ?

Options:

- ୧) ଭଉଣୀ
- ୨) ସୋମ୍ବାମ୍ବୁଲ୍
- ୩) ଲକ୍ଷ
- ୪) ବେଡ୍ରୁମ୍

Correct Answer: 2) ଘୋମ୍ବାମବୁଲିଷ୍ଟ

Candidate Answer: 2) ଘୋମ୍ବାମ୍ବଳିଷ୍ଟ

QID : 645 - ජ්‍යෙෂ්ඨ මොහන යෙනාප්‍රතිංශ ප්‍රමාණ ලේඛා කාඩා පාල් එමර්ජ් ප්‍රමාණ ප්‍රතිංශ :

Options:

- 1) ସାମାଜିକ - ସାଂସ୍କୃତିକ ସ୍ଥିତି
- 2) ପ୍ରକୃତି
- 3) ବର୍ଣ୍ଣନାମୂଳକ
- 4) ପ୍ରଣୟ ବା ଭାବ

Correct Answer: 1) ସାମାଜିକ - ସାଂସ୍କୃତିକ ସ୍ଥିତି

Candidate Answer: 2) ପ୍ରକୃତି

QID : 646 - କିଏ ପ୍ରକୃତି କବି ଭାବେ ଖ୍ୟାତ?

Options:

- 1) ସୁରେତ୍ର ମହାନ୍ତି
- 2) ଫକୀର ମୋହନ ସେନାପତି
- 3) ଗଙ୍ଗାଧର ମେହେର
- 4) ଗୋପୀନାଥ ମହାନ୍ତି

Correct Answer: 3) ଗଙ୍ଗାଧର ମେହେର

Candidate Answer: 2) ଫକୀର ମୋହନ ସେନାପତି

QID : 647 - ନୀଳଶୈଳର ରତ୍ନିତା କିଏ?

Options:

- 1) ଫକୀର ମୋହନ ସେନାପତି
- 2) ରାଧାନାଥ ରାୟ
- 3) ସ୍ଵଭାବ କବି ଗଙ୍ଗାଧର ମେହେର
- 4) ସୁରେତ୍ର ମହାନ୍ତି

Correct Answer: 4) ସୁରେତ୍ର ମହାନ୍ତି

Candidate Answer: 4) ସୁରେତ୍ର ମହାନ୍ତି

QID : 648 - ପ୍ରଥମ ସାହିତ୍ୟ ଏକାଡେମୀ ପୁରସ୍କାର କିଏ ପାଇଥୁଲେ, ଯାହା କୌଣସି ଭାଷା କିମ୍ବା ରଚନା ଶୈଳୀରେ ସୃଜନଶୀଳ ସାହିତ୍ୟ ରଚନା ପାଇଁ ବିଆୟାଇଥୁବା ସର୍ବ ପ୍ରଥମ ପୁରସ୍କାର ଥିଲା?

Options:

- 1) ଗଜାଧର ମୋହେର
- 2) ରାଧାନାଥ ରାୟ
- 3) ଗୋପୀନାଥ ମହାନ୍ତି
- 4) ଫକୀର ମୋହନ ସେନାପତି

Correct Answer: 3) ଗୋପୀନାଥ ମହାନ୍ତି

Candidate Answer: 2) ରାଧାନାଥ ରାୟ

QID : 649 - ପ୍ରସିଦ୍ଧ କବିତା, ଉତ୍ତଳ ଭ୍ରମଶମ ରେ ଚିତ୍ରିତ ପ୍ରସଙ୍ଗ କଣ?

Options:

- 1) ଓଡ଼ିଶା ଜୀବନଶୈଳୀ ଉପରେ ବ୍ୟଙ୍ଗ
- 2) ଧାର୍ମିକ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟ ଚିତ୍ରଣ କରେ
- 3) ଓଡ଼ିଶାର ଜୀବନଶୈଳୀର ପୁଣ୍ୟତା କରେ
- 4) ଜାତିଗତ ଭେଦଭାବ

Correct Answer: 1) ଓଡ଼ିଶା ଜୀବନଶୈଳୀ ଉପରେ ବ୍ୟଙ୍ଗ

Candidate Answer: 1) ଓଡ଼ିଶା ଜୀବନଶୈଳୀ ଉପରେ ବ୍ୟଙ୍ଗ

QID : 650 - ସ୍ମୃତେ ମହାନ୍ତିଙ୍କର କେଉଁ ଉପନ୍ୟାସ କୁଳ ଧର୍ମ ଉପରେ ଆପାରିତ?

Options:

- 1) କୃଷ୍ଣାବେଶୀରେ ସନ୍ଧ୍ୟା
- 2) ଆଜିବକର ଅଜହାୟ
- 3) ନିଳାନ୍ତି ବିଜୟ
- 4) ନୀଳଶୈଳ

Correct Answer: 2) ଆଜିବକର ଅଜହାୟ

Candidate Answer: 4) ନୀଳଶୈଳ

QID : 651 - ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ବ୍ୟାଖ୍ୟା ଉପରେ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ ଆଧାରିତ ଅଟେ । ଉତ୍ତରାଂଶୁ ଧାନର ସହିତ ପଡ଼ିଲୁ । ଭଲ ପରିଧାନ କରିଥୁବା ଜଣେ ଯୁବକ ଏକ ବଡ଼ କପଡ଼ା ଦୋକାନରେ ପ୍ରବେଶ କରିଲେ । ସେ ସେହି ବିକ୍ରୟକାରୀଙ୍କ ଧାନ ଆକର୍ଷଣ କରିବାରେ ସନ୍ତୋଷମାନ ଥିଲେ ଯିଏ ତାଙ୍କୁ ଧନୀ ବୋଲି ଭାବୁଥୁଲେ ଏବଂ ବହୁତ ଗୁଡ଼ାଏ ସାମଗ୍ରୀ କିଣିବା ପାଇଁ ବନା ରଖିଥୁବା ଭାବୁଥୁଲେ । ତାଙ୍କୁ ବିଭିନ୍ନ ପ୍ରକାରର ଭଲିକିଭଳି ସ୍ଥାନ ର ଲମ୍ବ ଏବଂ ବିଭିନ୍ନ ପ୍ରକାର ଶାଢ଼ୀ ଦେଖାଇବାରେ ଲାଗିଲେ । ମାତ୍ର ସେଗୁଡ଼ିକୁ ସାଧାରଣ ଭାବେ ଯାଏ କରିବା ପରେ, ସେ ଅନ୍ୟ ଏକ ବିଭାଗକୁ ତାଲିଗଲେ, ଯେଉଁଠାରେ ପୂର୍ବରୁ ପ୍ରସ୍ତୁତ ସାମଗ୍ରୀ ବିକ୍ରି କରା ଯାଉଥିଲା ଏବଂ ପରେ ବୁଣାବସ୍ଥା ବିଭାଗକୁ ତାଲିଗଲେ । ସେମାନଙ୍କ ଦ୍ଵାରା, ବିକ୍ରେତା ତାଙ୍କର ଅଭିପ୍ରାୟ ଉପରେ ସନ୍ଦେହ କରିବା ଆରମ୍ଭ କରିଥୁଲେ ଏବଂ ଏନେଇ ପ୍ରବନ୍ଧକଙ୍କ ଧାନ ଆକର୍ଷଣ କରିଥୁଲେ । ପ୍ରବନ୍ଧକ ତାଙ୍କୁ ପଚାରିଥୁଲେ କି ସେ ବାସୁଦେବରେ କଣ ତାହାନ୍ତି, ଏବଂ ସେ ଉତ୍ତର ଦେଲେ କି ସେ ବିନମ୍ଯ ଧାନ ତାହାନ୍ତି । ସେ କହିଲେ କି, ସେହିଦିନ ସକାଳେ ସେ ଏକ ଆରାମଦାୟକ ପୋଷାକରେ ସେଠାକୁ ଆସିଥୁଲେ ଏବଂ ସାମାନ୍ୟ ଧାନ ଆକର୍ଷଣ କରିଥୁଲେ । ତାଙ୍କ ଗାରିମା ଶୁଣ୍ଟି ହୋଇଥିଲା ଏବଂ ସେ ନିଜକୁ ଦୃଢ଼ କରିବାକୁ ଚାହୁଁଥୁଲେ । ସେ କେବଳ ଭଲ ବ୍ୟବହାର ପାଇଁ ଭଲ ପୋଷାକ ପରିଧାନ କରି ଆସିଥୁଲେ, କୌଣସି ବସ୍ତୁ କିଣିବାକୁ ଆସିନଥୁଲେ । କୌଣସି ଜିନିଷ ନ କିଣି ସେ ଦୋକାନରୁ ବାହାରି ଗଲେ ।

କାହିଁକି ଯୁବକ ଜଣକ ଭଲ କପଡ଼ା ପରିଧାନ କରିଥୁଲେ ?

Options:

- 1) ଭଲ କପଡ଼ା ପରିଧାନ କରିବା ତାଙ୍କର ଅଭ୍ୟାସ ଥିଲା ।
- 2) ତାଙ୍କର ଜନ୍ମଦିନ ଥିଲା ।
- 3) ସେ ଏକ ସାଧାରଣକୁ ଯାଉଥୁଲେ ।
- 4) ବିକ୍ରେତାଙ୍କୁ ସେ ପ୍ରଭାବିତ କରିବାକୁ ଚାହୁଁଥୁଲେ ।

Correct Answer: 4) ବିକ୍ରେତାଙ୍କୁ ସେ ପ୍ରଭାବିତ କରିବାକୁ ଚାହୁଁଥୁଲେ ।

Candidate Answer: 4) ବିକ୍ରେତାଙ୍କୁ ସେ ପ୍ରଭାବିତ କରିବାକୁ ଚାହୁଁଥୁଲେ ।

QID : 652 - ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ବ୍ୟାଖ୍ୟା ଉପରେ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ ଆଧାରିତ ଅଟେ । ଉତ୍ତରାଂଶୁ ଧାନର ସହିତ ପଡ଼ିଲୁ । ଭଲ ପରିଧାନ କରିଥୁବା ଜଣେ ଯୁବକ ଏକ ବଡ଼ କପଡ଼ା ଦୋକାନରେ ପ୍ରବେଶ କରିଲେ । ସେ ସେହି ବିକ୍ରୟକାରୀଙ୍କ ଧାନ ଆକର୍ଷଣ କରିବାରେ ସନ୍ତୋଷମାନ ଥିଲେ ଯିଏ ତାଙ୍କୁ ଧନୀ ବୋଲି ଭାବୁଥୁଲେ ଏବଂ ବହୁତ ଗୁଡ଼ାଏ ସାମଗ୍ରୀ କିଣିବା ପାଇଁ ବନା ରଖିଥୁବା ଭାବୁଥୁଲେ । ତାଙ୍କୁ ବିଭିନ୍ନ ପ୍ରକାରର ଭଲିକିଭଳି ସ୍ଥାନ ର ଲମ୍ବ ଏବଂ ବିଭିନ୍ନ ପ୍ରକାର ଶାଢ଼ୀ ଦେଖାଇବାରେ ଲାଗିଲେ । ମାତ୍ର ସେଗୁଡ଼ିକୁ ସାଧାରଣ ଭାବେ ଯାଏ କରିବା ପରେ, ସେ ଅନ୍ୟ ଏକ ବିଭାଗକୁ ତାଲିଗଲେ, ଯେଉଁଠାରେ ପୂର୍ବରୁ ପ୍ରସ୍ତୁତ ସାମଗ୍ରୀ ବିକ୍ରି କରା ଯାଉଥିଲା ଏବଂ ପରେ ବୁଣାବସ୍ଥା ବିଭାଗକୁ ତାଲିଗଲେ । ସେମାନଙ୍କ ଦ୍ଵାରା, ବିକ୍ରେତା ତାଙ୍କର ଅଭିପ୍ରାୟ ଉପରେ ସନ୍ଦେହ କରିବା ଆରମ୍ଭ କରିଥୁଲେ ଏବଂ ଏନେଇ ପ୍ରବନ୍ଧକଙ୍କ ଧାନ ଆକର୍ଷଣ କରିଥୁଲେ । ପ୍ରବନ୍ଧକ ତାଙ୍କୁ ପଚାରିଥୁଲେ କି ସେ ବାସୁଦେବରେ କଣ ତାହାନ୍ତି, ଏବଂ ସେ ଉତ୍ତର ଦେଲେ କି ସେ ବିନମ୍ଯ ଧାନ ତାହାନ୍ତି । ସେ କହିଲେ କି, ସେହିଦିନ ସକାଳେ ସେ ଏକ ଆରାମଦାୟକ ପୋଷାକରେ ସେଠାକୁ ଆସିଥୁଲେ ଏବଂ ସାମାନ୍ୟ ଧାନ ଆକର୍ଷଣ କରିଥୁଲେ । ତାଙ୍କ ଗାରିମା ଶୁଣ୍ଟି ହୋଇଥିଲା ଏବଂ ସେ ନିଜକୁ ଦୃଢ଼ କରିବାକୁ ଚାହୁଁଥୁଲେ । ସେ କେବଳ ଭଲ ବ୍ୟବହାର ପାଇଁ ଭଲ ପୋଷାକ ପରିଧାନ କରି ଆସିଥୁଲେ, କୌଣସି ବସ୍ତୁ କିଣିବାକୁ ଆସିନଥୁଲେ । କୌଣସି ଜିନିଷ ନ କିଣି ସେ ଦୋକାନରୁ ବାହାରି ଗଲେ ।

ଦିଆ ଯାଉଥୁବା ଉତ୍ତରାଂଶୁ, ଦୋକାନରେ ବିକ୍ରେତାଙ୍କୁ ଧାନ ପାଉଥୁବା ଲୋକଙ୍କର ବିବରଣୀ କଣ ଅଟେ ?

Options:

- 1) ସ୍ଥାନର ଚର୍ଚାଣୀ
- 2) ଧନୀ ଗ୍ରାହକ
- 3) ଯୁବ ଗ୍ରାହକ
- 4) ପୁରୁଣା ଗ୍ରାହକ

Correct Answer: 2) ଧନୀ ଗ୍ରାହକ

Candidate Answer: 2) ଧନୀ ଗ୍ରାହକ

QID : 653 - ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ବ୍ୟାଖ୍ୟା ଉପରେ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ ଆଧାରିତ ଅଟେ । ଉତ୍ତରାଂଶୁ ଧାନର ସହିତ ପଡ଼ନ୍ତୁ । ଭଲ ପରିଧାନ କରିଥୁବା ଜଣେ ଯୁବକ ଏକ ବଡ଼ କପଡ଼ା ଦୋକାନରେ ପ୍ରବେଶ କରିଲେ । ସେ ସେହି ବିକ୍ରୟକାରୀଙ୍କ ଧାନ ଆକର୍ଷଣ କରିବାରେ ସନ୍ତମ ଥୁଲେ ଯିଏ ତାଙ୍କୁ ଧନୀ ବୋଲି ଭାବୁଥୁଲେ ଏବଂ ବହୁତ ଗୁଡ଼ାଏ ସାମଗ୍ରୀ କିଣିବା ପାମାବନା ରଖୁଥୁବା ଭାବୁଥୁଲେ । ତାଙ୍କୁ ବିଭିନ୍ନ ପ୍ରକାରର ଭଲିକିଭଳି ସ୍ଥାନ ର ଲମ୍ବ ଏବଂ ବିଭିନ୍ନ ପ୍ରକାର ଶାଢ଼ୀ ଦେଖାଇବାରେ ଲାଗିଲେ । ମାତ୍ର ସେଗୁଡ଼ିକୁ ସାଧାରଣ ଭାବେ ଯାଏ କରିବା ପରେ, ସେ ଅନ୍ୟ ଏକ ବିଭାଗକୁ ଚାଲିଗଲେ, ଯେଉଁଠାରେ ପୂର୍ବରୁ ପ୍ରସ୍ତୁତ ସାମଗ୍ରୀ ବିକ୍ରି କରା ଯାଉଥିଲା ଏବଂ ପରେ ବୁଣାବସ୍ଥା ବିଭାଗକୁ ଚାଲିଗଲେ । ସେମାନଙ୍କ ଦ୍ଵାରା, ବିକ୍ରେତା ତାଙ୍କର ଅଭିପ୍ରାୟ ଉପରେ ସନ୍ଦେହ କରିବା ଆରମ୍ଭ କରିଥୁଲେ ଏବଂ ଏନେଇ ପ୍ରବନ୍ଧକଙ୍କ ଧାନ ଆକର୍ଷଣ କରିଥୁଲେ । ପ୍ରବନ୍ଧକ ତାଙ୍କୁ ପଚାରିଥୁଲେ କି ସେ ବାସୁଦେବରେ କଣ ତାହାନ୍ତି, ଏବଂ ସେ ଉତ୍ତର ଦେଲେ କି ସେ ବିନମ୍ବ ଧାନ ତାହାନ୍ତି । ସେ କହିଲେ କି, ସେହିଦିନ ସକାଳେ ସେ ଏକ ଆରାମଦାୟକ ପୋଷାକରେ ସେଠାକୁ ଆସିଥୁଲେ ଏବଂ ସାମାନ୍ୟ ଧାନ ଆକର୍ଷଣ କରିଥୁଲେ । ତାଙ୍କ ଗାରିମା ଶୁଣ୍ଟୁ ହୋଇଥିଲା ଏବଂ ସେ ନିଜକୁ ଦୃଢ଼ କରିବାକୁ ଚାହୁଁଥୁଲେ । ସେ କେବଳ ଭଲ ବ୍ୟବହାର ପାଇଁ ଭଲ ପୋଷାକ ପରିଧାନ କରି ଆସିଥୁଲେ, କୌଣସି ବସ୍ତୁ କିଣିବାକୁ ଆସିନଥୁଲେ । କୌଣସି ଜିନିଷ ନ କିଣି ସେ ଦୋକାନରୁ ବାହାରି ଗଲେ ।

କାହିଁକି ଲୋକ ଜଣକ ଅନବରତ ଭାବେ ଆଗାମୀ ବିଭାଗ ଗୁଡ଼ିକୁ ଚାଲି ଯାଉଥୁଲେ

Options:

- 1) କାରଣ ସେ ଭଲ କପଡ଼ା ଚାହୁଁଥୁଲେ ।
- 2) କାରଣ ସେ ପୂର୍ବରୁ ପ୍ରସ୍ତୁତ କପଡ଼ା ପଥନ କରି ନଥୁଲେ ।
- 3) କାରଣ କୌଣସି ଜିନିଷ କିଣିବା ପାଇଁ ସେହି ବ୍ୟକ୍ତି ଇଚ୍ଛା ନଥୁଲେ ।
- 4) କାରଣ ବ୍ୟକ୍ତି ଜଣକ ଅମ୍ବିର ଥୁଲେ ।

Correct Answer: 3) କାରଣ କୌଣସି ଜିନିଷ କିଣିବା ପାଇଁ ସେହି ବ୍ୟକ୍ତି ଇଚ୍ଛା ନଥୁଲେ ।

Candidate Answer: 1) କାରଣ ସେ ଭଲ କପଡ଼ା ଚାହୁଁଥୁଲେ ।

QID : 654 - ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ବ୍ୟାଖ୍ୟା ଉପରେ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ ଆଧାରିତ ଅଟେ । ଉତ୍ତରାଂଶୁ ଧାନର ସହିତ ପଡ଼ନ୍ତୁ । ଭଲ ପରିଧାନ କରିଥୁବା ଜଣେ ଯୁବକ ଏକ ବଡ଼ କପଡ଼ା ଦୋକାନରେ ପ୍ରବେଶ କରିଲେ । ସେ ସେହି ବିକ୍ରୟକାରୀଙ୍କ ଧାନ ଆକର୍ଷଣ କରିବାରେ ସନ୍ତମ ଥୁଲେ ଯିଏ ତାଙ୍କୁ ଧନୀ ବୋଲି ଭାବୁଥୁଲେ ଏବଂ ବହୁତ ଗୁଡ଼ାଏ ସାମଗ୍ରୀ କିଣିବା ପାମାବନା ରଖୁଥୁବା ଭାବୁଥୁଲେ । ତାଙ୍କୁ ବିଭିନ୍ନ ପ୍ରକାରର ଭଲିକିଭଳି ସ୍ଥାନ ର ଲମ୍ବ ଏବଂ ବିଭିନ୍ନ ପ୍ରକାର ଶାଢ଼ୀ ଦେଖାଇବାରେ ଲାଗିଲେ । ମାତ୍ର ସେଗୁଡ଼ିକୁ ସାଧାରଣ ଭାବେ ଯାଏ କରିବା ପରେ, ସେ ଅନ୍ୟ ଏକ ବିଭାଗକୁ ଚାଲିଗଲେ, ଯେଉଁଠାରେ ପୂର୍ବରୁ ପ୍ରସ୍ତୁତ ସାମଗ୍ରୀ ବିକ୍ରି କରା ଯାଉଥିଲା ଏବଂ ପରେ ବୁଣାବସ୍ଥା ବିଭାଗକୁ ଚାଲିଗଲେ । ସେମାନଙ୍କ ଦ୍ଵାରା, ବିକ୍ରେତା ତାଙ୍କର ଅଭିପ୍ରାୟ ଉପରେ ସନ୍ଦେହ କରିବା ଆରମ୍ଭ କରିଥୁଲେ ଏବଂ ଏନେଇ ପ୍ରବନ୍ଧକଙ୍କ ଧାନ ଆକର୍ଷଣ କରିଥୁଲେ । ପ୍ରବନ୍ଧକ ତାଙ୍କୁ ପଚାରିଥୁଲେ କି ସେ ବାସୁଦେବରେ କଣ ତାହାନ୍ତି, ଏବଂ ସେ ଉତ୍ତର ଦେଲେ କି ସେ ବିନମ୍ବ ଧାନ ତାହାନ୍ତି । ସେ କହିଲେ କି, ସେହିଦିନ ସକାଳେ ସେ ଏକ ଆରାମଦାୟକ ପୋଷାକରେ ସେଠାକୁ ଆସିଥୁଲେ ଏବଂ ସାମାନ୍ୟ ଧାନ ଆକର୍ଷଣ କରିଥୁଲେ । ତାଙ୍କ ଗାରିମା ଶୁଣ୍ଟୁ ହୋଇଥିଲା ଏବଂ ସେ ନିଜକୁ ଦୃଢ଼ କରିବାକୁ ଚାହୁଁଥୁଲେ । ସେ କେବଳ ଭଲ ବ୍ୟବହାର ପାଇଁ ଭଲ ପୋଷାକ ପରିଧାନ କରି ଆସିଥୁଲେ, କୌଣସି ବସ୍ତୁ କିଣିବାକୁ ଆସିନଥୁଲେ । କୌଣସି ଜିନିଷ ନ କିଣି ସେ ଦୋକାନରୁ ବାହାରି ଗଲେ ।

କାହିଁକି ଯୁବକ ଜଣକ କିଛି ନ କିଣି ଦୋକାନରୁ ପଳାଇଲେ?

Options:

- 1) କାରଣ ସେ ନିଜ ପ୍ରସର କୌଣସି ଜିନିଷ ପାଇଲେ ନାହିଁ ।
- 2) କାରଣ ତାଙ୍କ ପର୍ଯ୍ୟନ୍ତ ହଜି ଯାଉଥିଲା ।
- 3) କାରଣ ସେ ପରେ କିଣିବା ପାଇଁ ନିଷ୍ପତ୍ତି ନେଇଥୁଲେ ।
- 4) କାରଣ ସାଧାରଣ କପଡ଼ା ପରିଧାନ କରିଥୁବା ବ୍ୟକ୍ତିଙ୍କ ପାଇଁ ବିକ୍ରେତାଙ୍କର ଅଲଗା ବ୍ୟବହାରକୁ ଦର୍ଶାଇବା ପାଇଁ ସେ ସେଠାକୁ ଆସିଥୁଲେ ।

Correct Answer: 4) କାରଣ ସାଧାରଣ କପଡ଼ା ପରିଧାନ କରିଥୁବା ବ୍ୟକ୍ତିଙ୍କ ପାଇଁ ବିକ୍ରେତାଙ୍କର ଅଲଗା ବ୍ୟବହାରକୁ ଦର୍ଶାଇବା ପାଇଁ ସେ ସେଠାକୁ ଆସିଥୁଲେ ।

Candidate Answer: 4) କାରଣ ସାଧାରଣ କପଡ଼ା ପରିଧାନ କରିଥୁବା ବ୍ୟକ୍ତିଙ୍କ ପାଇଁ ବିକ୍ରେତାଙ୍କର ଅଲଗା ବ୍ୟବହାରକୁ ଦର୍ଶାଇବା ପାଇଁ ସେ ସେଠାକୁ ଆସିଥୁଲେ ।

QID : 655 - ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ବ୍ୟାଖ୍ୟା ଉପରେ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ ଆଧାରିତ ଅଟେ । ଉଚ୍ଚତାଙ୍ଗକୁ ଧାନର ସହିତ ପଡ଼ନ୍ତୁ । ଭଲ ପରିଧାନ କରିଥୁବା ଜଣେ ଯୁବକ ଏକ ବଡ଼ କପଡ଼ା ଦୋକାନରେ ପ୍ରଦେଶ କରିଲେ । ସେ ସେହି ବିକ୍ରୟକାରୀଙ୍କ ଧାନ ଆକର୍ଷଣ କରିବାରେ ସନ୍ତୋଷମଧ୍ୟ ଥିଲେ ଯିଏ ତାଙ୍କୁ ଧନୀ ବୋଲି ଭାବୁଥିଲେ ଏବଂ ବହୁତ ଗୁଡ଼ାଏ ସାମଗ୍ରୀ କିଣିବା ସମ୍ଭାବନା ରଖୁଥିବା ଭାବୁଥିଲେ । ତାଙ୍କୁ ବିଭିନ୍ନ ପ୍ରକାରର ଭଲକିରଳି ସ୍ଵର୍ଗ ରଲମ୍ବ ଏବଂ ବିଭିନ୍ନ ପ୍ରକାର ଶାଢ଼ୀ ଦେଖାଇବାରେ ଲାଗିଲେ । ମାତ୍ର ସେବୁଡ଼ିକୁ ସାଧାରଣ ଭାବେ ଯାଏ ତାଙ୍କୁ କରିବା ପରେ, ସେ ଅନ୍ୟ ଏକ ବିଭାଗକୁ ଚାଲିଗଲେ, ଯେଉଁଠାରେ ପୂର୍ବରୁ ପ୍ରସ୍ତୁତ ସାମଗ୍ରୀ ବିକ୍ରି କରା ଯାଉଥିଲା ଏବଂ ପରେ ବୁଣ୍ଟାବସ୍ତୁ ବିଭାଗକୁ ଚାଲିଗଲେ । ସେମାନଙ୍କ ଦ୍ୱାରା, ବିକ୍ରେତା ତାଙ୍କର ଅଭିପ୍ରାୟ ଉପରେ ସନ୍ଦେହ କରିବା ଆରମ୍ଭ କରିଥୁଲେ ଏବଂ ଏନେଇ ପ୍ରବନ୍ଧକଙ୍କ ଧାନ ଆକର୍ଷଣ କରିଥୁଲେ । ପ୍ରବନ୍ଧକ ତାଙ୍କୁ ପଚାରିଥୁଲେ କି ସେ ବାସୁଦରେ କଣ ଚାହାନ୍ତି, ଏବଂ ସେ ଉତ୍ତର ଦେଲେ କି ସେ ବିନମ୍ର ଧାନ ଚାହାନ୍ତି । ସେ କହିଲେ କି, ସେହିଦିନ ସକାଳେ ସେ ଏକ ଆରାମଦାୟକ ପୋକାରରେ ସେଠାକୁ ଆସିଥିଲେ ଏବଂ ସାମାନ୍ୟ ଧାନ ଆକର୍ଷଣ କରିଥୁଲେ । ତାଙ୍କ ଗାରିମା ଶୁଣ୍ଟି ହୋଇଥିଲା ଏବଂ ସେ ନିଜକୁ ଦୂର କରିବାକୁ ଚାହୁଁଥିଲେ । ସେ କେବଳ ଭଲ ବ୍ୟବହାର ପାଇଁ ଭଲ ପୋକାକ ପରିଧାନ କରି ଆସିଥିଲେ, କୌଣସି ବସ୍ତୁ କିଣିବାକୁ ଆସିନଥିଲେ । କୌଣସି ଜିନିଷ ନ କିଣି ସେ ଦୋକାନରୁ ବାହାରି ଗଲେ ।

ଦିଆ ଯାଇଥିବା ଉଚ୍ଚତାଙ୍ଗରୁ ଗୋଟିଏ ଶବ୍ଦ ଖୋଜନ୍ତୁ, ଯାହା “ରୁଷ” ଶବ୍ଦର ବିପରୀତାର୍ଥବୋଧକ ଶବ୍ଦ ଅଟେ ।

Options:

- 1) ଭୟଭାବ
- 2) ଗର୍ବ
- 3) ଦୁଃଖୀତ
- 4) ବିନମ୍ର

Correct Answer: 4) ବିନମ୍ର

Candidate Answer: 4) ବିନମ୍ର

QID : 656 - ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ ନିମ୍ନରେ ପ୍ରଦେଶ କବିତା ଆଧାରିତ । କବିତାଟିକୁ ପଡ଼ନ୍ତୁ ଏବଂ ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନଗୁଡ଼ିକର ଉତ୍ତର ଦିଅନ୍ତୁ ।

ନଦୀ ପରି ଶାନ୍ତି ପାଇଛି
ମୋ ଆୟାରେ
ମୁଁ ମୋ ଆୟାରେ ଏକ ନଦୀ ପାଇଛି
ଗୋଟେ ଝରଣା ପରି ଖୁସି ପାଇଛି
ମୋ ଆୟାରେ
ମୁଁ ମୋ ଆୟାରେ ଗୋଟେ ଝରଣା ପାଇଛି
ମହାସାଗର ପରି ଭଲ ପାଇବା ପାଇଛି
ମୋ ଆୟାରେ
ମୁଁ ମୋ ଆୟାରେ ଗୋଟେ ମହାସାଗର ପାଇଛି

ଶାନ୍ତି “ଏକ ନଦୀ ପରି” ବୋଲି କବି କାହିଁକି କହିଛନ୍ତି?

Options:

- 1) ନଦୀଗୁଡ଼ିକ ଜଳ
- 2) ନଦୀଗୁଡ଼ିକ ନୀଳ ଏବଂ ବିଶାଳ
- 3) ନଦୀଗୁଡ଼ିକ ଗୋଟିଏ ଦିଗରେ ଗତି କରେ
- 4) ନଦୀଗୁଡ଼ିକ ବ୍ୟପ୍ତ

Correct Answer: 3) ନଦୀଗୁଡ଼ିକ ଗୋଟିଏ ଦିଗରେ ଗତି କରେ

Candidate Answer: 3) ନଦୀରୁଡ଼ିକ ଗୋଟିଏ ଦିଗରେ ଗତି କରେ

QID : 657 - ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ ନିମ୍ନରେ ପ୍ରଦର କବିତା ଆଧାରିତ । କବିତାଟିକୁ ପଡ଼ନ୍ତୁ ଏବଂ ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନରୁ ଉଭୟ ବିଅନ୍ତୁ ।

ନଦୀ ପରି ଶାନ୍ତି ପାଇଛି
ମୋ ଆୟାରେ
ମୁଁ ମୋ ଆୟାରେ ଏକ ନଦୀ ପାଇଛି
ଗୋଟେ ଝରଣା ପରି ଖୁସି ପାଇଛି
ମୋ ଆୟାରେ
ମୁଁ ମୋ ଆୟାରେ ଗୋଟେ ଝରଣା ପାଇଛି
ମହାସାଗର ପରି ଭଲ ପାଇବା ପାଇଛି
ମୋ ଆୟାରେ
ମୁଁ ମୋ ଆୟାରେ ଗୋଟେ ମହାସାଗର ପାଇଛି

କବି କାହିଁକି କହିଛନ୍ତି ଖୁସି “ଏକ ଝରଣା ପରି”?

Options:

- 1) ଖୁସି ପାଣି ଫୋଟୋକା ପରି ତାହା ଦେଖାଇବା ପରି
- 2) କାରଣ ଖୁସି ପାଣି ପରି
- 3) ଏହା ଜିନିଷକୁ ସଫା କରେ
- 4) ଏହା ଚମକୁଆଏ

Correct Answer: 1) ଖୁସି ପାଣି ଫୋଟୋକା ପରି ତାହା ଦେଖାଇବା ପରି

Candidate Answer: 3) ଏହା ଜିନିଷକୁ ସଫା କରେ

QID : 658 - ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ ନିମ୍ନରେ ପ୍ରଦର କବିତା ଆଧାରିତ । କବିତାଟିକୁ ପଡ଼ନ୍ତୁ ଏବଂ ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନରୁ ଉଭୟ ବିଅନ୍ତୁ ।

ନଦୀ ପରି ଶାନ୍ତି ପାଇଛି
ମୋ ଆୟାରେ
ମୁଁ ମୋ ଆୟାରେ ଏକ ନଦୀ ପାଇଛି
ଗୋଟେ ଝରଣା ପରି ଖୁସି ପାଇଛି
ମୋ ଆୟାରେ
ମୁଁ ମୋ ଆୟାରେ ଗୋଟେ ଝରଣା ପାଇଛି
ମହାସାଗର ପରି ଭଲ ପାଇବା ପାଇଛି
ମୋ ଆୟାରେ
ମୁଁ ମୋ ଆୟାରେ ଗୋଟେ ମହାସାଗର ପାଇଛି

କବି କାହିଁକି କହିଛନ୍ତି ଭଲ ପାଇବା “ଏକ ମହାସାଗର ପରି”?

Options:

- 1) ମହାସାଗରରେ ଲହାତି ଅଛି
- 2) ମହାସାଗରରୁଡ଼ିକରେ ଲୁଣିଆ ପାଣି
- 3) ମହାସାଗରରୁଡ଼ିକ ଖୁବ୍ ବଡ଼
- 4) ମହାସାଗରରୁଡ଼ିକ ବଦଳିଯାଏ

Correct Answer: 3) ମହାସାଗରଗୁଡ଼ିକ ଖୁବ୍ ବଡ଼

Candidate Answer: 3) ମହାସାଗରଗୁଡ଼ିକ ଖୁବ୍ ବଡ଼

QID : 659 - ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ ନିମ୍ନରେ ପ୍ରଦତ୍ତ କବିତା ଆଧାରିତ । କବିତାଟିକୁ ପଡ଼ନ୍ତୁ ଏବଂ ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନଗୁଡ଼ିକର ଉତ୍ତର ଦିଅନ୍ତୁ ।

ନଦୀ ପରି ଶାନ୍ତି ପାଇଛି
ମୋ ଆୟାରେ
ମୁଁ ମୋ ଆୟାରେ ଏକ ନଦୀ ପାଇଛି
ଗୋଟେ ହରଣା ପରି ଖୁସି ପାଇଛି
ମୋ ଆୟାରେ
ମୁଁ ମୋ ଆୟାରେ ଗୋଟେ ହରଣା ପାଇଛି
ମହାସାଗର ପରି ଭଲ ପାଇବା ପାଇଛି
ମୋ ଆୟାରେ
ମୁଁ ମୋ ଆୟାରେ ଗୋଟେ ମହାସାଗର ପାଇଛି

କବିତାର ସନ୍ଦେଶ କ'ଣ?

Options:

- 1) ବ୍ୟକ୍ତିଜଣଙ୍କ ଦୁଃଖୀ
- 2) ବ୍ୟକ୍ତିଜଣଙ୍କ ଖୁସି ଅନୁଭବ କରୁଛନ୍ତି
- 3) ବ୍ୟକ୍ତିଜଣଙ୍କ ଗୋଟେ ସମସ୍ୟା ସମାଧାନ କରିଛନ୍ତି
- 4) ବ୍ୟକ୍ତିଜଣଙ୍କ ବ୍ୟସ୍ତ ଥିଲେ

Correct Answer: 2) ବ୍ୟକ୍ତିଜଣଙ୍କ ଖୁସି ଅନୁଭବ କରୁଛନ୍ତି

Candidate Answer: 2) ବ୍ୟକ୍ତିଜଣଙ୍କ ଖୁସି ଅନୁଭବ କରୁଛନ୍ତି

QID : 660 - ପ୍ରଶ୍ନ ନିମ୍ନରେ ପ୍ରଦତ୍ତ କବିତା ଆଧାରିତ । କବିତାଟିକୁ ପଡ଼ନ୍ତୁ ଏବଂ ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନଗୁଡ଼ିକର ଉତ୍ତର ଦିଅନ୍ତୁ ।

ନଦୀ ପରି ଶାନ୍ତି ପାଇଛି
ମୋ ଆୟାରେ
ମୁଁ ମୋ ଆୟାରେ ଏକ ନଦୀ ପାଇଛି
ଗୋଟେ ହରଣା ପରି ଖୁସି ପାଇଛି
ମୋ ଆୟାରେ
ମୁଁ ମୋ ଆୟାରେ ଗୋଟେ ହରଣା ପାଇଛି
ମହାସାଗର ପରି ଭଲ ପାଇବା ପାଇଛି
ମୋ ଆୟାରେ
ମୁଁ ମୋ ଆୟାରେ ଗୋଟେ ମହାସାଗର ପାଇଛି

କେଉଁ ଓଡ଼ିଆ କବି "କେଦାରଗୋରା" ଲେଖୁଥିଲେ ?

Options:

- 1) ରାଧାନାଥ ରାୟ
- 2) ଫକୀର ମୋହନ ସେନାପତି
- 3) ମଧୁସୁଦନ ରାଓ
- 4) ସୁରେତ୍ର ମହାନ୍ତି

Correct Answer: 2) ଫକୀର ମୋହନ ସେନାପତି

Candidate Answer: 2) ଫକୀର ମୋହନ ସେନାପତି

QID : 661 - The sentence below has been divided into three parts. Select the part of the sentence that has an error. If the sentence has no error, select the option 'No Error'.

"We are taking this / situation seriously and the / offenders will be punishing"

Options:

- 1) We are taking this
- 2) situation seriously and the
- 3) offenders will be punishing
- 4) No Error

Correct Answer: 3) offenders will be punishing

Candidate Answer: 2) situation seriously and the

QID : 662 - Select the word segment that substitutes (replaces) the bracketed word segment correctly and completes the sentence meaningfully. Select the option 'no correction required' if the sentence is correct as given.

You may (also printed the sheet) by right clicking the sheet and selecting "Print"

Options:

- 1) also print the sheet
- 2) also prints the sheet
- 3) also print an sheets
- 4) No correction required

Correct Answer: 1) also print the sheet

Candidate Answer: 1) also print the sheet

QID : 663 - A sentence has been given in Active/Passive voice. Out of the four alternatives suggested, select the one which best expresses the same sentence in Passive/Active voice.

The movie goers strongly criticized his movie.

Options:

- 1) His movie were strong criticizing by the moviegoers
- 2) His movie were strongly criticized by the moviegoers
- 3) His movie was strongly criticized by the moviegoers
- 4) His movie is strongly criticized by the moviegoers

Correct Answer: 3) His movie was strongly criticized by the moviegoers

Candidate Answer: 4) His movie is strongly criticized by the moviegoers

QID : 664 - Select the most appropriate word that fills in the blank correctly and completes the sentence meaningfully.

_____this exercise, you will be working with almost all the major muscle groups in your body.

Options:

- 1) During
- 2) Since
- 3) Because
- 4) Further

Correct Answer: 1) During

Candidate Answer: 1) During

QID : 665 - Select the most appropriate word that fills in the blank correctly and completes the sentence meaningfully.

All the students will work ___ a collaborative environment.

Options:

- 1) in
- 2) an
- 3) about
- 4) between

Correct Answer: 1) in

Candidate Answer: 3) about

QID : 666 - Select the word that is closest in meaning (**SYNONYM**) to the word given below.

PALTRY

Options:

- 1) contemplate
- 2) consort
- 3) insignificant
- 4) dissuade

Correct Answer: 3) insignificant

Candidate Answer: 1) contemplate

QID : 667 - Select the word that is opposite in meaning (**ANTONYM**) to the word given below.

SERENDIPITY

Options:

- 1) Ruminate
- 2) Luck
- 3) Misfortune
- 4) Lackey

Correct Answer: 3) Misfortune

Candidate Answer: 2) Luck

QID : 668 - Select the word that is spelled correctly.

Options:

- 1) Fhlehm
- 2) Fhlem
- 3) Phlem
- 4) Phlegm

Correct Answer: 4) Phlegm

Candidate Answer: 3) Phlem

QID : 669 - Select the most appropriate 'one word ' for the expressions given below.

Someone who is stubbornly unyielding

Options:

- 1) Pertinacious
- 2) Sanctimonious
- 3) Morpheus
- 4) Delirious

Correct Answer: 1) Pertinacious

Candidate Answer: 3) Morpheus

QID : 670 - Select the option that best expresses the meaning of the idiom or phrase given below.

Hear it on the grapevine

Options:

- 1) to do something badly or cheaply
- 2) to fight with someone
- 3) to hear rumours about something or someone.
- 4) to judge someone or something based solely on appearance

Correct Answer: 3) to hear rumours about something or someone.

Candidate Answer: 4) to judge someone or something based solely on appearance

QID : 671 - Which one of the following is not a method of conducting Oral Work?

Options:

- 1) Performing actions
- 2) Asking questions
- 3) Giving an outline of a story
- 4) Assigning homework

Correct Answer: 4) Assigning homework

Candidate Answer: 2) Asking questions

QID : 672 - How many roles of listening are there?

Options:

- 1) 7
- 2) 5
- 3) 4
- 4) 9

Correct Answer: 3) 4

Candidate Answer: 3) 4

QID : 673 - The word Maxim means _____.

Options:

- 1) The theory of time
- 2) A phrase which expresses what is true or what people think is a rule for sensible behaviour
- 3) The unconscious part of the human mind
- 4) The study of learning

Correct Answer: 2) A phrase which expresses what is true or what people think is a rule for sensible behaviour

Candidate Answer: 4) The study of learning

QID : 674 - Phonology is _____.

Options:

- 1) The study of how sounds are formed with sound patterns in a language or across languages
- 2) The study of perception and production of sound
- 3) The process of arranging words and phrases to create a well-structured sentence in a language
- 4) The philosophical and linguistic study of the meaning of a language

Correct Answer: 1) The study of how sounds are formed with sound patterns in a language or across languages

Candidate Answer: 4) The philosophical and linguistic study of the meaning of a language

QID : 675 - Which of the following does learning to speak a language help a child in the process of learning?

Options:

- 1) The sounds of language along with rhythm, intonation and stress
- 2) Developing how to listen to class lectures, teachers' speeches and instructions provided to them.
- 3) The sequencing of ideas into an incoherent whole in an extended talk
- 4) The practice of keeping thoughts to oneself

Correct Answer: 2) Developing how to listen to class lectures, teachers' speeches and instructions provided to them.

Candidate Answer: 2) Developing how to listen to class lectures, teachers' speeches and instructions provided to them.

QID : 676 - The study of how words are formed, their internal structure and their relationship with other words in a particular language is known as _____.

Options:

- 1) Phonetics
- 2) Morphology
- 3) Pragmatics
- 4) Orthography

Correct Answer: 2) Morphology

Candidate Answer: 2) Morphology

QID : 677 - The time limit that should be dedicated for teaching grammar to especially lower level student is _____.

Options:

- 1) 20 minutes
- 2) 15 minutes
- 3) 10 minutes
- 4) 45 minutes

Correct Answer: 3) 10 minutes

Candidate Answer: 2) 15 minutes

QID : 678 - Which one of these is not an essential use of grammar?

Options:

- 1) It teaches various concepts on subject, sentence, verb, phrase, clause and other related things for editing
- 2) It teaches proper punctuation and mechanics for clarity, style and convention
- 3) It teaches sentence sensing through manipulating the syntactic elements
- 4) It helps one to understand the correct method of decoding

Correct Answer: 4) It helps one to understand the correct method of decoding

Candidate Answer: 2) It teaches proper punctuation and mechanics for clarity, style and convention

QID : 679 - The method of using instructional strategies to draw out a student's attention or focusing on structure or form is called _____.

Options:

- 1) Audio-lingual technique
- 2) Cognitive communication
- 3) EGI or Explicit Grammar Instruction
- 4) The grammar-translation approach

Correct Answer: 3) EGI or Explicit Grammar Instruction

Candidate Answer: 2) Cognitive communication

QID : 680 - Which one of these should one not do when they are working with students who have special needs?

Options:

- 1) Seek help from the district of special education or experts on the resource
- 2) Go on with the course of work without any paying any special attention to the student, as they should be learning on their own
- 3) Gather as much information on the students and their needs, on how or if any difference would affect the learning process
- 4) Remove any kind of psychological or physical barriers from the classroom, which may limit the student's ability to achieve success

Correct Answer: 2) Go on with the course of work without any paying any special attention to the student, as they should be learning on their own

Candidate Answer: 4) Remove any kind of psychological or physical barriers from the classroom, which may limit the student's ability to achieve success

QID : 681 - Read the passage carefully and answer the questions that follow choosing the correct alternatives.

Lata Mangeshkar is an Indian playback singer and music director. She is one of the best-known and most respected playback singers in India fondly called Nightingale of Bollywood and Melody Queen. She has recorded songs in over a thousand Hindi films and has sung songs in over thirty-six regional Indian languages and foreign languages, though primarily in Marathi, Hindi, and Bengali. Lata Mangeshkar was born in 1929, the eldest daughter of Pandit Deenanath Mangeshkar, a Marathi musician and his Gujarati wife Shevanti in Indore (today in Madhya Pradesh and then the capital of the princely state of Indore which was part of the Central India Agency in British India). Her father, Pandit Deenanath Mangeshkar, was a classical singer and theatre actor. Her mother, Shevanti, a Gujarati woman from Thalner, Bombay Presidency (now in northwest Maharashtra), was Deenanath's second wife; his first wife Narmada, who had died, was Shevanti's older sister. She has four siblings—Meena Khadikar, Asha Bhosle, Usha Mangeshkar, and Hridaynath Mangeshkar—of whom she is the eldest. On 27 January 1963, against the backdrop of the Sino-Indian War, Mangeshkar sang the patriotic song "Aye Mere Watan Ke Logo" in the presence of Jawaharlal Nehru, then the Prime Minister of India. The song, composed by C. Ramchandra and written by Kavi Pradeep, is said to have brought the Prime Minister to tears. Lata Mangeshkar's most notable songs in the 1970s were composed by Laxmikant-Pyarelal and Rahul Dev Burman. From the 1970s onwards, Lata Mangeshkar has also staged many concerts in India and abroad, including several charity concerts. Her first concert overseas was at the Royal Albert Hall, London, in 1974 and was the first Indian to do so. Lata Mangeshkar has won several awards and honours, including Bharat Ratna (India's Highest Civilian Award), Padma Bhushan (1969), Padma Vibhushan (1999), Dadasaheb Phalke Award (1989), Maharashtra Bhushan Award (1997), NTR National Award (1999), Bharat Ratna (2001), Legion of Honour (2007), ANR National Award (2009), three National Film Awards and 15 Bengal Film Journalists' Association Awards. She has also won four Filmfare Best Female Playback Awards. In 1969, she made the unusual gesture of giving up the Filmfare Best Female Playback Award, in order to promote fresh talent. She was later awarded Filmfare Lifetime Achievement Award in 1993 and Filmfare Special Awards in 1994 and 2004. In 2009, Mangeshkar was awarded the title of Officer of the French Legion of Honour, France's highest order.

Who among these is not a sibling of Lata Mangeshkar?

Options:

- 1) Asha Bhosle
- 2) Meena Khadikar
- 3) Hridaynath Mangeshkar
- 4) Deenanath Mnageshkar

Correct Answer: 4) Deenanath Mnageshkar

Candidate Answer: 4) Deenanath Mnageshkar

QID : 682 - Read the passage carefully and answer the questions that follow choosing the correct alternatives.

Lata Mangeshkar is an Indian playback singer and music director. She is one of the best-known and most respected playback singers in India fondly called Nightingale of Bollywood and Melody Queen. She has recorded songs in over a thousand Hindi films and has sung songs in over thirty-six regional Indian languages and foreign languages, though primarily in Marathi, Hindi, and Bengali. Lata Mangeshkar was born in 1929, the eldest daughter of Pandit Deenanath Mangeshkar, a Marathi musician and his Gujarati wife Shevanti in Indore (today in Madhya Pradesh and then the capital of the princely state of Indore which was part of the Central India Agency in British India). Her father, Pandit Deenanath Mangeshkar, was a classical singer and theatre actor. Her mother, Shevanti, a Gujarati woman from Thalner, Bombay Presidency (now in northwest Maharashtra), was Deenanath's second wife; his first wife Narmada, who had died, was Shevanti's older sister. She has four siblings—Meena Khadikar, Asha Bhosle, Usha Mangeshkar, and Hridaynath Mangeshkar—of whom she is the eldest. On 27 January 1963, against the backdrop of the Sino-Indian War, Mangeshkar sang the patriotic song "Aye Mere Watan Ke Logo" in the presence of Jawaharlal Nehru, then the Prime Minister of India. The song, composed by C. Ramchandra and written by Kavi Pradeep, is said to have brought the Prime Minister to tears. Lata Mangeshkar's most notable songs in the 1970s were composed by Laxmikant-Pyarelal and Rahul Dev Burman. From the 1970s onwards, Lata Mangeshkar has also staged many concerts in India and abroad, including several charity concerts. Her first concert overseas was at the Royal Albert Hall, London, in 1974 and was the first Indian to do so. Lata Mangeshkar has won several awards and honours, including Bharat Ratna (India's Highest Civilian Award), Padma Bhushan (1969), Padma Vibhushan (1999), Dadasaheb Phalke Award (1989), Maharashtra Bhushan Award (1997), NTR National Award (1999), Bharat Ratna (2001), Legion of Honour (2007), ANR National Award (2009), three National Film Awards and 15 Bengal Film Journalists' Association Awards. She has also won four Filmfare Best Female Playback Awards. In 1969, she made the unusual gesture of giving up the Filmfare Best Female Playback Award, in order to promote fresh talent. She was later awarded Filmfare Lifetime Achievement Award in 1993 and Filmfare Special Awards in 1994 and 2004. In 2009, Mangeshkar was awarded the title of Officer of the French Legion of Honour, France's highest order.

Which of these is not an award bestowed upon Lata Mangeshkar?

Options:

- 1) Arjuna Award
- 2) Bharat Ratna
- 3) Padma Bhushan
- 4) Dadasaheb Phalke Award

Correct Answer: 1) Arjuna Award

Candidate Answer: 1) Arjuna Award

QID : 683 - Read the passage carefully and answer the questions that follow choosing the correct alternatives.

Lata Mangeshkar is an Indian playback singer and music director. She is one of the best-known and most respected playback singers in India fondly called Nightingale of Bollywood and Melody Queen. She has recorded songs in over a thousand Hindi films and has sung songs in over thirty-six regional Indian languages and foreign languages, though primarily in Marathi, Hindi, and Bengali. Lata Mangeshkar was born in 1929, the eldest daughter of Pandit Deenanath Mangeshkar, a Marathi musician and his Gujarati wife Shevanti in Indore (today in Madhya Pradesh and then the capital of the princely state of Indore which was part of the Central India Agency in British India). Her father, Pandit Deenanath Mangeshkar, was a classical singer and theatre actor. Her mother, Shevanti, a Gujarati woman from Thalner, Bombay Presidency (now in northwest Maharashtra), was Deenanath's second wife; his first wife Narmada, who had died, was Shevanti's older sister. She has four siblings—Meena Khadikar, Asha Bhosle, Usha Mangeshkar, and Hridaynath Mangeshkar—of whom she is the eldest. On 27 January 1963, against the backdrop of the Sino-Indian War, Mangeshkar sang the patriotic song "Aye Mere Watan Ke Logo" in the presence of Jawaharlal Nehru, then the Prime Minister of India. The song, composed by C. Ramchandra and written by Kavi Pradeep, is said to have brought the Prime Minister to tears. Lata Mangeshkar's most notable songs in the 1970s were composed by Laxmikant-Pyarelal and Rahul Dev Burman. From the 1970s onwards, Lata Mangeshkar has also staged many concerts in India and abroad, including several charity concerts. Her first concert overseas was at the Royal Albert Hall, London, in 1974 and was the first Indian to do so. Lata Mangeshkar has won several awards and honours, including Bharat Ratna (India's Highest Civilian Award), Padma Bhushan (1969), Padma Vibhushan (1999), Dadasaheb Phalke Award (1989), Maharashtra Bhushan Award (1997), NTR National Award (1999), Bharat Ratna (2001), Legion of Honour (2007), ANR National Award (2009), three National Film Awards and 15 Bengal Film Journalists' Association Awards. She has also won four Filmfare Best Female Playback Awards. In 1969, she made the unusual gesture of giving up the Filmfare Best Female Playback Award, in order to promote fresh talent. She was later awarded Filmfare Lifetime Achievement Award in 1993 and Filmfare Special Awards in 1994 and 2004. In 2009, Mangeshkar was awarded the title of Officer of the French Legion of Honour, France's highest order.

Which of these countries has bestowed the Legion of Honour award to Lata Mangeshkar?

Options:

- 1) Europe
- 2) France
- 3) Germany
- 4) Italy

Correct Answer: 2) France

Candidate Answer: 2) France

QID : 684 - Read the passage carefully and answer the questions that follow choosing the correct alternatives.

Lata Mangeshkar is an Indian playback singer and music director. She is one of the best-known and most respected playback singers in India fondly called Nightingale of Bollywood and Melody Queen. She has recorded songs in over a thousand Hindi films and has sung songs in over thirty-six regional Indian languages and foreign languages, though primarily in Marathi, Hindi, and Bengali. Lata Mangeshkar was born in 1929, the eldest daughter of Pandit Deenanath Mangeshkar, a Marathi musician and his Gujarati wife Shevanti in Indore (today in Madhya Pradesh and then the capital of the princely state of Indore which was part of the Central India Agency in British India). Her father, Pandit Deenanath Mangeshkar, was a classical singer and theatre actor. Her mother, Shevanti, a Gujarati woman from Thalner, Bombay Presidency (now in northwest Maharashtra), was Deenanath's second wife; his first wife Narmada, who had died, was Shevanti's older sister. She has four siblings—Meena Khadikar, Asha Bhosle, Usha Mangeshkar, and Hridaynath Mangeshkar—of whom she is the eldest. On 27 January 1963, against the backdrop of the Sino-Indian War, Mangeshkar sang the patriotic song "Aye Mere Watan Ke Logo" in the presence of Jawaharlal Nehru, then the Prime Minister of India. The song, composed by C. Ramchandra and written by Kavi Pradeep, is said to have brought the Prime Minister to tears. Lata Mangeshkar's most notable songs in the 1970s were composed by Laxmikant-Pyarelal and Rahul Dev Burman. From the 1970s onwards, Lata Mangeshkar has also staged many concerts in India and abroad, including several charity concerts. Her first concert overseas was at the Royal Albert Hall, London, in 1974 and was the first Indian to do so. Lata Mangeshkar has won several awards and honours, including Bharat Ratna (India's Highest Civilian Award), Padma Bhushan (1969), Padma Vibhushan (1999), Dadasaheb Phalke Award (1989), Maharashtra Bhushan Award (1997), NTR National Award (1999), Bharat Ratna (2001), Legion of Honour (2007), ANR National Award (2009), three National Film Awards and 15 Bengal Film Journalists' Association Awards. She has also won four Filmfare Best Female Playback Awards. In 1969, she made the unusual gesture of giving up the Filmfare Best Female Playback Award, in order to promote fresh talent. She was later awarded Filmfare Lifetime Achievement Award in 1993 and Filmfare Special Awards in 1994 and 2004. In 2009, Mangeshkar was awarded the title of Officer of the French Legion of Honour, France's highest order.

"Aye Mere Watan Ke Logo" was sung by Lata Mangeshkar against the backdrop of which of these wars?

Options:

- 1) Kargil War
- 2) Cold War
- 3) Sino-Indian War
- 4) 1971 war with Pakistan

Correct Answer: 3) Sino-Indian War

Candidate Answer: 3) Sino-Indian War

QID : 685 - Read the passage carefully and answer the questions that follow choosing the correct alternatives.

Lata Mangeshkar is an Indian playback singer and music director. She is one of the best-known and most respected playback singers in India fondly called Nightingale of Bollywood and Melody Queen. She has recorded songs in over a thousand Hindi films and has sung songs in over thirty-six regional Indian languages and foreign languages, though primarily in Marathi, Hindi, and Bengali. Lata Mangeshkar was born in 1929, the eldest daughter of Pandit Deenanath Mangeshkar, a Marathi musician and his Gujarati wife Shevanti in Indore (today in Madhya Pradesh and then the capital of the princely state of Indore which was part of the Central India Agency in British India). Her father, Pandit Deenanath Mangeshkar, was a classical singer and theatre actor. Her mother, Shevanti, a Gujarati woman from Thalner, Bombay Presidency (now in northwest Maharashtra), was Deenanath's second wife; his first wife Narmada, who had died, was Shevanti's older sister. She has four siblings—Meena Khadikar, Asha Bhosle, Usha Mangeshkar, and Hridaynath Mangeshkar—of whom she is the eldest. On 27 January 1963, against the backdrop of the Sino-Indian War, Mangeshkar sang the patriotic song "Aye Mere Watan Ke Logo" in the presence of Jawaharlal Nehru, then the Prime Minister of India. The song, composed by C. Ramchandra and written by Kavi Pradeep, is said to have brought the Prime Minister to tears. Lata Mangeshkar's most notable songs in the 1970s were composed by Laxmikant-Pyarelal and Rahul Dev Burman. From the 1970s onwards, Lata Mangeshkar has also staged many concerts in India and abroad, including several charity concerts. Her first concert overseas was at the Royal Albert Hall, London, in 1974 and was the first Indian to do so. Lata Mangeshkar has won several awards and honours, including Bharat Ratna (India's Highest Civilian Award), Padma Bhushan (1969), Padma Vibhushan (1999), Dadasaheb Phalke Award (1989), Maharashtra Bhushan Award (1997), NTR National Award (1999), Bharat Ratna (2001), Legion of Honour (2007), ANR National Award (2009), three National Film Awards and 15 Bengal Film Journalists' Association Awards. She has also won four Filmfare Best Female Playback Awards. In 1969, she made the unusual gesture of giving up the Filmfare Best Female Playback Award, in order to promote fresh talent. She was later awarded Filmfare Lifetime Achievement Award in 1993 and Filmfare Special Awards in 1994 and 2004. In 2009, Mangeshkar was awarded the title of Officer of the French Legion of Honour, France's highest order.

Lata Mangeshkar's first concert overseas was at which of these halls?

Options:

- 1) Royal Opera House
- 2) Syndey Harbour
- 3) Royal Albert Hall
- 4) Royal Victorian Club

Correct Answer: 3) Royal Albert Hall

Candidate Answer: 3) Royal Albert Hall

QID : 686 - Read the poem carefully and answer the questions that follow choosing the correct alternatives.

Macavity's a Mystery Cat: he's called the Hidden Paw— For he's the master criminal who can defy the Law. He's the bafflement of Scotland Yard, the Flying Squad's despair: For when they reach the scene of crime—Macavity's not there!

Macavity, Macavity, there's no one like Macavity, He's broken every human law, he breaks the law of gravity. His powers of levitation would make a fakir stare, And when you reach the scene of crime—Macavity's not there! You may seek him in the basement, you may look up in the air— But I tell you once and once again, Macavity's not there!

According to the passage, which of these laws has Macavity broken?

Options:

- 1) law of depravity
- 2) law of levitation
- 3) law of gravity
- 4) law of scotland yard

Correct Answer: 3) law of gravity

Candidate Answer: 3) law of gravity

QID : 687 - Read the poem carefully and answer the questions that follow choosing the correct alternatives.

Macavity's a Mystery Cat: he's called the Hidden Paw— For he's the master criminal who can defy the Law. He's the bafflement of Scotland Yard, the Flying Squad's despair: For when they reach the scene of crime—Macavity's not there!

Macavity, Macavity, there's no one like Macavity, He's broken every human law, he breaks the law of gravity. His powers of levitation would make a fakir stare, And when you reach the scene of crime—Macavity's not there! You may seek him in the basement, you may look up in the air— But I tell you once and once again, Macavity's not there!

From the passage above, select the most appropriate 'one word' for the expressions given below.

A religious ascetic or mendicant monk commonly considered a wonder-worker.

Options:

- 1) astronomer
- 2) fakir
- 3) detective
- 4) mystery man

Correct Answer: 2) fakir

Candidate Answer: 4) mystery man

QID : 688 - Read the poem carefully and answer the questions that follow choosing the correct alternatives.

Macavity's a Mystery Cat: he's called the Hidden Paw— For he's the master criminal who can defy the Law. He's the bafflement of Scotland Yard, the Flying Squad's despair: For when they reach the scene of crime—Macavity's not there!

Macavity, Macavity, there's no one like Macavity, He's broken every human law, he breaks the law of gravity. His powers of levitation would make a fakir stare, And when you reach the scene of crime—Macavity's not there! You may seek him in the basement, you may look up in the air— But I tell you once and once again, Macavity's not there!

According to the passage, who among these does not reach the scene of crime?

Options:

- 1) the reader
- 2) scotland yard
- 3) flying squad
- 4) fakir

Correct Answer: 4) fakir

Candidate Answer: 3) flying squad

QID : 689 - Read the poem carefully and answer the questions that follow choosing the correct alternatives.

Macavity's a Mystery Cat: he's called the Hidden Paw— For he's the master criminal who can defy the Law. He's the bafflement of Scotland Yard, the Flying Squad's despair: For when they reach the scene of crime—Macavity's not there!

Macavity, Macavity, there's no one like Macavity, He's broken every human law, he breaks the law of gravity. His powers of levitation would make a fakir stare, And when you reach the scene of crime—Macavity's not there! You may seek him in the basement, you may look up in the air— But I tell you once and once again, Macavity's not there!

Select the word that is closest in meaning (SYNONYM) to the word given below.

LEVITATE

Options:

- 1) demolition
- 2) ascent
- 3) demotion
- 4) motivation

Correct Answer: 2) ascent

Candidate Answer: 3) demotion

QID : 690 - Read the poem carefully and answer the questions that follow choosing the correct alternatives.

Macavity's a Mystery Cat: he's called the Hidden Paw— For he's the master criminal who can defy the Law. He's the bafflement of Scotland Yard, the Flying Squad's despair: For when they reach the scene of crime—Macavity's not there!

Macavity, Macavity, there's no one like Macavity, He's broken every human law, he breaks the law of gravity. His powers of levitation would make a fakir stare, And when you reach the scene of crime—Macavity's not there! You may seek him in the basement, you may look up in the air— But I tell you once and once again, Macavity's not there!

According to the passage, which of these refers to Macavity ?

Options:

- 1) Hidden Paw
- 2) Fakir
- 3) flying squad
- 4) mystery man

Correct Answer: 1) Hidden Paw

Candidate Answer: 3) flying squad

QID : 691 - According to Lancelot Hogben, "Mathematics is the mirror of civilization" this statement corresponds to which value of mathematics?

ଲ୍ୟାନ୍ଦ୍ରୋଲ୍ଫ ହୋଗବେନର ମତରେ, "ଗଣିତ ସର୍ବ୍ୟତାର ଦର୍ଶଣ" ଏଇ ବକ୍ତୁବ୍ୟତି ଗଣିତର କେରାଁ ମୂଲ୍ୟର ସହିତ ମିଳିଯାଏ?

Options:

- 1) Social
ସାମାଜିକ
- 2) Geometrical
ଜ୍ୟାମିତିକ
- 3) Disciplinary
ଶାସ୍ତ୍ରୀୟମୂଳକ
- 4) Statistical
ପରିସଂଖ୍ୟାନସଂକ୍ରାନ୍ତ

Correct Answer: 1) Social
ସାମାଜିକ

Candidate Answer: 1) Social
ସାମାଜିକ

QID : 692 - In mathematics, 'Representation' refers to _____.

ଗଣିତରେ, "ପ୍ରତିନିଧିତ୍ୱ" _____ ହୁଏଇବାକୁ ବିବରିବାରେ ଏକ ଗୁରୁତ୍ବପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣ ଜ୍ୟାମିତିକ ଫଳାଫଳ ପ୍ରକାଶ କରିବା

Options:

- 1) expressing the given data through graphs
ଗ୍ରାଫର ମାଧ୍ୟମରେ ପ୍ରଦର୍ଶନ କରିବାକୁ
- 2) expressing an important geometrical result as a theorem
ଭବିଷ୍ୟତରେ ଏକ ଗୁରୁତ୍ବପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣ ଜ୍ୟାମିତିକ ଫଳାଫଳ ପ୍ରକାଶ କରିବା
- 3) expressing the number sequence through geometrical patterns
ଜ୍ୟାମିତିକ ନିଦର୍ଶନ ଗୁଡ଼ିକ ମାଧ୍ୟମରେ ସଂଖ୍ୟା କ୍ରମଟି ପ୍ରକାଶ କରିବା
- 4) All options are correct
ସମସ୍ତ ବିକଳ୍ପ ସଠିକ

Correct Answer: 4) All options are correct

ସମସ୍ତ ବିକଳ୍ପ ସଠିକ

Candidate Answer: 4) All options are correct

ସମସ୍ତ ବିକଳ୍ପ ସଠିକ

QID : 693 - _____ is not a contributing factor responsible for mathematics anxiety.

_____ ଗଣିତ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟର ସହଯୋଗକାରୀ କାରକ ନୁହେଁ ।

Options:

- 1) Nature of subject
ବିଷୟର ପ୍ରକୃତି
- 2) Examination system
ପରୀକ୍ଷାର ବ୍ୟବସ୍ଥା
- 3) Gender
ଲିଙ୍ଗ
- 4) Syllabus
ସିଲାବୁଦ୍ୟ

Correct Answer: 3) Gender

ଲିଙ୍ଗ

Candidate Answer: 3) Gender

ଲିଙ୍ଗ

QID : 694 - As per NCF 2005, the goal of teaching mathematics in the school curriculum is to make children learn 'Important Mathematics'. Important Mathematics means _____.
NCF 2005 അനുസാരെ, ബിഡ്യാലയ പാഠ്യക്രമരെ ഗണിത പഠേജാര ലക്ഷ്യ ഹേരക്കി കൂദാശാനിക്കു 'ഗുരുദ്വന്ധന' ഗണിത' ശിഖ്യമിവാ | ഗുരുദ്വന്ധന ഗണിത മാനേ _____.

Options:

- 1) understanding the appropriate use of learned mathematical techniques
ശിഖേരത്വാ ഗാനിതിക കോണഗുഡികര യഥാദാ ബ്യബഹാരകു തുറിവാ
- 2) learning all the geometrical theorems
സമസ്യ ജ്യാമിതിക രപപാദ്യ ശിഖിവാ
- 3) knowing mathematical procedures and algorithms
ഗാനിതിക പഞ്ചത്തി ഏബം ആലഗോരിത്മ ജാനിവാ
- 4) solving mathematical puzzles easily
ഗാനിതിക ദുബിധാ പഛജരേ സമാധാന കരിവാ

Correct Answer: 1) understanding the appropriate use of learned mathematical techniques
ശിഖേരത്വാ ഗാനിതിക കോണഗുഡികര യഥാദാ ബ്യബഹാരകു തുറിവാ

Candidate Answer: 3) knowing mathematical procedures and algorithms
ഗാനിതിക പഞ്ചത്തി ഏബം ആലഗോരിത്മ ജാനിവാ

QID : 695 - Which of the following preference is given during the initial stages of teaching mathematics in primary schools?

പ്രാഥമിക ബിഡ്യാലയരെ ഗണിത പഠേജാര പാരു നിമ്നലിഖിത കേരുച്ചു പ്രാഥമിക കാരണ പ്രധാനയ ദിଆ യാ?

Options:

- 1) Multiplication and Division of numbers
സംഖ്യാര ഗുണി ഓ ബിഭാഗ
- 2) Number identification and counting
നമ്പുര ഘനക്കുകരണ ഏബം ഗണന
- 3) Measurement of height and weight
ഉള്ളട ഏബം ഓജന പരിമാപ
- 4) Revision of all the math's formula first
പ്രാഥമ ഗണിതര സമസ്യ പൂത്ര പുനർബേദന

Correct Answer: 2) Number identification and counting
നമ്പുര ഘനക്കുകരണ ഏബം ഗണന

Candidate Answer: 2) Number identification and counting
നമ്പുര ഘനക്കുകരണ ഏബം ഗണന

QID : 696 - Arun simplified the given rational number $-15/-35 = -3/7$. This error can be considered as _____.

ଆରୁନ ପ୍ରଦର ମୁକ୍ତିମୁକ୍ତ ସଂଖ୍ୟା $-15/-35 = -3/7$ ସରଳୀକରଣ କରିଥିଲେ । ଏଇ ତୁଳି _____ ହିସାବରେ ବିବେଚନା କରା ଯାଇପାରେ ।

Options:

- 1) Careless error
ଅପରେ ତୁଳି
- 2) Critical error
ଗୁରୁତର ତୁଳି
- 3) Procedural error
ପରିଚିତ ତୁଳି
- 4) No option is correct
କୌଣସି ବିକଳ୍ପ ଠିକ ନୁହେଁ

Correct Answer: 1) Careless error

ଅପରେ ତୁଳି

Candidate Answer: 3) Procedural error

ପରିଚିତ ତୁଳି

QID : 697 - _____ is not a Problem Solving Strategy in mathematics.

_____ ଗଣିତର ସମସ୍ୟା ସମାଧାନର କୌଣସି ନୁହେଁ ।

Options:

- 1) Drawing
ଆଙ୍କନ
- 2) Solving backward
ପଛ ଆତ୍ମ ସମାଧାନ
- 3) Rote learning
ମୁଖୟ କାରି ପଢିବା
- 4) Trial and error
ବିଭାର ଓ ତୁଳି

Correct Answer: 3) Rote learning

ମୁଖୟ କାରି ପଢିବା

Candidate Answer: 2) Solving backward

ପଛ ଆତ୍ମ ସମାଧାନ

QID : 698 - If a child shows much interest to participate in mathematics quiz competition, then what objective of learning does it indicate?

ଯଦି କୌଣସି ଶିଶୁ ଗଣିତର କୁଳକ ପ୍ରତିଯୋଗିତାରେ ଅଂଶ ନେବାର ଅନେକ ଆଗ୍ରହ ଦେଖାଏ, ତେବେ ଏହା ଶିଖୁବାର କେଉଁ ଉଦ୍ଦେଶ୍ୟଟି ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦେଶ କରେ?

Options:

- 1) Affective
ଆବେଗ ସମ୍ବନ୍ଧୀୟ
- 2) Psycho-motor
ସାଇକୋ-ମୋଟର
- 3) Deductive
ହ୍ରାସ କରିବା
- 4) Summative
ସମେତିଭ

Correct Answer: 1) Affective

ଆବେଗ ସମ୍ବନ୍ଧୀୟ

Candidate Answer: 1) Affective

ଆବେଗ ସମ୍ବନ୍ଧୀୟ

QID : 699 - What would be your strategy for addressing the needs of visually challenged learners in an inclusive mathematics classroom?

ଗଣିତର କ୍ଲାସ୍‌ରୁମରେ ଦୃଷ୍ଟି ପ୍ରତିଦ୍ୱାନୀ (ଭିଜୁଆଲ ଚ୍ୟାଲେଞ୍ଜ) ଶିକ୍ଷାର୍ଥୀଙ୍କାଙ୍କ ଆପଣଙ୍କର କୌଣସିଟି କଣ ହେବ?

Options:

- 1) Offer them another subject in lieu of mathematics
ଗଣିତର ପରିବର୍ତ୍ତର ତାଙ୍କୁ ଆହୁରି ଏକ ବିଷୟ ଦିଅନ୍ତୁ
- 2) Design alternate teaching-learning and assessment methods
ବିକଳ୍ପ ଶିକ୍ଷଣ-ଶିକ୍ଷାର ଏବଂ ମୂଳ୍ୟାୟନ ପରିବର୍ତ୍ତନ କରନ୍ତୁ
- 3) Pair them with high scorers in mathematics
ଗଣିତର ଉଚ୍ଚତର ସ୍ନେହର ସହିତ ତାର ଜୋଡ଼ନ୍ତୁ
- 4) Pair them with high scorers of other subjects
ଅନ୍ୟାନ୍ୟ ବିଷୟର ଉଚ୍ଚତର ସ୍ନେହର ସାଙ୍ଗରେ ତାକୁ ଜୋଡ଼ନ୍ତୁ

Correct Answer: 2) Design alternate teaching-learning and assessment methods

ବିକଳ୍ପ ଶିକ୍ଷଣ-ଶିକ୍ଷାର ଏବଂ ମୂଳ୍ୟାୟନ ପରିବର୍ତ୍ତନ କରନ୍ତୁ

Candidate Answer: 4) Pair them with high scorers of other subjects

ଅନ୍ୟାନ୍ୟ ବିଷୟର ଉଚ୍ଚତର ସ୍ନେହର ସାଙ୍ଗରେ ତାକୁ ଜୋଡ଼ନ୍ତୁ

QID : 700 - A student of class VII defined the rectangle as "Rectangle is a quadrilateral whose opposite sides are parallel and equal". This definition reflects that the student _____.

VII ଶ୍ରେଣୀର ଜଣେ ଶିକ୍ଷାର୍ଥୀ "ଆୟତକ୍ଷେତ୍ରଟି ଏକ ଚତୁର୍ଭୁଜ ଯାହାର ବିପରୀତ ଦିଗଗୁଡ଼ିକ ସମାନରାଜୀ ଏବଂ ସମାନ" ହିସାବରେ ଆୟତକ୍ଷେତ୍ରଟି ସଂଜ୍ଞାୟତ କରେ । ଏହା ସଂଜ୍ଞା ଶିକ୍ଷାର୍ଥୀ _____ ପ୍ରତିଷ୍ଠିତ କରେ ।

Options:

- 1) does not know the correct properties of the shape
ଆକୃତିର ସଠିକ ବୈଶିଷ୍ଟ୍ୟ ଗୁଡ଼ିକ ଜଣା ନାହିଁ
- 2) is not able to recognize the shapes
ଆକାରଗୁଡ଼ିକ ଚିହ୍ନଟ କରିବାରେ ସମ୍ଭାବନା ନୁହେଁ
- 3) knows some properties, but missed some important properties to complete the definition
କିଛି ବୈଶିଷ୍ଟ୍ୟ ଜାଣିଥାନ୍ତି , ତେବେ ସଂଜ୍ଞାଟି ସମ୍ପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣ କରିବାପାଇଁ କିଛି ଗୁରୁତ୍ୱପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣ ବୈଶିଷ୍ଟ୍ୟ ଛାଡ଼ି ଦିଅନ୍ତି ।
- 4) No option is correct
କୌଣସି ବିକଳ୍ପ ସଠିକ ନୁହେଁ

Correct Answer: 3) knows some properties, but missed some important properties to complete the definition
କିଛି ବୈଶିଷ୍ଟ୍ୟ ଜାଣିଥାନ୍ତି , ତେବେ ସଂଜ୍ଞାଟି ସମ୍ପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣ କରିବାପାଇଁ କିଛି ଗୁରୁତ୍ୱପୂର୍ଣ୍ଣ ବୈଶିଷ୍ଟ୍ୟ ଛାଡ଼ି ଦିଅନ୍ତି ।

Candidate Answer: 4) No option is correct
କୌଣସି ବିକଳ୍ପ ସଠିକ ନୁହେଁ

QID : 701 - Which of the following can be represented as a recurring decimal?

ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତଗୁଡ଼ିକର ମଧ୍ୟରେ କେଉଁଟି ପୁନରବୃତ୍ତ ଦଶମିକ ହିସାବରେ ଉପସ୍ଥାପିତ ହେଇପାରେ?

Options:

- 1) 1/2
- 2) 1/8
- 3) 1/3
- 4) 1/5

Correct Answer: 3) 1/3

Candidate Answer: 1) 1/2

QID : 702 - If $a^m \cdot b^n = 3087$ where a and b are prime numbers, then what is the value of $a + b$?

ଯଦି $a^m \cdot b^n = 3087$ ଯେଉଁଠାରେ a ଏବଂ b ମୂଳ ସଂଖ୍ୟା, ତେବେ a + b ର ମୂଲ୍ୟ କେବେ?

Options:

- 1) 10
- 2) 12
- 3) 11
- 4) 7

Correct Answer: 1) 10

Candidate Answer: 1) 10

QID : 703 -

What is the value of $(\sqrt{169} - \sqrt{144} + 7 \times 5)^{\frac{1}{2}}$?

$(\sqrt{169} - \sqrt{144} + 7 \times 5)^{\frac{1}{2}}$ ର ମାନ କେତେ?

Options:

- 1) 7
- 2) 1
- 3) 6
- 4) 5

Correct Answer: 3) 6

Candidate Answer: 3) 6

QID : 704 - Total surface area of a cube is 864 cm^2 . What is the value (in cm) of the side of cube?

ଏକ କ୍ରୁଦ୍ରର ମୋଟ ପୃଷ୍ଠାର କ୍ଷେତ୍ରଫଳ 864 ସେମି^2 । କ୍ରୁଦ୍ର ପାଶ୍ବର ମୂଲ୍ୟ (ସେମିରେ) କେତେ?

Options:

- 1) 14
- 2) 12
- 3) 16
- 4) 18

Correct Answer: 2) 12

Candidate Answer: 3) 16

QID : 705 - Twice of the area of a circle is 1232 cm^2 . What is the diameter (in cm) of circle?

এক বৃত্তের ক্ষেত্রফল দ্বিগুণ 1232 ঘেমি^2 । বৃত্তের ব্যাস (ঘেমিরে) কেতে?

Options:

- 1) 28
- 2) $14\sqrt{2}$
- 3) 14
- 4) 21

Correct Answer: 1) 28

Candidate Answer: 2) $14\sqrt{2}$

QID : 706 - Curved surface area of a cone is 440 cm^2 . If slant height of cone is 8 cm, then what is the radius (in cm) of cone?

কোনৰ র বক্ষা পৃষ্ঠার ক্ষেত্রফল 440 ঘেমি^2 । যদি কোনৰ র কর্ণৰ উচ্চতা 8 ঘেমি হুঁৰ, তবে কোনৰ র ব্যাসার্ধ (ঘেমিরে) কেতে?

Options:

- 1) 21.5
- 2) 14
- 3) 17.5
- 4) 19.5

Correct Answer: 3) 17.5

Candidate Answer: 1) 21.5

QID : 707 -

What is the value of $\left(1 + \frac{1}{x^2}\right) \left(1 + \frac{1}{x^2 + 1}\right)$
 $\left(1 + \frac{1}{x^2 + 2}\right) \left(1 + \frac{1}{x^2 + 3}\right)$?

$$\left(1 + \frac{1}{x^2}\right) \left(1 + \frac{1}{x^2 + 1}\right) \left(1 + \frac{1}{x^2 + 2}\right) \left(1 + \frac{1}{x^2 + 3}\right)$$

ର ମାନ କେତେ?

Options:

- 1) $4x^2 + (1/x^2)$
- 2) $4 + (1/x^2)$
- 3) $x^2 + (4/x^2)$
- 4) $1 + (4/x^2)$

Correct Answer: 4) $1 + (4/x^2)$

Candidate Answer: 3) $x^2 + (4/x^2)$

QID : 708 - If $x = 3\sqrt{3} - 5$, then what is the value of $[x + (1/x)]$?

ଯदି $x = 3\sqrt{3} - 5$, ତେବେ $[x + (1/x)]$ ର ମାନ କେତେ?

Options:

- 1) $(9\sqrt{3} + 5)/2$
- 2) $(9\sqrt{3} - 5)/2$
- 3) $6\sqrt{3} - 10$
- 4) $6\sqrt{3} + 10$

Correct Answer: 2) $(9\sqrt{3} - 5)/2$

Candidate Answer: 2) $(9\sqrt{3} - 5)/2$

QID : 709 - If $x = 0.5$ and $y = 0.2$, then what is the value of $\sqrt{0.4} \times (2y)^x$?

যদি $x = 0.5$ এবং $y = 0.2$ হুএ তবে $\sqrt{0.4} \times (2y)^x$ মান কেতে?

Options:

- 1) 1
- 2) 0.5
- 3) 0.4
- 4) 0.8

Correct Answer: 3) 0.4

Candidate Answer: 4) 0.8

QID : 710 - If $a = 7$, $b = 6$ and $c = 2$, then what is the value of $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 - ab - bc + ca$?

যদি $a = 7$, $b = 6$ এবং $c = 2$ হুএ, তবে $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 - ab - bc + ca$ র মান কেতে?

Options:

- 1) 21
- 2) 49
- 3) 27
- 4) 53

Correct Answer: 2) 49

Candidate Answer: 2) 49

QID : 711 - What is the reciprocal of $[x + (1/x)]$?

$[x + (1/x)]$ র পারম্পরিক(রেফিপ্রোকাল) মূল্য কি?

Options:

- 1) $[(1/x) + x]$
- 2) $[x/(x + 1)]$
- 3) $[x/(x^2 + 1)]$
- 4) $[x^2/(x + 1)]$

Correct Answer: 3) $[x/(x^2 + 1)]$

Candidate Answer: 3) $[x/(x^2 + 1)]$

QID : 712 - Cost price of two articles is Rs 6000 each. If the first article is sold at a profit of 15% and the other article is sold at a loss of 15%, then what will be the overall profit/loss percentage?

ପ୍ରତି ଦୁଇଟି ନିବନ୍ଧର ମୂଲ୍ୟ 6000 ଟଙ୍କା । ପ୍ରଥମ ନିବନ୍ଧଟି ଯଦି 15% ଲାଭରେ ଏବଂ ଅନ୍ୟ ନିବନ୍ଧଟି 15% ନୀତିରେ ବିକ୍ରି ହୁଏ, ତେବେ ସାମଗ୍ରିକ ଲାଭ / ନୀତିର ଶତାଂଶ କେତେ ହୁବାକି?

Options:

- 1) 2.25%, profit
2.25%, ଲାଭ
- 2) 2.25%, loss
2.25%, ନୀତି
- 3) 4%, loss
4%, ନୀତି
- 4) No profit no loss
ନା ଲାଭ ନା ନୀତି

Correct Answer: 4) No profit no loss

ନା ଲାଭ ନା ନୀତି

Candidate Answer: 4) No profit no loss

ନା ଲାଭ ନା ନୀତି

QID : 713 - A can do a work in 20 days and B can do the same work in 40 days. If they started the work together and worked for 5 days, then what fraction of work is left?

A 20 ଦିନର ମଧ୍ୟରେ ଏକ କାମ କରି ପାରେ ଏବଂ B 40 ଦିନର ମଧ୍ୟରେ ସେଇ କାମ କରି ପାରେ । ଯଦି ସେମାନେ ଏକସାଙ୍ଗରେ କାମ ଆରମ୍ଭ କରନ୍ତି ଏବଂ 5 ଦିନ କାମ କରନ୍ତି, ତେବେ କାମରେ କେତେ ଅଂଶଟି ବାକି ରହିଯିବ?

Options:

- 1) 5/8
- 2) 8/15
- 3) 7/15
- 4) 1/10

Correct Answer: 1) 5/8

Candidate Answer: 4) 1/10

QID : 714 - If $A : B = 3 : 5$ and $B = 25$, then what is the value of $A \times B$?

ଯଦି $A : B = 3 : 5$ ଏବଂ $B = 25$ ହୁଏ, ତେବେ $A \times B$ ର ମାନ କେତେ?

Options:

- 1) 375
- 2) 380
- 3) 275
- 4) 340

Correct Answer: 1) 375

Candidate Answer: 3) 275

QID : 715 - If X is increased by 20% and then again it is increased by 20%, then by how much percentage the value of X will be finally increased?

যদি X কে 20% বৃদ্ধি করা হু� এবং তাপরে আরথে 20% বৃদ্ধি করা হু�, তেবে X র মান শেষ পর্যন্ত কেতে শতাংশ বৃদ্ধি পাইব?

Options:

- 1) 44
- 2) 34
- 3) 20
- 4) 30

Correct Answer: 1) 44

Candidate Answer: 3) 20

QID : 716 - In a $\triangle ABC$, $\angle A = 90^\circ$ and D is mid-point of AC. What is the value of $BC^2 - BD^2$?

$\triangle ABC$ ৰে, $\angle A = 90^\circ$ এবং D, AC র মধ্য বিন্দু । তেবে $BC^2 - BD^2$ র মূল্য কেতে?

Options:

- 1) $4AD^2$
- 2) $3AD^2$
- 3) $2AD^2$
- 4) AD^2

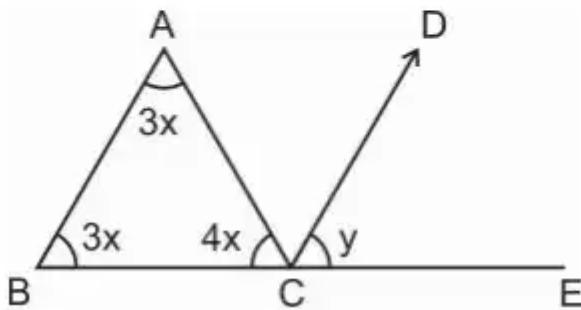
Correct Answer: 2) $3AD^2$

Candidate Answer: 4) AD^2

QID : 717 -

In the given figure, $CD \parallel AB$. What is the value (in degrees) of y ?

ପ୍ରଦର୍ଶନରେ, $CD \parallel AB$ । y ର ମାନ (ଡର୍ଗ୍ରେ) କେତେ?



Options:

- 1) 54
- 2) 48
- 3) 72
- 4) 60

Correct Answer: 1) 54

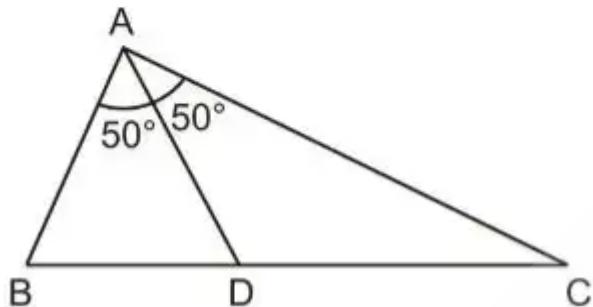
Candidate Answer: 4) 60



QID : 718 -

In the given figure, if $BC = 16$ cm, $AB = 12$ cm and $AC = 18$ cm, then what is the value (in cm) of DC ?

ପ୍ରଦତ୍ତ ଚିତ୍ରରେ, ଯଦି $BC = 16$ ସେମି, $AB = 12$ ସେମି ଏବଂ
 $AC = 18$ ସେମି ହୁଏ, ତେବେ DC ର ମାନ (ସେମିରେ) କେତେ?

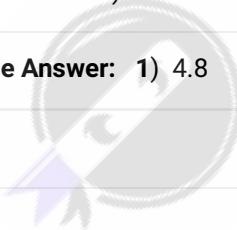


Options:

- 1) 4.8
- 2) 7.2
- 3) 8.4
- 4) 9.6

Correct Answer: 4) 9.6

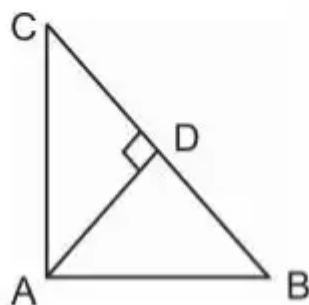
Candidate Answer: 1) 4.8



QID : 719 -

In the given $\triangle ABC$, $\angle A = 90^\circ$. If $AD \perp BC$, then which of the following statements is the correct?

ପ୍ରଦତ୍ତ $\triangle ABC$ ରେ, $\angle A = 90^\circ$, ଯଦି $AD \perp BC$ ହୁଏ, ତେଣେ
ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ବିଦ୍ୟାରେ ମଧ୍ୟରେ କଣାଟି ସବ୍ରିକ?



Options:

- 1) $AB^2 = BD \times DC$
- 2) $AB^2 = BD \times AD$
- 3) $AB^2 = BC \times DC$
- 4) $AB^2 = BC \times BD$

Correct Answer: 4) $AB^2 = BC \times BD$

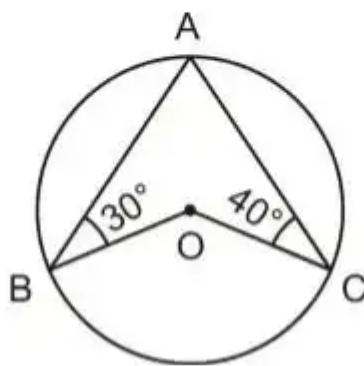
Candidate Answer: 2) $AB^2 = BD \times AD$



QID : 720 -

In the given figure, O is the centre of circle, what is the value (in degrees) of $\angle BOC$?

ପ୍ରଦର୍ଶନ କ୍ଷେତ୍ରରେ O କ୍ଷେତ୍ରର କେନ୍ତ୍ର, $\angle BOC$ ର ମାନ (ଡର୍ଗ୍ରେ) କେତେ?



Options:

- 1) 120
- 2) 140
- 3) 160
- 4) 180

Correct Answer: 2) 140

Candidate Answer: 1) 120

QID : 721 - How simple experiments and directions by teacher can be helpful for students in science classroom?

ଶିକ୍ଷକର ସହଜ ପରୀକ୍ଷା-ନିରୀକ୍ଷା ଓ ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦେଶନା ବିଜ୍ଞାନ ଶ୍ରେଣିକଷ ଶିକ୍ଷାର୍ଥୀର ପାଇଁ କର ଭାବେ ସହାୟକ ହେଇ ପାରେ?

Options:

- 1) Discipline the students
ଶିକ୍ଷାର୍ଥୀର ଶୃଙ୍ଖଳାବଦ୍ଧ କରନ୍ତୁ
- 2) There is no significance of experiment in the class
ଜ୍ଞାପରେ ପରୀକ୍ଷାର ଗୁରୁତ୍ୱ ନାହିଁ
- 3) Enabling them for self- learning and enhancing their observational skills
ତାଙ୍କର ସ୍ଵ-ଶିକ୍ଷାର ପାଇଁ ଏବଂ ତାଙ୍କର ପର୍ଯ୍ୟବେକ୍ଷଣ ଦକ୍ଷତା ବୃଦ୍ଧିର ପାଇଁ ସମ୍ମାନ କରିବା
- 4) No option is correct
କୌଣସି ବିକଳ୍ପ ସଠିକ ନୁହେ

Correct Answer: 3) Enabling them for self- learning and enhancing their observational skills
ତାଙ୍କର ସ୍ମୃତିକାର ପାଇଁ ଏବଂ ତାଙ୍କର ପର୍ଯ୍ୟବେକ୍ଷଣ ଦକ୍ଷତା ବୃଦ୍ଧିର ପାଇଁ ସମ୍ଭାବନା କରିବା

Candidate Answer: 1) Discipline the students

ଶିକ୍ଷାର୍ଥୀଙ୍କର ଶୁଣ୍ଡଳାବନ୍ଦ କରନ୍ତୁ

QID : 722 - What is the primary aim of performing hands on activities and projects as an integral part of learning science?

ବିଜ୍ଞାନ ଶିଖେଇବା ଗୋଟେ ଅବିଜ୍ଞାନ ଅଙ୍ଗ ହିସାବରେ କାର୍ଯ୍ୟକ୍ରମ ଏବଂ ପ୍ରକଳ୍ପଗୁଡ଼ିକ କରିବାରେ ଏକ ପ୍ରାଥମିକ ଲକ୍ଷ କଣ ଅଟେ ?

Options:

- 1) Keeping the students engaged all the time
ଶିକ୍ଷାର୍ଥୀଙ୍କର ସର୍ବଦା ବ୍ୟୟୁତ ରଖନ୍ତୁ
- 2) Assessing the students on practical skills
ବ୍ୟବହାରିକ ଦକ୍ଷତାର ଉପରେ ଶିକ୍ଷାର୍ଥୀର ମୂଳ୍ୟାଯୁନ କରିବା
- 3) Providing opportunity to students for extended learning
ଶିକ୍ଷାର୍ଥୀଙ୍କର ପ୍ରସାରିତ ଶିକ୍ଷାର ପାଇଁ ସୁଯୋଗ ପ୍ରଦାନ କରିବା
- 4) Maintaining discipline in the laboratory
ପରୀକ୍ଷାଗାର ଶୁଣ୍ଡଳା ବନେଇ ରଖୁବା

Correct Answer: 3) Providing opportunity to students for extended learning
ଶିକ୍ଷାର୍ଥୀଙ୍କର ପ୍ରସାରିତ ଶିକ୍ଷାର ପାଇଁ ସୁଯୋଗ ପ୍ରଦାନ କରିବା

Candidate Answer: 4) Maintaining discipline in the laboratory

ପରୀକ୍ଷାଗାର ଶୁଣ୍ଡଳା ବନେଇ ରଖୁବା

QID : 723 - What is considered as a key to make science learning more effective?

ବିଜ୍ଞାନ ଶିକ୍ଷାକୁ ଅଧ୍ୟକ୍ଷୁ ପ୍ରଭାବୀ କରିବା ପାଇଁ କଣ ଏକ ଚାବି ରୂପେ ବିବେଚନା କରାଯାଏ?

Options:

- 1) Connect the teaching with real-life
ଶିକ୍ଷାକୁ ବାସୁଦେବ-ଜୀବନର ସହିତ ସଂୟୁକ୍ତ କରନ୍ତୁ
- 2) Story telling
ଗନ୍ଧ କହିବା
- 3) Rote learning
ସୁଖ୍ୟୁ କାରା ଶିଖିବା
- 4) Puzzles
ଡୁଇଧା

Correct Answer: 1) Connect the teaching with real-life

ଶିକ୍ଷାକୁ ବାସୁଦେବ-ଜୀବନର ସହିତ ସଂୟୁକ୍ତ କରନ୍ତୁ

Candidate Answer: 1) Connect the teaching with real-life

ଶିକ୍ଷାକୁ ବାସୁଦ୍ଵାରା କରନ୍ତୁ ପାଇଁ ପାଇଁ ପାଇଁ

QID : 724 - To show 'how water effects the germination of seeds', a science teacher asked the students to soak bean seeds on a bed of cotton wool for a few days and observe the changes. What is the guideline that she forgot to mention?

'କିମ୍ପରି ପାଣି ବୀଜର ଅଞ୍ଚୁଗେଦଗମକୁ ପ୍ରଭାବିତ କରେ' ତା ଦେଖାଇବା ପାଇଁ, ଜଣେ ବିଜ୍ଞାନ ଶିକ୍ଷକ ଶିକ୍ଷାର୍ଥୀଙ୍କୁ କିଛି ଦିନ ପାଇଁ ସୂତା କପତା ରେ ଶିମ୍ବିନ୍ ମଞ୍ଜି ଭିଯାଇରଖୁବା ଏବଂ ପରିବର୍ତ୍ତନଗୁଡ଼ିକୁ ପର୍ଯ୍ୟବେକ୍ଷଣ କରିବାକୁ କୁହନ୍ତି । ସେ କଣ ଉଲ୍ଲେଖ କରିବାକୁ ଭୁଲି ଯାଇଛନ୍ତି ?

Options:

1) To place many seeds on wet cotton

ଓଡା କପତା ଉପରେ ଅନେକ ମଞ୍ଜି ରଖନ୍ତୁ

2) To place few seeds on wet cotton

ଓଡା କପତା ଉପରେ ଅନ୍ତର୍ମିଳି ମଞ୍ଜି ରଖନ୍ତୁ

3) To place many seeds on dry cotton

ଶୁଖୁଲା କପତା ଉପରେ ଅନେକ ମଞ୍ଜି ରଖନ୍ତୁ

4) To place few seeds on dry cotton

ଶୁଖୁଲା କପତା ଉପରେ ଅନ୍ତର୍ମିଳି ମଞ୍ଜି ରଖନ୍ତୁ

Correct Answer: 2) To place few seeds on wet cotton

ଓଡା କପତା ଉପରେ ଅନ୍ତର୍ମିଳି ମଞ୍ଜି ରଖନ୍ତୁ

Candidate Answer: 2) To place few seeds on wet cotton

ଓଡା କପତା ଉପରେ ଅନ୍ତର୍ମିଳି ମଞ୍ଜି ରଖନ୍ତୁ

QID : 725 - Which of the following techniques will not be recommended for the science teachers while teaching science in the classroom?

ଶ୍ରେଣିକଷରେ ବିଜ୍ଞାନ ପଢ଼େଇବା ସମୟରେ ବିଜ୍ଞାନର ଶିକ୍ଷକର ପାଇଁ ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ କେଉଁ କୌଣସି କରିବା ସୁପାରିଶ ଯୋଗ୍ୟ ନୁହେଁ?

Options:

1) Take a test to know about previous knowledge of students

ଶିକ୍ଷାର୍ଥୀଙ୍କର ପୂର୍ବବର୍ତ୍ତୀ ଜ୍ଞାନ ସମ୍ପର୍କରେ ଜାଣିବା ପାଇଁ ଗୋଟେ ପରୀକ୍ଷା କରନ୍ତୁ

2) Use manipulative materials for explaining the concepts

ଧାରଣାର ବ୍ୟାଖ୍ୟା କରିବାର ପାଇଁ ମ୍ୟାନିପୁଲଟିର ଉପକରଣଗୁଡ଼ିକ ବ୍ୟବହାର କରନ୍ତୁ

3) While introducing a complex concept, ask only open – ended questions to stimulate thinking of students

ଏକ ଜଟିଳ ଧାରଣା ବିଷୟରେ କହିବା ସମୟରେ, ଶିକ୍ଷାର୍ଥୀର ଚିନ୍ତାଭାବନା ଉଦ୍ଦୀପନାର ପାଇଁ କେବଳ ଉନ୍ନତ ପ୍ରଶ୍ନା ପରାମର୍ଶ ଦିଲ୍ଲିତାରେ ପାଇଁ

4) All options are correct

ସମସ୍ତ ବିକଳ ସଠିକ

Correct Answer: 2) Use manipulative materials for explaining the concepts

ଧାରଣାର ବ୍ୟାଖ୍ୟା କରିବାର ପାଇଁ ମ୍ୟାନିପୁଲଟିର ଉପକରଣଗୁଡ଼ିକ ବ୍ୟବହାର କରନ୍ତୁ

Candidate Answer: 3) While introducing a complex concept, ask only open – ended questions to stimulate thinking of students

এক জটিল ধারণা বিষয়ের ক্ষেত্রে, শিক্ষার্থীর বিজ্ঞানী বিদ্যার পাই কেবল উন্মুক্ত প্রশ্ন প্রদান করুন

QID : 726 - A teacher is planning an educational tour for children of class VII to Rajasthan. What should be the expectation of teacher from the students?

জেনে শিক্ষক ঘৃণন্দন শৈক্ষণিক পাই রাজস্বানৰে গোটে শিক্ষামূলক ভূমণি র পরিকল্পনা কৰেন্তু। শিক্ষার্থীর ঠারু শিক্ষকৰ প্রত্যাশা কৰা হেবা উচিত?

Options:

1) They should rejoice

যোমানে আনন্দ কৰিবা উচিত

2) They should not raise any question

যোমানে কৌশল প্রশ্ন প্রদান কৰিবা উচিত নুহে

3) There should be pin drop silence on the trip

যাত্রা ঘৃণন্দন সংপূর্ণ নীরবতা রাখিবা উচিত

4) They should observe carefully and share their observation with other children and teachers

যোমানে যাবধানতা সহ পর্যবেক্ষণ কৰিবা উচিত এবং তাৰ পর্যবেক্ষণটি অন্য পিলামানকু এবং শিক্ষকক

সহ বিভাজন কৰিবেবা উচিত

Correct Answer: 4) They should observe carefully and share their observation with other children and teachers

যোমানে যাবধানতা সহ পর্যবেক্ষণ কৰিবা উচিত এবং তাৰ পর্যবেক্ষণটি অন্য পিলামানকু এবং শিক্ষকক

সহ বিভাজন কৰিবেবা উচিত

Candidate Answer: 4) They should observe carefully and share their observation with other children and teachers

যোমানে যাবধানতা সহ পর্যবেক্ষণ কৰিবা উচিত এবং তাৰ পর্যবেক্ষণটি অন্য পিলামানকু এবং শিক্ষকক

সহ বিভাজন কৰিবেবা উচিত

QID : 727 - As a science teacher what kind of understanding we get while doing diagnostic tests in science?

জেনে বিজ্ঞান শিক্ষক হিসাবৰে, বিজ্ঞানৰে তাৰ পৰামৰ্শ কৰিবা ঘৃণন্দন আমে কৰা ধারণা পাইথাই?

Options:

1) How wise the students are?

শিক্ষার্থীমানে কেতে বুৰুজিমান?

2) How recurrence helps the student?

পুনৰাবৃত্তি কৰিবা কৰিবা কৰে?

3) The difficulties faced by students in studying science

বিজ্ঞান অধ্যয়নৰে শিক্ষার্থীকু যেৱাং অসুবিধা হৈছে

4) No option is correct

কৌশল বিকল্প পতিক নুহে

Correct Answer: 3) The difficulties faced by students in studying science
বিজ্ঞান অধ্যয়নে শিক্ষার্থীদের যের অসুবিধা হোৱাছি

Candidate Answer: 4) No option is correct
কোনো বিকল্প পঠিক ন্তুহো

QID : 728 - What is the primary purpose of making science museum in elementary school?

প্রাথমিক বিদ্যালয়ে বিজ্ঞান মিরজিয়ম তিআরি করিবার প্রাথমিক উদ্দেশ্য কী?

Options:

- 1) Giving the opportunity to learn lessons quickly
দুর্দল বেগেরে পাঠ্য শিখিবার সুযোগ দেবা
- 2) Providing education opportunities
শিক্ষার সুযোগ প্রদান করিবা
- 3) Adopting habit of observation and collection in students
শিক্ষার্থীদের মধ্যে পর্যবেক্ষণ এবং সংগৃহণ অভ্যাস গৃহণ করাইবা
- 4) Saving money in teaching of science
বিজ্ঞানে শিক্ষা পাই অর্থ ব্যয় করিবা

Correct Answer: 3) Adopting habit of observation and collection in students
শিক্ষার্থীদের মধ্যে পর্যবেক্ষণ এবং সংগৃহণ অভ্যাস গৃহণ করাইবা

Candidate Answer: 3) Adopting habit of observation and collection in students
শিক্ষার্থীদের মধ্যে পর্যবেক্ষণ এবং সংগৃহণ অভ্যাস গৃহণ করাইবা

QID : 729 - Which of the following is not an aim of teaching science at upper primary level?

নির্মান কেৱল কি উচ্চ প্রাথমিক শুরুরে বিজ্ঞানের পাঠ্যদানের লক্ষ্য ন্তুহো?

Options:

- 1) Raising curiosity about the natural and social environment
প্রাকৃতিক এবং সামাজিক পরিবেশ সম্পর্কে কৌতুহল উত্থাপন
- 2) Assimilating values that concern the life and the environment
জীবন এবং পরিবেশ উদ্দেশ যেৱ মূল্যবোধ অন্তর্ভুক্ত
- 3) To engage the students in the practical and research activities
শিক্ষার্থীক ব্যবহারিক এবং গবেষণা কার্যক্রমে জড়িত রাখিবা
- 4) The burden of learning vocabulary and definitions for children's assessment
পিলামানকের মূল্যায়নের পাই শব্দভাষ্যার এবং সংজ্ঞা শিখা কুঞ্চা

Correct Answer: 4) The burden of learning vocabulary and definitions for children's assessment
পিলামানকের মূল্যায়নের পাই শব্দভাষ্যার এবং সংজ্ঞা শিখা কুঞ্চা

Candidate Answer: 1) Raising curiosity about the natural and social environment
প্রাকৃতিক এবং সামাজিক পরিবেশ সম্পর্কে কৌতুহল উত্থাপন

QID : 730 - Which of the following is the main feature of assessment in science?

ନିମ୍ନର କେଉଁଟି ବିଜ୍ଞାନର ମୂଳ୍ୟାୟନର ପ୍ରଧାନ ବୈଶିଷ୍ଟ୍ୟ?

Options:

1) It is organised at the end of the year

ଏହା ବର୍ଷରେ ଶେଷରେ ଆୟୋଜନ କରା ହୁଏ

2) It is diagnostic in nature

ଏହା ପ୍ରକୃତିର ତାଯୋଗୋନସ୍ଥିକ

3) The purpose of enhancing experimental skills

ପରୀକ୍ଷାମୂଳକ ଦକ୍ଷତା ବୃଦ୍ଧିର ଉଦେଶ୍ୟ

4) The purpose of developing a scientific approach among students

ଶିକ୍ଷାର୍ଥୀଙ୍କର ମଧ୍ୟରେ ବୈଜ୍ଞାନିକ ପଢ଼ିର ବିକାଶର ଉଦେଶ୍ୟ

Correct Answer: 2) It is diagnostic in nature

ଏହା ପ୍ରକୃତିର ତାଯୋଗୋନସ୍ଥିକ

Candidate Answer: 4) The purpose of developing a scientific approach among students

ଶିକ୍ଷାର୍ଥୀଙ୍କର ମଧ୍ୟରେ ବୈଜ୍ଞାନିକ ପଢ଼ିର ବିକାଶର ଉଦେଶ୍ୟ

QID : 731 - Which method of separation would you use to separate a mixture of salt and water?

ଲବଣ ଏବଂ ପାଣିର ମିଶ୍ରଣ ପୃଥକ କରିବା ଆପଣ କେଉଁ ପୃଥକୀକରଣର ପଢ଼ିଟି ବ୍ୟବହାର କରିବେ?

Options:

1) Evaporation

ବାଷ୍ପୀକରଣ

2) Sublimation

ସର୍ପିମେସନ

3) Sedimentation

ସେତିମେଶ୍ରସନ

4) Decantation

ଡିକାନେଶ୍ରସନ

Correct Answer: 1) Evaporation

ବାଷ୍ପୀକରଣ

Candidate Answer: 1) Evaporation

ବାଷ୍ପୀକରଣ

QID : 732 - Which of the following metals is most likely to displace iron (Fe^{2+}) in ferrous sulphate solution?

ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ଧାତୁର ମଧ୍ୟରେ କେଉଁଠି ଫେରସ ସଲଫେଟ ଦ୍ରବ୍ୟରେ ଆଇରନ (Fe^{2+}) ର ସ୍ଥାନରୁ କରିବାର ସମ୍ଭାବନା ସବୁଠାରୁ ଦେଇଛି?

Options:

1) Copper

ତମ୍ଭା

2) Lead

ସୀପା

3) Zinc

ଡକ୍ଷା

4) Mercury

ପାରଦ

Correct Answer: 3) Zinc

ଡକ୍ଷା

Candidate Answer: 1) Copper

ତମ୍ଭା

QID : 733 - Sulphur is present in which amino acid?

ସଲଫର କେଉଁ ଆମୀନୋ ଏସିଥି ରେ ଉପସ୍ଥିତ?

Options:

1) Cysteine

କ୍ରୁଷ୍ଟିନ

2) Alanine

ଶାରମୁଦ୍ରା(ଆଲାନାଇନ)

3) Lysine

ଲାଇସିନ

4) Valine

ଭ୍ୟାଲିନ

Correct Answer: 1) Cysteine

କ୍ରୁଷ୍ଟିନ

Candidate Answer: 4) Valine

ଭ୍ୟାଲିନ

QID : 734 - Which of the following process is responsible for advance sunrise and delayed sunset?

ଆଗୁଆ ସୂର୍ଯ୍ୟଦୟ ଏବଂ ବିଳମ୍ବିତ ସୂର୍ଯ୍ୟରୁ ପାଇଁ ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ କେଉଁ ପ୍ରକ୍ରିୟା ଦାଖାଇଛେ ?

Options:

1) Atmospheric reflection

ବାୟୁମଣ୍ଡଳୀୟ ପ୍ରତିବିମ୍ବ

2) Multiple reflection

ଏକାଧିକ ପ୍ରତିବିମ୍ବ

3) Dispersion

ବିଚ୍ଛରଣ

4) Atmospheric Refraction

ବାୟୁମଣ୍ଡଳୀୟ ପ୍ରତିସରଣ

Correct Answer: 4) Atmospheric Refraction

ବାୟୁମଣ୍ଡଳୀୟ ପ୍ରତିସରଣ

Candidate Answer: 4) Atmospheric Refraction

ବାୟୁମଣ୍ଡଳୀୟ ପ୍ରତିସରଣ

QID : 735 - Which of the following elements is NOT a metalloid?

ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ଉପାଦାନର ମଧ୍ୟରେ କେଉଁଠି ଧାତବ ପଦାର୍ଥ ନୁହେ?

Options:

1) Borane

ବୋରନ

2) Sodium

ସୋଡ଼ିୟମ

3) Antimony

ଆଣ୍ଟିମୋନି

4) Silicon

ସିଲିକନ

Correct Answer: 2) Sodium

ସୋଡ଼ିୟମ

Candidate Answer: 3) Antimony

ଆଣ୍ଟିମୋନି

QID : 736 - Which chemist is credited with the discovery of Neutrons?

ନିରତ୍ରନ ଆବିଷ୍କାରର ପାଇଁ କେଉଁ ରସାୟନବିଦକୁ କୃତିତ୍ୱ ଦିଆ ହୁଏ?

Options:

- 1) J. Chadwick
ଜେ. ଚାଦ୍ଵିକ
- 2) Neils Bohr
ନୀଲ୍ ବୋହର
- 3) J.J. Thomson
ଜେ.ଜେ. ଥମ୍ପନ
- 4) Ernest Rutherford
ଆର୍ନେସ୍ଟ ରାଥର୍ଫର୍ଡ

Correct Answer: 1) J. Chadwick

ଜେ. ଚାଦ୍ଵିକ

Candidate Answer: 1) J. Chadwick

ଜେ. ଚାଦ୍ଵିକ

QID : 737 - Isotope of which element is used in treatment of Goitre?

ଗଳଗଣ୍ୟ (ଗାୟତ୍ର) ଚିକିତ୍ସା ପାଇଁ ଆଇସୋଟୋପର କେହିଁ ଉପାଦାନଟିକୁ ବ୍ୟବହାର କରା ହୁଏ?

Options:

- 1) Uranium
ଉରନୋମ୍ଯୁମ
- 2) Cobalt
କୋବାଲ୍ଟ
- 3) Iodine
ଆଇଓଡିନ
- 4) Carbon
କାରବନ

Correct Answer: 3) Iodine

ଆଇଓଡିନ

Candidate Answer: 3) Iodine

ଆଇଓଡିନ

QID : 738 - Which of the following elements is polyatomic in nature?

ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ ଉପାଦାନର ମଧ୍ୟରେ କଣ ପ୍ରକୃତିରେ ପଲିଆଟୋମେଟିକ?

Options:

- 1) Argon
ଆର୍ଗନ
- 2) Sulphur
ସଲଫର
- 3) Helium
ହେଲିଆମ୍
- 4) No option is correct
କୌଣସି ବିକଳ୍ପ ସଠିକ ନୁହେ

Correct Answer: 2) Sulphur

ସଲଫର

Candidate Answer: 2) Sulphur

ସଲଫର

QID : 739 - Which connective tissue is found between skin and muscles, around blood vessels, nerves and in bone marrow?

ଦୁଇ ଏବଂ ପେଣୀଗୁଡ଼ିର ମଧ୍ୟରେ, ରକ୍ତନାଳୀଗୁଡ଼ିକର ଚାରପାଶ୍ବରେ, ସ୍ନାଯୁ ଏବଂ ଅସ୍ତ୍ର ମଜ୍ଜାରେ କେଉଁ ସଂଯୁକ୍ତି ଟିପ୍ପୁୟ ମିଳି ଥାଏ ?

Options:

- 1) Cartilage
ଡରୁଣ୍ଟି
- 2) Adipose tissue
ଏଡ଼ିପୋଷ ଟିପ୍ପୁ
- 3) Tendons
ଟେଣ୍ଡନସ
- 4) Areolar
ଏରିଓଲର

Correct Answer: 4) Areolar

ଏରିଓଲର

Candidate Answer: 2) Adipose tissue

ଏଡ଼ିପୋଷ ଟିପ୍ପୁ

QID : 740 - Deficiency of which mineral causes scurvy in human beings?

କେଉଁ ଖଣିକଟିର ଅଭାବ ମାନବ ମଧ୍ୟରେ ସ୍କୁର୍ବି ସୃଷ୍ଟି କରେ?

Options:

1) Vitamin A

ଭିଟାମିନ୍ A

2) Vitamin C

ଭିଟାମିନ୍ C

3) Vitamin B

ଭିଟାମିନ୍ B

4) Vitamin D

ଭିଟାମିନ୍ D

Correct Answer: 2) Vitamin C

ଭିଟାମିନ୍ C

Candidate Answer: 2) Vitamin C

ଭିଟାମିନ୍ C

QID : 741 - Heating effect of electric current across an iron rod increases with _____.
ଗୋଟେ ଲୁହା ରତ ମଧ୍ୟରେ ବୈଦ୍ୟୁତିକ ପ୍ରବାହର ଗରମ ପ୍ରଭାବ _____ ସହିତ ବୃଦ୍ଧି ପାଏ ।

Options:

1) increasing voltage

ରୋକ୍ତୁଜ ବୃଦ୍ଧି

2) decreasing voltage

ରୋକ୍ତୁଜ ହ୍ରାସ

3) increasing cross sectional area of rod

ରତର ଅନୁପସ୍ଥ (କ୍ରେପ୍) ବିଭାଗୀୟ କ୍ଷେତ୍ର ର ବୃଦ୍ଧି

4) decreasing length of rod

ରତ ର ଦୈର୍ଘ୍ୟ ହ୍ରାସ

Correct Answer: 1) increasing voltage

ରୋକ୍ତୁଜ ବୃଦ୍ଧି

Candidate Answer: 4) decreasing length of rod

ରତ ର ଦୈର୍ଘ୍ୟ ହ୍ରାସ

QID : 742 - Gravitational Force between two objects decreases with _____.
ଦୂରତି ବନ୍ଦୁର ମଧ୍ୟରେ ମହାକର୍ଷୀୟ ଶକ୍ତି _____ ର ସହିତ ହ୍ରାସ ପାଏ ।

Options:

1) increasing distance between two objects

ଦୂରତ୍ତି ବସ୍ତୁର ମଧ୍ୟେ ଦୂରତ୍ତ ର ବୃଦ୍ଧି

2) decreasing distance between two objects

ଦୂରତ୍ତି ବସ୍ତୁର ମଧ୍ୟେ ଦୂରତ୍ତ ହ୍ରାସ

3) increasing masses of both the objects

ଉଦ୍‌ଦୟ ବସ୍ତୁର ଭାର ବୃଦ୍ଧି

4) increasing mass of any one object

କୌଣସି ଏକ ବସ୍ତୁର ଭାର ବୃଦ୍ଧି

Correct Answer: 1) increasing distance between two objects

ଦୂରତ୍ତି ବସ୍ତୁର ମଧ୍ୟେ ଦୂରତ୍ତ ର ବୃଦ୍ଧି

Candidate Answer: 1) increasing distance between two objects

ଦୂରତ୍ତି ବସ୍ତୁର ମଧ୍ୟେ ଦୂରତ୍ତ ର ବୃଦ୍ଧି

QID : 743 - S.I. Unit of pressure is _____.

S.I. ତାପର ଏକକଟି _____।

Options:

1) Joule

ଜୁଲ୍

2) Newton

ନିୟମନ

3) Pascal

ପ୍ୟାସକେଲ

4) Watt

ଓଟ୍

Correct Answer: 3) Pascal

ପ୍ୟାସକେଲ

Candidate Answer: 4) Watt

ଓଟ୍

QID : 744 - Lactometers used to determine purity of milk, are based on which principle?

ଦୂଧର ବିଶ୍ୱାଦତା ନିର୍ଧାରଣର ପାଇଁ ବ୍ୟବହୃତ ଲ୍ୟାକଟୋମିଟାର କେଉଁ ନୀତି ଉପରେ ଭରି କରେ?

Options:

1) Bernoulli's Principle

ବାର୍ନୁଲିର ମୂଳନାତି

2) Calvin's Principle

କ୍ୟାଲିଭିନର ମୂଳନାତି

3) Archimedes's Principle

ଆକିମିତିସର ମୂଳନାତି

4) Newton's Principle

ନିରନ୍ତର ମୂଳନାତି

Correct Answer: 3) Archimedes's Principle

ଆକିମିତିସର ମୂଳନାତି

Candidate Answer: 2) Calvin's Principle

କ୍ୟାଲିଭିନର ମୂଳନାତି

QID : 745 - The Resistance of an iron rod is R. If the length of the rod is increased by 4 times, then the resistance of the new rod is _____.

ଗୋଟେ ଲୁହାର ରତର ରେଜିଷ୍ଟ୍ରେସନ୍ ରୀ ଯଦି ରତର ଦେଖ୍ୟ 4 ଗୁଣ ବୃଦ୍ଧି କରା ହୁଏ ତେବେ ନୂଆ ରତର ପ୍ରତିରୋଧ _____ ହୁଏ ।

Options:

1) 4R

2) 2R

3) 8R

4) 10R

Correct Answer: 1) 4R

Candidate Answer: 1) 4R

QID : 746 - Which is not a part of female reproductive system in human beings?

କଣ ମାନବ ଦେହରେ ମହିଳା ପ୍ରଜନନ ବ୍ୟବସ୍ଥାର ଅଂସ ନୁହେ?

Options:

1) Cervix

ଗଲଦେଶ

2) Ovary

ତିମ୍ବାଶୟ

3) Uterus

ଜରାଯୁ

4) Urethra

ମୃତ୍ତନାଳୀ

Correct Answer: 4) Urethra

ମୁତ୍ତନାଳୀ

Candidate Answer: 1) Cervix

ଗଳଦେଶ

QID : 747 - The process of 'Spore formation' can be seen in which of the following?

'ବୀଜାଣୁଗଠନ' ପ୍ରକ୍ରିୟାଟି ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତ କେଉଁ ଦେଖା ଯାଏ?

Options:

1) Bryophyllum

ବ୍ରୋଫ୍ଲାମ

2) Rhizopus

ହିର୍କପୁଷ୍ଟ

3) Planaria

ପ୍ଲାନରିଆ

4) Hydra

ହାଇଡ୍ରା

Correct Answer: 2) Rhizopus

ହିର୍କପୁଷ୍ଟ

Candidate Answer: 4) Hydra

ହାଇଡ୍ରା

QID : 748 - Which gas produces a pop sound when brought near a flame?

କେଉଁ ଗ୍ୟାସ, ଶିଖର ପାଖାପାଖୁ ଆୟିଲେ ଗୋଟେ ପପ ଶବ୍ଦ ଉପାନ୍ତ ହୁଏ?

Options:

1) Nitrogen

ନାଇଟ୍ରୋଜେନ

2) Sulphur

ଗନ୍ଧକ

3) Hydrogen

ଉତ୍ତାନ

4) Carbon

କାରବନ

Correct Answer: 3) Hydrogen

ଉତ୍ତାନ

Candidate Answer: 4) Carbon

କାରବନ

QID : 749 - Chemical name of Plaster of Paris is _____.

ପ୍ଲାସ୍ଟର ଅଫ୍ ପ୍ରୋପିଟର ରାସାୟନିକ ନାମ _____।

Options:

1) Calcium Sulphate

କ୍ୟାଲସିଯୁମ ସାଲଫେଟ

2) Copper Sulphate

କପାର ସାଲଫେଟ

3) Calcium Sulphate Hemihydrate

କ୍ୟାଲସିଯୁମ ସାଲଫେଟ ହେମିହାଇଡ୍ରେଟ

4) Copper Sulphate Hemihydrate

କପାର ସାଲଫେଟ ହେମିହାଇଡ୍ରେଟ

Correct Answer: 3) Calcium Sulphate Hemihydrate

କ୍ୟାଲସିଯୁମ ସାଲଫେଟ ହେମିହାଇଡ୍ରେଟ

Candidate Answer: 1) Calcium Sulphate

କ୍ୟାଲସିଯୁମ ସାଲଫେଟ

QID : 750 - When the position of an object is at infinity, then what is the size of an image formed by a convex mirror?

ଯେବେ କେଉଁ ବସ୍ତୁର ଅବସ୍ଥାନ ଅସୀମ ହୁଏ, ତେବେ ଉତ୍ତଳ ଦର୍ଶଣ ଦ୍ଵାରା ଗଠିତ ଏକ ଚିତ୍ରର ଆକାର କଣ ହେବ ?

Options:

1) Same as size of object

ବସ୍ତୁର ଆକାର ହିସାବରେ ସମାନ

2) Point Size

ପଣ୍ଡକୁ ଆକାର

3) Half the Size of object

ବସ୍ତୁର ଅଧା ଆକାର

4) Double the size of object

ବସ୍ତୁର ଆକାର ଦ୍ଵିଗୁଣ

Correct Answer: 2) Point Size

ପଣ୍ଡକୁ ଆକାର

Candidate Answer: 4) Double the size of object

ବସ୍ତୁର ଆକାର ଦ୍ଵିଗୁଣ



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