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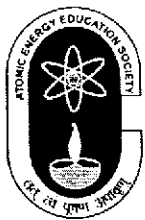
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AEES

**Previous Year Paper
TGT Art September
2015**





ATOMIC ENERGY EDUCATION SOCIETY

Anushaktinagar, Mumbai-400 094

2015 – Open Candidates Examination

Post – TGT (Art)

Date – 28.09.2015

Time – 1 Hour 30 Minutes

Maximum Marks – 50

Instructions

1. There are 50 Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ) in this paper. Each question carries 1 mark. There will be negative marking of 0.25 per wrong answer.
2. Answer should be darkened/marked in the OMR answer sheet only.
3. Use of any electronic gadget (e.g. calculator, mobile phone, etc.) is not permitted, in the examination hall.
4. In case a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet or the OMR Answer Sheet is not signed by the Invigilator, it will be dealt with as a case of unfair means.
5. On completion of the test, the candidates MUST HAND OVER THE OMR ANSWER SHEET AND QUESTION PAPER TO THE INVIGILATOR in the room/hall.
6. The candidates should ensure that the OMR answer sheet is not folded or damaged.

To be filled by the candidate

Name of the Candidate: _____

Roll Number: _____

OMR Number: _____

No of printed pages –7

2015-Open Candidates- TGT (Art) – QP

- Q.1)is a design that has a meaning embedded in it without using of any language.
- a) Marking
 - b) Symbol
 - c) images
 - d) Drawing
- Q.2) are designed to help blind or vision impaired people to read and write.
- a) Roman alphabets
 - b) Braille alphabets
 - c) Dot alphabets
 - e) Lower case alphabets
- Q.3) was an art movement using geometrical shapes in the 1920's and 1940 early.
- a) Finishing
 - b) Pop Art
 - c) Art Deco
 - d) Action Painting
- Q.4)was the movement known for liquid images and distorted distances.
- a) Impressionism
 - b) Pointalism
 - c) Sur-realism
 - d) Minimalism
- Q.5) was avant -garde art movement uses abstract cubical like forms.
- a) Post Impressionism
 - b) Cubism
 - c) Murals
 - d) Expressionism
- Q.6) What does CAD stand for?
- a) Computer Aided Designs
 - b) Calculating Arithmetical Device
 - c) Continually Activated Diode
 - d) Correction And Division
- Q.7) The basic preliminary concept of Internet was first developed by?
- a) Russian Scientist
 - b) BELL Foundation
 - c) American Military
 - d) British Intelligence
- Q.8)the famous scientist while taking a bath shouted "Eureka" when he worked out how things float.
- a) Pythagoras
 - b) Archimedes
 - c) Pluto
 - d) Aristotle
- Q.9) Sun Temple of Konark is also known as?
- a) Chariot Temple
 - b) Moving Temple
 - c) Black Pagoda
 - d) Temple on Wheels

Q.10) Hoardings, Posters, Signs, Banners etc are categorised as?

- a) New Advertising
- b) Trade Advertising
- c) Promotional Advertising
- d) Outdoor Advertising

Q.11) The is where famous personalities like film stars, leaders, actors, sportsmen etc. are used to promote a product or services.

- a) Famous Advertising
- b) Popular Advertising
- c) Celebrity Advertising
- d) Personality Advertising

Q.12) is the most effective way of creating awareness and generating interest in the minds of customers.

- a) Sales Promotion
- b) Announcement
- c) Advertising
- d) Consumer Gatherings

Q.13) is a practice that involves not just thinking differently but is logical thinking that makes sense differently.

- a) Writing
- b) Creativity
- c) Drawing
- d) Talking

Q.14) formulated the original concept of colour wheel to prove that colours when mixed together turns white.

- a) Albert Munsell
- b) Sir Issac Newton
- c) Ram Kumar
- d) Peter Holding

Q.15) The ray of sunlight travels miles straight per second.

- a) 1 Million Miles per minute
- b) 76,000 kms per second
- c) 2 trillion kms per minute
- d) 1,86,000 miles per second

Q.16) Colour is powerful form of communication.

- a) Activating
- b) Non-Verbal
- c) Colourful
- d) Confusing

Q.17) is also called as "Light Colour Theory" which includes Red, Green and Blue colours.

- a) Mixture Theory
- b) 3 Colour Theory
- c) Additive Theory
- d) Pigment Theory

Q.18) Mixture of two different primary colours are called?

- a) Twin Colours
- b) Achromatic Colours
- c) Secondary Colours
- d) Multi- colour

- Q.19) processes and memorises an image on the bases of colour, form, depth and movement.
- a) Camera
 - b) Circuit
 - c) Human Brain
 - d) Pantograph
- Q.20) is a form of ancient writing found in the pyramids that included picture, images & forms with specific meaning.
- a) Latin
 - b) Cuneiform
 - c) Pictography
 - d) Heiroglyphs
- Q.21) "The wheel of life" that depicted the cycle of life, death, suffering & rebirth is called?
- a) Mahachakra
 - b) Purnachakra
 - c) Bhavachakra
 - d) Binduchakra
- Q.22) In computer, are made of paths i.e. lines, shapes, letters, and other scale able objects.
- a) Vector Graphics
 - b) Digital Image
 - c) Linear Images
 - d) Hand illustration
- Q.23) of Bharat Muni is a theoretical text on Indian performing arts covering the fundamentals on Theatre, Drama, Acting and Music.
- a) Kalap Shastra
 - b) Natya Shastra
 - c) Nach Shastra
 - d) Savaranga Shastra
- Q.24) Romans developed the system of to supply fresh water to the people and their cities.
- a) Water Fountains
 - b) Aquaducts
 - c) Canals
 - d) Water storages
- Q.25) The word indicates the period of culture that produced art when there was no written language.
- a) Stone Age
 - b) Neolithic Period
 - c) Pre-Historic
 - d) Summerian
- Q.26) was a square shaped structure with steps in front, was built in Sumerian civilisation and was considered as a Bridge between Heaven & Earth.
- a) Ziggurat
 - b) Tower of God
 - c) Temple of Heaven
 - d) Parthenon

Q.27) The..... civilisation flourished between the plains of rivers Tigris and Euphrates.

- a) Sumerian
- b) Greek
- c) Mesopotamian
- d) Egyptian

Q.28) Ultimate perfection in principles of Proportion & appearance is also called as "Hellenistic " was the typical characteristics of?

- a) Roman Female Figures
- b) Greek Sculpture
- c) Sumerian Sculpture
- d) Egyptian Painting

Q.29) in French means rebirth or the new beginning in art, culture & science that took place between 14th & 17 century AD.

- a) Cote d'Ivoire
- b) Renaissance
- c) Avante Garde
- d) Francais Signe

Q.30) did the famous sculpture "Peita & David" in marble when he was just 30 years old.

- a) Giaconda
- b) Raphael
- c) Giotto de-Bondore
- d) Michelangelo

Q.31) The tendency towards was the main characteristic of Modern Era that influenced the works followed after.

- a) Experimentation
- b) Abstraction
- c) Simplification
- d) Individualism

Q.32) The credit of doing "Yayati Mural" in the modern Indian Painting goes to?

- a) Manjit Bawa
- b) Ganesh Haloi
- c) A Ramchandran
- d) Laxma Goud

Q.33) "Geet Govind" has been composed by?

- a) Jaidev
- b) Surdas
- c) Tulsidas
- d) Charandas

Q.34) The concept of Wall Paintings were first started in Indian by.....

- a) Rajasthani School
- b) Mughul School
- c) Ajanta School
- d) Bengal School

- Q.35) The famous sculpture "Dancing Girl" found in excavation at Mohan-jo-Daro was made of?
- a) Copper
 - b) Brass
 - c) Bronze
 - d) Iron Casting
- Q.36) The construction of famous "Kailash Temple" at Ellora was supervised by?
- a) The Vakataks
 - b) The Guptas
 - c) The Adhchalukyas
 - d) The Rashtrakutas
- Q.37) The Madhubani, the typical Indian style of Painting actually originated from presently in Bihar.
- a) Gaya
 - b) Patna
 - c) Jitwapur
 - d) Bilaspur
- Q.38) The early style of Rajasthani Painting was inspired by?
- a) Mughul School
 - b) Pahari School
 - c) Deccan School
 - d) Apbhransh School
- Q.39) The "Shore Temple" at Mamallapuram was constructed by Pallavas that symbolises early?
- a) Ancient Indian Architecture
 - b) Greco-Buddhist Architecture
 - c) Dravidian Architecture
 - d) Hindu Architecture
- Q.40) Badami, Aihole, Salsette, Elephanta etc are some of the typical initiated by Buddhists and later imitated by Hindus and Jains.
- a) Religious Temples
 - b) Rock-Cut Caves
 - c) Pilgrimage Destinations
 - d) Worshipping Centres
- Q.41) The Mughul Style of Painting flourished from the period of?
- a) Emperor Humayun
 - b) Emperor Akbar
 - c) Emperor Babar
 - d) Emperor Jahangir
- Q.42) was the first Indian Impressionist Artist.
- a) K K Hebbar
 - b) N S Bendre
 - c) M F Hussain
 - d) Jamini Roy
- Q.43) "Art is the imitation of truth" was the famous quote of?
- a) Aristotle
 - b) Plato
 - c) Tolstoy
 - d) Socrates

Q.44) is the correct order of colours in a rainbow.

- a) VIBGORY
- b) VIBGYOR
- c) VIGBYOR
- d) VGIBYOR

Q.45) Digital Camera uses electronic to record the image in the form of electronic data and stored on a storage medium.

- a) Image Sensor
- b) Digital Chip
- c) CGI (Computer Generated Imagery)
- d) Digital Receptor

Q.46) is a type of photographic device which takes rapid sequence of photographs on a recording medium that depicts movement.

- a) Reflex Camera
- b) Movie Camera
- c) Image Enhancer
- d) Multi image processor

Q.47) In a professional photographic language the aperture setting of a camera is denoted as?

- a) Fast Shutter
- b) f-number
- c) Aperture Number
- d) A-Stop

Q.48) In the emphasis is on reporting and recording events that take place in a newsworthy manner.

- a) Photo Editing
- b) Raw sequencing
- c) Photojournalism
- d) Digital Photography

Q.49) is the term used not only for the number of pixels in an image but also to express the number of image sensor element in a digital camera.

- a) Auto Pixelate
- b) Digital Pixels
- c) Megapixel
- d) Bayer Filter

Q.50) The rule of third is said to be the simplification of the used by most as an aid which is applicable in anything from photography to composition or painting.

- a) Golden Means
- b) Third Division
- c) Framing
- d) Masking



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TGT (Art)

Answers key

1	B	26	A
2	B	27	C
3	C	28	B
4	C	29	B
5	B	30	D
6	A	31	B
7	C	32	C
8	B	33	A
9	C	34	C
10	D	35	B
11	C	36	D
12	C	37	C
13	B	38	A
14	B	39	C
15	D	40	B
16	B	41	B
17	C	42	B
18	C	43	B
19	C	44	B
20	D	45	A
21	C	46	B
22	A	47	B
23	B	48	C
24	B	49	C
25	C	50	A





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