



Teachingninja.in



Latest Govt Job updates



Private Job updates



Free Mock tests available

Visit - teachingninja.in

RPSC JLO

Previous Year Paper
Paper-IV
05 Nov, 2023



रिपॉर्टर
6/11/2023

पुस्तिका में पृष्ठों की संख्या : 16

Number of Pages in Booklet : 16

पुस्तिका में प्रश्नों की संख्या : 150

No. of Questions in Booklet : 150

Paper Code : 04

Sub : Gen. Hindi & Gen. English

समय : 03 घण्टे + 10 मिनट अतिरिक्त*

Time : 03 Hours + 10 Minutes Extra*

LOJ-23

प्रश्न-पुस्तिका संख्या व बारकोड/

Question Booklet No. &

Barcode



773137

इस प्रश्न-पुस्तिका को तब तक न खोलें जब तक कहा न जाए। Do not open this Question Booklet until you are asked to do so.



Paper-IV

अधिकतम अंक : 50

Maximum Marks : 50

प्रश्न-पुस्तिका के पेपर की सील/पोलिथीन बैग को खोलने पर प्रश्न-पत्र हल करने से पूर्व परीक्षार्थी यह सुनिश्चित कर लें कि :

• प्रश्न-पुस्तिका संख्या तथा ओ.एम.आर. उत्तर-पत्रक पर अंकित बारकोड संख्या समान है।

• प्रश्न-पुस्तिका एवं ओ.एम.आर. उत्तर-पत्रक के सभी पृष्ठ व सभी प्रश्न सही मुद्रित हैं। समस्त प्रश्न, जैसा कि ऊपर वर्णित है, उपलब्ध हैं तथा कोई भी पृष्ठ कम नहीं है/ मुद्रण त्रुटि नहीं है। किसी भी प्रकार की विसंगति या दोषपूर्ण होने पर परीक्षार्थी वीक्षक से दूसरा प्रश्न-पत्र प्राप्त कर लें। यह सुनिश्चित करने की जिम्मेदारी अभ्यर्थी की होगी। परीक्षा प्रारम्भ होने के 5 मिनट पश्चात् ऐसे किसी दावे/आपत्ति पर कोई विचार नहीं किया जायेगा।

On opening the paper seal/polythene bag of the Question Booklet before attempting the question paper, the candidate should ensure that :

• Question Booklet Number and Barcode Number of OMR Answer Sheet are same.

• All pages & Questions of Question Booklet and OMR Answer Sheet are properly printed. All questions as mentioned above are available and no page is missing/misprinted.

If there is any discrepancy/defect, candidate must obtain another Question Booklet from Invigilator. Candidate himself shall be responsible for ensuring this. No claim/objection in this regard will be entertained after five minutes of start of examination.

परीक्षार्थियों के लिए निर्देश

1. प्रत्येक प्रश्न के लिये एक विकल्प भरना अनिवार्य है।
 2. सभी प्रश्नों के अंक समान हैं।
 3. प्रत्येक प्रश्न का मात्र एक ही उत्तर दीजिए। एक से अधिक उत्तर देने की दशा में प्रश्न के उत्तर को गलत माना जाएगा।
 4. OMR उत्तर-पत्रक इस प्रश्न-पुस्तिका के अन्दर रखा है। जब आपको प्रश्न-पुस्तिका खोलने को कहा जाए, तो उत्तर-पत्रक निकाल कर ध्यान से केवल नीले बॉल पॉइंट पेन से विवरण भरें।
 5. कृपया अपना रोल नम्बर ओ.एम.आर. उत्तर-पत्रक पर सावधानीपूर्वक सही भरें। गलत रोल नम्बर भरने पर परीक्षार्थी स्वयं उत्तरदायी होगा।
 6. प्रत्येक गलत उत्तर के लिए प्रश्न अंक का 1/3 भाग काटा जायेगा। गलत उत्तर से तात्पर्य अशुद्ध उत्तर अथवा किसी भी प्रश्न के एक से अधिक उत्तर से है।
 7. प्रत्येक प्रश्न के पाँच विकल्प दिये गये हैं, जिन्हें क्रमशः 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 अंकित किया गया है। अभ्यर्थी को सही उत्तर निर्दिष्ट करते हुए उनमें से केवल एक गोले (बबल) को उत्तर-पत्रक पर नीले बॉल पॉइंट पेन से गहरा करना है।
 8. यदि आप प्रश्न का उत्तर नहीं देना चाहते हैं तो उत्तर-पत्रक में पाँचवें (5) विकल्प को गहरा करें। यदि पाँच में से कोई भी गोला गहरा नहीं किया जाता है, तो ऐसे प्रश्न के लिये प्रश्न अंक का 1/3 भाग काटा जायेगा।
 - 9.* प्रश्न-पत्र हल करने के उपरांत अभ्यर्थी अनिवार्य रूप से ओ.एम.आर. उत्तर-पत्रक जाँच लें कि समस्त प्रश्नों के लिये एक विकल्प (गोला) भर दिया गया है। इसके लिये ही निर्धारित समय से 10 मिनट का अतिरिक्त समय दिया गया है।
 10. यदि अभ्यर्थी 10% से अधिक प्रश्नों में पाँच विकल्पों में से कोई भी विकल्प अंकित नहीं करता है, तो उसको अयोग्य माना जायेगा।
 11. मोबाइल फोन अथवा अन्य किसी इलेक्ट्रॉनिक यंत्र का परीक्षा हॉल में प्रयोग पूर्णतया वर्जित है। यदि किसी अभ्यर्थी के पास ऐसी कोई वर्जित सामग्री मिलती है तो उसके विरुद्ध आयोग द्वारा नियमानुसार कार्यवाही की जायेगी।
- चेतावनी :** अगर कोई अभ्यर्थी नकल करते पकड़ा जाता है या उसके पास से कोई अनधिकृत सामग्री पाई जाती है, तो उस अभ्यर्थी के विरुद्ध पुलिस में प्राथमिकी दर्ज कराते हुए राजस्थान सार्वजनिक परीक्षा (भर्तियों में अनुचित साधनों की रोकथाम अध्यापक अधिनियम, 2022 तथा अन्य प्रभावी कानून एवं आयोग के नियमों-प्रावधानों के तहत कार्यवाही की जाएगी। साथ ही आयोग ऐसे अभ्यर्थी को भविष्य में होने वाली आयोग की समस्त परीक्षाओं से विवर्जित कर सकता है।

INSTRUCTIONS FOR CANDIDATES

1. It is mandatory to fill one option for each question.
 2. All questions carry equal marks.
 3. Only one answer is to be given for each question. If more than one answers are marked, it would be treated as wrong answer.
 4. The OMR Answer Sheet is inside this Question Booklet. When you are directed to open the Question Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars carefully with Blue Ball Point Pen only.
 5. Please correctly fill your Roll Number in OMR Answer Sheet. Candidate will themselves be responsible for filling wrong Roll No.
 6. 1/3 part of the mark(s) of each question will be deducted for each wrong answer. A wrong answer means an incorrect answer or more than one answers for any question.
 7. Each question has five options marked as 1, 2, 3, 4, 5. You have to darken only one circle (bubble) indicating the correct answer on the Answer Sheet using BLUE BALL POINT PEN.
 8. If you are not attempting a question then you have to darken the circle '5'. If none of the five circles is darkened, one third (1/3) part of the marks of question shall be deducted.
 - 9.* After solving question paper, candidate must ascertain that he/she has darkened one of the circles (bubbles) for each of the questions. Extra time of 10 minutes beyond scheduled time, is provided for this.
 10. A candidate who has not darkened any of the five circles in more than 10% questions, shall be disqualified.
 11. Mobile Phone or any other electronic gadget in the examination hall is strictly prohibited. A candidate found with any of such objectionable material with him/her will be strictly dealt as per rules.
- Warning :** If a candidate is found copying or if any unauthorized material is found in his/her possession, F.I.R. would be lodged against him/her in the Police Station and he/she would liable to be prosecuted under Rajasthan Public Examination (Measures for Prevention of Unfair Means in Recruitment) Act, 2022 & any other laws applicable and Commission's Rules-Regulations. Commission may also debar him/her permanently from all future examinations.

उत्तर-पत्रक में दो प्रतियाँ हैं - मूल प्रति और कार्बन प्रति। परीक्षा समाप्ति पर परीक्षा कक्ष छोड़ने से पूर्व परीक्षार्थी उत्तर-पत्रक की दोनों प्रतियाँ वीक्षक को सौंपेंगे, परीक्षार्थी स्वयं कार्बन प्रति अलग नहीं करें। वीक्षक उत्तर-पत्रक की मूल प्रति को अपने पास जमा कर, कार्बन प्रति को मूल प्रति से कट लाइन से मोड़ कर सावधानीपूर्वक अलग कर परीक्षार्थी को सौंपेंगे, जिसे परीक्षार्थी अपने साथ ले जायेंगे। परीक्षार्थी को उत्तर-पत्रक की कार्बन प्रति चयन प्रक्रिया पूर्ण होने तक सुरक्षित रखनी होगी एवं आयोग द्वारा माँगे जाने पर प्रस्तुत करनी होगी।

04-□

30

1. सर्वनाम के संबंध में असंगत विकल्प है -
 - (1) निश्चयवाचक - यह, वह
 - (2) अनिश्चयवाचक - कोई, कुछ
 - (3) प्रश्नवाचक - कौन, क्या
 - (4) संबंधवाचक - आप, स्वयं
 - (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
2. किस वाक्य में 'निजवाचक सर्वनाम' का प्रयोग नहीं हुआ है ?
 - (1) हम अपने आप को भूल गए ।
 - (2) ऐसे समय में आप साथ न दोगे तो कौन देगा ?
 - (3) आप भला तो जग भला ।
 - (4) वह अपने को सुधार रहा है ।
 - (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
3. किस विशेष्य के साथ 'परिमाणबोधक विशेषण' प्रयुक्त हुआ है ?
 - (1) बहुत आदमी
 - (2) सब पेड़
 - (3) दो सेर घी
 - (4) अनेक देश
 - (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
4. संज्ञा से निर्मित विशेषण है -
 - (1) राष्ट्रीय
 - (2) आपसी
 - (3) बाहरी
 - (4) टिकाऊ
 - (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
5. 'अकर्मक क्रिया' से युक्त वाक्य है -
 - (1) प्यासे को पानी पिलाओ ।
 - (2) उसने मुझे कहानी सुनाई ।
 - (3) बच्चा खिलौने के लिए रो रहा है ।
 - (4) माँ बच्चे को सुलाती है ।
 - (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
6. किस विकल्प में सभी शब्द विशेषण शब्दों से निर्मित 'भाववाचक संज्ञा' हैं ?
 - (1) मिठास, एकता, अच्छाई
 - (2) ममत्व, निकटता, भूल
 - (3) सुझाव, वीरता, पढ़ाई
 - (4) सुंदरता, अपनत्व, चुनाव
 - (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

7. संज्ञा से निर्मित क्रिया-विशेषण है -
 - (1) यहाँ
 - (2) प्रेमपूर्वक
 - (3) एकाएक
 - (4) धीरे
 - (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
8. किस वाक्य में 'संबंधसूचक अव्यय' नहीं है ?
 - (1) मेरी बात ध्यान से सुनो ।
 - (2) धन के बिना काम नहीं चलता ।
 - (3) पूजा से पहले स्नान करना चाहिए ।
 - (4) मेरे घर के पीछे पेड़ है ।
 - (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
9. निम्न में से अविकारी शब्द है :
 - (1) विशेषण
 - (2) क्रिया-विशेषण
 - (3) संज्ञा
 - (4) क्रिया
 - (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
10. निपात रहित वाक्य है -
 - (1) उसने उत्तर तक नहीं दिया ।
 - (2) तुम भी साथ चले जाना ।
 - (3) इस वर्ष भरपूर अनाज पैदा होगा ।
 - (4) वह कल ही जाएगा ।
 - (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
11. 'ध्वज' का पर्यायवाची नहीं है -
 - (1) विवस्त्र
 - (2) वैजयंती
 - (3) पताका
 - (4) केतु
 - (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
12. 'टेढ़ा' का पर्यायवाची है -
 - (1) कपटी
 - (2) पाखंडी
 - (3) धूर्त
 - (4) कुटिल
 - (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
13. 'कदाचार' का विलोम है -
 - (1) व्यभिचार
 - (2) सदाचार
 - (3) नवाचार
 - (4) दुराचार
 - (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
14. कौन सा शब्द 'प्रेरणार्थक क्रिया' नहीं है ?
 - (1) खिलाना
 - (2) बुलवाना
 - (3) जगाना
 - (4) समझना
 - (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

15. 'यायावर' शब्द किस वाक्यांश के लिए सार्थक है ?
- (1) वह जो ध्यान लगाकर बैठता हो ।
 - (2) वाणी पर नियंत्रण रखने वाला ।
 - (3) वह जो बहुत सोच-विचारकर बोलता हो ।
 - (4) वह जो एक जगह टिककर न रहता हो ।
 - (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
16. निम्नलिखित में असंगत विकल्प है :
- (1) जो पहले का हो - अभूतपूर्व
 - (2) जिसका निवारण न किया जा सके - अनिवार्य
 - (3) जो कार्य कष्ट सहनकर किया जाय - कष्टसाध्य
 - (4) जो आँखों के सामने हो - प्रत्यक्ष
 - (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
17. 'वर्ण - व्रण' का सुसंगत अर्थभेद है -
- (1) श्वेत - अक्षर
 - (2) रंग - घाव
 - (3) मनुष्य श्रेणी - प्रतिज्ञा
 - (4) भेद - जाति
 - (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
18. किस शब्द-युग्म का अर्थभेद सुसंगत नहीं है ?
- (1) रिक्त-रिक्थ = शून्य-धन
 - (2) कोर-कौर = किनारा-ग्रास
 - (3) कटक-कटुक = तीक्ष्ण-सेना
 - (4) अब्ज-अब्द = कमल-वर्ष
 - (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
19. शुद्ध शब्द चुनिए -
- (1) ईर्ष्यालु
 - (2) तुष्टिकरण
 - (3) प्रविष्टि
 - (4) जीविकापार्जन
 - (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
20. किस विकल्प में विलोम युग्म नहीं है ?
- (1) विज्ञ - अज्ञ
 - (2) आदि - अंत
 - (3) पठित - लिखित
 - (4) हर्ष - विषाद
 - (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

21. किस विकल्प में सभी शब्द शुद्ध हैं ?
- (1) कृतकृत्य, अहोरात्रि, सौजन्यता
 - (2) अहोरात्र, कृतकृत्य, सौजन्य
 - (3) कृतकृत्य, सौजन्य, अहोरात्रि
 - (4) सौजन्यता, कृतकृत्य, अहोरात्रि
 - (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
22. निम्नलिखित शब्दों की शुद्धता पर विचार कीजिए :
- | | |
|-----------------|-------------|
| (अ) चर्मोत्कर्ष | (ब) संगृहीत |
| (स) पुनर्जन्म | (द) उच्छवास |
| (य) अनुग्रहित | |
- किस विकल्प में सभी शब्द शुद्ध हैं ?
- (1) (ब), (य)
 - (2) (स), (द)
 - (3) (ब), (स)
 - (4) (अ), (ब)
 - (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
23. किस विकल्प में सभी शब्द अशुद्ध हैं ?
- (1) अनाधिकार, तदोपरांत
 - (2) प्रज्वलित, उलंघन
 - (3) अनुपातिक, कोलाहल
 - (4) गत्यवरोध, उहापोह
 - (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
24. निम्नलिखित में अशुद्ध शब्द है :
- (1) योद्धा
 - (2) निरभिमान
 - (3) लघूत्तर
 - (4) योवन
 - (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
25. किस वाक्य में अपादान कारक का प्रयोग नहीं हुआ है ?
- (1) मेरे हाथ से घड़ी छूट पड़ी ।
 - (2) आपके दर्शन से लाभ हुआ ।
 - (3) आत्मा देह से भिन्न है ।
 - (4) कोयला खदान से निकाला जाता है ।
 - (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
26. निम्नलिखित में से अशुद्ध शब्द है :
- (1) अक्षौहिणी
 - (2) औद्योगिक
 - (3) वृत्तान्त
 - (4) सूजबूझ
 - (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

27. किस वाक्य में संज्ञा शब्द बहुवचन रूप में प्रयुक्त नहीं हुए हैं ?

- (1) मेले में बहुत भीड़ थी ।
- (2) आज के समाचार क्या हैं ?
- (3) तेरे होश उड़ गए ।
- (4) लोग कहते हैं ।
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

28. 'मध्यम पुरुष' से संबंधित वाक्य है -

- (1) उन्हें सम्मानित किया गया ।
- (2) वह अपने आप पहुँच गया ।
- (3) आप आगे आ जाएँ ।
- (4) मैं आप चला जाऊँगा ।
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

29. 'अपूर्ण भूतकाल' का उदाहरण है -

- (1) वह आकर बैठा ही है ।
- (2) समय पर चलते तो गाड़ी मिल जाती ।
- (3) उसने गाना गाया होगा ।
- (4) किसी जगह कथा होती थी ।
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

30. 'संदिग्ध वर्तमानकाल' से संबंधित वाक्य है -

- (1) उसने पढ़ाई कर ली होगी ।
- (2) बच्चे स्नान करते होंगे ।
- (3) वह जन्मदिन पर आयोजन करेगा ।
- (4) शायद वह पढ़ाई के लिए जयपुर जाए ।
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

31. 'सदैव सच बोलो ।' इस वाक्य में कौन सी वृत्ति है ?

- (1) आज्ञार्थ
- (2) इच्छार्थ
- (3) संभावनार्थ
- (4) निश्चयार्थ
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

32. किस विकल्प में सभी शब्द पुल्लिंग हैं ?

- (1) भीड़, सेना, टोली
- (2) संघ, भीड़, कक्षा
- (3) समूह, कुटुंब, मंडल
- (4) दल, सभा, सरकार
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

33. वाच्य की दृष्टि से असंगत विकल्प है -

- (1) मुझसे दरवाजा नहीं खोला जाता । - भाववाच्य
- (2) वृद्धजन से चला नहीं जाता । - भाववाच्य
- (3) दीपावली अक्टूबर-नवम्बर में मनाई जाती है । - कर्मवाच्य
- (4) डाकिया डाक वितरित करता है । - कर्तृवाच्य
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

34. किस वाक्य में 'कर्मवाच्य' नहीं है ?

- (1) उसे पेश किया गया ।
- (2) यहाँ कैसे बैठा जाएगा ।
- (3) रोगी से अन्न नहीं खाया जाता ।
- (4) चोर पकड़ा गया है ।
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

35. 'रमेश के भाई मोहन ने अपने मित्रों को दीपावली की मिठाई खिलाई ।' इस वाक्य में 'उद्देश्य' है -

- (1) दीपावली की मिठाई खिलाई
- (2) अपने मित्रों को
- (3) मोहन ने
- (4) रमेश के भाई
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

36. निम्नलिखित में 'संकेतार्थक' वाक्य है :

- (1) जो मैं उसको पहले जानता तो उसका विश्वास न करता ।
- (2) यह पत्र उसने लिखा होगा ।
- (3) ईश्वर तुम्हें चिरायु करे ।
- (4) जो काम तुम्हें दिया गया है, उसे देखो ।
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

37. 'सूर्य पूर्व से निकलता है ।' इस वाक्य में कौन सा पक्ष है ?

- (1) पूर्णकालिक
- (2) सातत्यबोधक
- (3) नित्यताबोधक
- (4) आवृत्तिमूलक
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

□

4

04

38. निम्नलिखित में 'साधारण वाक्य' है :

- (1) पत्ते सूख रहे हैं, इसलिए पीले दिखाई देते हैं।
- (2) काम सीखा हुआ नौकर कठिनाई से मिलता है।
- (3) मेरा भाई यहाँ आएगा या मैं ही उसके पास जाऊँगा।
- (4) जब सबेरा हुआ, तब हम लोग बाहर गए।
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

39. किस वाक्य में 'विशेषण उपवाक्य' सम्मिलित है ?

- (1) मैं नहीं जानता कि वह कहाँ है।
- (2) जब पानी बरसता है, तब मेंढक बोलते हैं।
- (3) राम ने कहा कि मैं पढ़ूँगा।
- (4) वह आदमी जो कल आया था, आज भी आया है।
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

40. निम्नलिखित में शुद्ध वाक्य है :

- (1) उसने गुरुजी के चरणों में सिर रख दिया।
- (2) मैं नम्रता के साथ में आपसे क्षमा चाहता हूँ।
- (3) वह यहाँ से सब चीजें निकालकर के ले गया।
- (4) कहने मात्र से कुछ नहीं होता।
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

41. असंगत विकल्प चुनिए—

- (1) विधानवाचक वाक्य - रमाकांत पुस्तकें लाया।
- (2) आज्ञावाचक वाक्य - हमारी प्रार्थना स्वीकार करें।
- (3) संदेहवाचक वाक्य - शायद वर्षा हो।
- (4) इच्छाबोधक वाक्य - जाइए, जल्दी कीजिए।
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

42. कौन सा वाक्य शुद्ध नहीं है ?

- (1) जो छात्र बाहर जाना चाहते हैं, वह जा सकते हैं।
- (2) वह गेहूँ पिसाने गया है।
- (3) वह बुद्धिमती बालिका है।
- (4) मेरे पास केवल दस रुपए हैं।
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

43. अशुद्ध वाक्य चुनिए—

- (1) अभी पाँच बजे हैं।
- (2) आपके दर्शन करके मैं धन्य हुआ।
- (3) सभी छात्रों का नाम बताओ।
- (4) सभा में सभी वर्गों के लोग उपस्थित थे।
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

44. निम्नलिखित में शुद्ध वाक्य कौन सा है ?

- (1) कानून के अनुसार जो रिश्वत देते हैं, वह भी दंड का भागी होता है।
- (2) यह चीज आप अपने हाथ से उन्हें दीजिए।
- (3) नेत्रों के सभी रोगों में सूर्य की किरणें बहुत मूल्यवान हैं।
- (4) यह अपने विषय की एक ही और सर्वश्रेष्ठ पुस्तक है।
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

45. कौन सा विकल्प सुमेलित नहीं है ?

- (1) हंसपद - :-
- (2) अल्प विराम - ;
- (3) उद्धरण चिह्न - "..."
- (4) अर्द्ध विराम - ;
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

46. निम्नलिखित वाक्यों के आधार पर सही विकल्प चुनिए—

- (अ) पूरे देशभर में यह बात फैल गई।
- (ब) शायद वह जरूर आएगा।
- (स) मुझे शत प्रतिशत अंक मिले।
- (द) सप्रमाण स्पष्ट कीजिए।

किस विकल्प में सभी वाक्य शुद्ध हैं ?

- (1) (ब), (द) (2) (स), (द)
- (3) (ब), (स) (4) (अ), (ब)
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

47. किस वाक्य में 'प्रश्नसूचक चिह्न' का प्रयोग सही हुआ है ?

- (1) हम आज क्या से क्या हो गए ?
- (2) क्या वह घर तुम्हारा ही है ?
- (3) तुमने क्या कहा, सो मैंने नहीं सुना ?
- (4) अपना नाम बताओ ?
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

48. किस विकल्प में मुहावरे का अर्थ गलत है ?

- (1) पलंग तोड़ना - बेकार पड़े रहना
- (2) पराया मुख ताकना - दूसरों की प्रशंसा करना
- (3) पलट जाना - इनकार कर देना
- (4) पल्ला छूटना - पीछा छूटना
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

49. 'द्रौपदी का चीर होना' का अर्थ है -

- (1) असीमित होना (2) सब तरह से बुरा होना
- (3) अपमान होना (4) युद्ध की तैयारी होना
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

50. 'दिल की दिल में रह जाना' मुहावरे का अर्थ है -

- (1) अत्यंत दुःखी होना । (2) हृदय में वेदना होना ।
- (3) साध पूरी न होना । (4) मनस्ताप कम करना ।
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

51. किस लोकोक्ति का भावार्थ असंगत है ?

- (1) एक अनार सौ बीमार - एक चीज के बहुत चाहने वाले ।
- (2) कंगाली में आटा गीला - मुसीबत पर मुसीबत आना ।
- (3) आम के आम गुठलियों के दाम - किसी काम में दोहरा लाभ होना ।
- (4) मिट्टी पलीद करना - क्रोध करना ।
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

52. किस वाक्य में 'विस्मयसूचक चिह्न' का गलत प्रयोग हुआ है ?

- (1) साथियो ! आज देश के लिए कुछ करने का समय आ गया है ।
- (2) अरे ! कितनी ऊँची मीनार है ।
- (3) वाह ! तुमने तो कमाल कर दिया ।
- (4) हे ! प्रभो ! हमें शक्ति दो ।
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

53. 'Hostile' का हिन्दी अर्थ है -

- (1) छात्रावास (2) विरोधी
- (3) आवासन (4) छुट्टी
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

54. 'Intricate' का हिन्दी अर्थ है -

- (1) जटिल (2) समाविष्ट
- (3) मादकता (4) कुचक्र
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

55. 'परक्राम्यता' के लिए अंग्रेजी शब्द है -

- (1) Negotiate (2) Nepotism
- (3) Negotiability (4) Negotiation
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

56. 'उत्तराधिकारी' के लिए अंग्रेजी शब्द है -

- (1) Succour (2) Succession
- (3) Successive (4) Successor
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

57. इनमें से किस विकल्प में शब्द का सही अर्थ नहीं है ?

- (1) Violation - अतिक्रमण
- (2) Vindictive - शिकार होना
- (3) Victimization - परिपीड़न
- (4) Victimise - परिपीड़ित करना
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

58. 'JURISDICTION' का समानार्थक है -

- (1) अधिकारिता (2) न्यायिक अभिरक्षा
- (3) विधिक कार्रवाई (4) न्यायिक प्राधिकार
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

59. 'अपूर्ण ज्ञान चाहे किसी भी विषय का हो, बहुत हानिकर होता है।' यह भावार्थ व्यंजित करने वाली लोकोक्ति है -

- (1) खाली दिमाग शैतान का घर
- (2) थोथा चना बाजे घना
- (3) नीम हकीम खतरा-ए-जान
- (4) अधजल गगरी छलकत जाए
- (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

60. 'समुद्र + ऊर्मि' की सही संधि है -
 (1) समुद्रौर्मि (2) समुद्रोर्मि
 (3) समूद्रोर्मि (4) समुद्रूर्मि
 (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
61. कौन सा शब्द 'अव्ययीभाव समास' का उदाहरण नहीं है ?
 (1) अनुपस्थित (2) भरपेट
 (3) हाथोंहाथ (4) आजीवन
 (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
62. निम्न में से कौन सा सामासिक पद 'द्वन्द्व समास' का उदाहरण है ?
 (1) इकतीस (2) गंगाजल
 (3) शूलपाणि (4) घनश्याम
 (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
63. 'सु' उपसर्ग रहित शब्द है -
 (1) सूक्ति (2) स्वच्छ
 (3) स्वागत (4) स्वार्थ
 (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
64. एक से अधिक उपसर्गों से निर्मित शब्द है -
 (1) आधिकारिक (2) प्रत्युपकार
 (3) परियोजना (4) अनुशासन
 (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
65. निम्न में से 'कृदन्त' शब्द नहीं है :
 (1) गायक (2) जीर्ण
 (3) शैव (4) मृगया
 (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
66. 'हार' प्रत्यय रहित शब्द है -
 (1) लुहार (2) सिरजनहार
 (3) देखनहार (4) होनहार
 (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
67. 'पितृ + अनुमति' की सही संधि है -
 (1) पिर्तनुमति (2) पित्रनुमति
 (3) पित्रानुमति (4) पितृनुमति
 (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

68. किस विकल्प में सभी शब्द तत्सम हैं ?
 (1) वानर, बाघ, हिरण
 (2) काक, कोकिल, मयूर
 (3) अंगुली, नेत्र, मुँह
 (4) जल, हवा, अग्नि
 (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
69. तत्सम-तद्भव का असंगत विकल्प है -
 (1) हस्त - हाथी (2) घोटक - घोड़ा
 (3) पृष्ठ - पीठ (4) कुंभकार - कुम्हार
 (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
70. निम्नलिखित में से तद्भव शब्द है :
 (1) अनशन (2) पुस्तक
 (3) दंड (4) साँस
 (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
71. निम्न में से देशज शब्द है :
 (1) किसान (2) राजा
 (3) तेंदुआ (4) खर्च
 (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
72. कौन सा शब्द विदेशी मूल का नहीं है ?
 (1) सरकार (2) चाबुक
 (3) कारागार (4) कोशिश
 (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
73. किस विकल्प में सभी शब्द विदेशी मूल के हैं ?
 (1) आदमी, गवाह (2) साहब, ठिकाना
 (3) दावत, लगान (4) थाना, आसमान
 (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
74. निम्नलिखित में से 'जातिवाचक संज्ञा' है :
 (1) भिन्नता (2) बुराई
 (3) मूर्खता (4) पशु
 (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न
75. कौन सा शब्द तत्सम नहीं है ?
 (1) विवाह (2) शाक
 (3) मुखिया (4) जनता
 (5) अनुत्तरित प्रश्न

76. Fill in the blank with the correct determiner :

_____ of them knew the answer.

- (1) No (2) Much
(3) Every (4) None
(5) Question not attempted

77. Fill in the blank with an appropriate determiner :

_____ who couldn't walk to the shrine on the hill went on horseback.

- (1) That (2) Those
(3) These (4) Them
(5) Question not attempted

78. Fill in the blank with the correct determiner :

Europe will face _____ challenges in the future.

- (1) the fewer (2) the little
(3) much (4) many
(5) Question not attempted

79. Fill in the blank with an appropriate determiner :

The store has two lifts but _____ is working.

- (1) any (2) every
(3) both (4) neither
(5) Question not attempted

80. Fill in the blank with the correct determiner :

He has spent _____ money he had.

- (1) any (2) few
(3) little (4) the little
(5) Question not attempted

81. Fill in the blanks with a grammatically correct determiner :
If oil supplies run out, _____ man may have to fall back on _____ horse.

- (1) a; a
(2) the; the
(3) zero article; the
(4) zero article; zero article
(5) Question not attempted

82. Choose the correct option :

_____ of these substances is found in India.

- (1) Somethings (2) Each
(3) Everythings (4) Many
(5) Question not attempted

83. Choose a phrasal verb from the given options that meaningfully completes the sentence :

He agreed to help but _____ when he found how difficult it was.

- (1) got through (2) falled back
(3) backed out (4) broke out
(5) Question not attempted

84. Fill in the blank with the correct phrasal verb :

She _____ the orphan as her own child.

- (1) brought out
(2) brought up
(3) brought about
(4) brought in
(5) Question not attempted

85. Fill in the blank with the appropriate phrasal verb :

The terrorists _____ the train and kept the passengers as hostages.

- (1) held backed (2) held upon
(3) held up (4) held off
(5) Question not attempted

86. Fill in the blank with the correct phrasal verb :

The rich should not _____ the poor.

- (1) look down upon
(2) look under
(3) look into
(4) look up
(5) Question not attempted

87. Fill in the blank with an appropriate determiner :

I haven't given _____ permission to use my calculator.

- (1) none (2) nobody
(3) anyone (4) someone
(5) Question not attempted

88. Choose the correct meaning of the given idiom from the four options :
To be "under the weather" :

- (1) feel guilty
- (2) choosing seasonally
- (3) being undecided
- (4) feel unwell
- (5) Question not attempted

89. "To be at loggerheads" means :

- (1) continue in the right direction
- (2) have a hostile relationship
- (3) be deformed
- (4) have large heads
- (5) Question not attempted

90. Choose the option that clearly explains the meaning of :

(By) a hair's breadth

- (1) agreeing upon the terms of a sale
- (2) (by) a very small amount or distance
- (3) divide equally
- (4) assessment of one's physical attributes
- (5) Question not attempted

91. Choose the option that gives correct meaning of the idiom :
"Bury the hatchet"

- (1) abandon hostility
- (2) hide crime
- (3) plan secretly
- (4) hide a treasure
- (5) Question not attempted

92. Choose the option that best explains the given idiom :

"At sixes and sevens"

- (1) at a certain position
- (2) during infancy
- (3) in confusion
- (4) at an allocated time
- (5) Question not attempted

93. Choose the option that gives correct meaning of the phrasal verb :

Do away with

- (1) work together
- (2) eliminate
- (3) recommend
- (4) include
- (5) Question not attempted

94. Do as directed by choosing the correct option :

What are these holes made by ?

(Change into Active)

- (1) What holes are made with ?
- (2) What makes these holes ?
- (3) These holes made by whom ?
- (4) Who was making these holes ?
- (5) Question not attempted

95. Choose the correct passive form of the given sentence :

Kindly grant me a week's leave.

- (1) A week's leave may kindly be granted to me.
- (2) A week's leave should have been granted to me.
- (3) A week's leave should be granted me.
- (4) Kindly be granted me a week's leave.
- (5) Question not attempted

96. Do as directed by choosing the correct option :

You should have been working.

(Change to Active)

- (1) Work is what you should have done.
- (2) You should have worked.
- (3) You are supposed to have been working.
- (4) Been working you should have.
- (5) Question not attempted

97. Choose the correct option that gives the passive form of the given sentence :

They made me laugh.

- (1) They were made laugh by me.
- (2) I made them laugh.
- (3) They were made to laugh.
- (4) I was made to laugh.
- (5) Question not attempted

98. Do as directed by choosing the correct option :
The other children called her stupid.
(Change into Passive)
- (1) Her was called stupid by the other children.
 - (2) Other children calling her stupid.
 - (3) She was called stupid by the other children.
 - (4) Stupid she called the other children.
 - (5) Question not attempted
99. Choose the option which is the correct passive form of the following sentence :
The Director has already told him to report for duty at six.
- (1) He had already been told by the Director to report duty at six.
 - (2) He has already been told by the Director to report for duty at six.
 - (3) He will report for duty at six, as the Director told him.
 - (4) As told by the Director, the duty at six has to be reported.
 - (5) Question not attempted
100. Choose the correct passive form of the given sentence :
You can't wash this shirt; you must dry-clean it.
- (1) This shirt can't be washed; it must be dry-cleaned.
 - (2) This shirt can't be dry-cleaned; it must be washed.
 - (3) This shirt couldn't be washed; it must be dry-cleaned.
 - (4) This shirt must not washed; you must dry-clean it.
 - (5) Question not attempted
101. Do as directed by choosing the correct option :
People with initiative are given opportunities. (Change to Passive)
- (1) Given opportunities are for people with initiative.
 - (2) Opportunities of initiative are being given to people.
 - (3) Opportunities are given to people with initiative.
 - (4) Opportunities have been given by people's initiative.
 - (5) Question not attempted
102. Choose the correct passive form of the given sentence :
Where did they find the purse ?
- (1) Where they found the purse ?
 - (2) Where was the purse found ?
 - (3) Where had the purse been found by them ?
 - (4) Where did the purse was found ?
 - (5) Question not attempted
103. Fill in the blank with an appropriate modal that expresses the given concept / notion :
You _____ do as the doctor says and stay in bed. (Suggestion)
- (1) ought
 - (2) used to
 - (3) had better
 - (4) need
 - (5) Question not attempted
104. Fill in the blank with the correct modal auxiliary :
He _____ be ashamed of his behaviour. (Moral obligation)
- (1) would
 - (2) could
 - (3) might
 - (4) ought to
 - (5) Question not attempted
105. Choose the correct passive form of the given sentence :
People thought that he would not win.
- (1) People were thought that he would not have won.
 - (2) People were thought that he would not win.
 - (3) It was thought that he would not win.
 - (4) It was thought that he will not win.
 - (5) Question not attempted

106. Fill in the blank with suitable modal :

(Choose the correct option) :

_____ you please show me the way? (Polite request)

- (1) Need (2) Must
(3) Could (4) Dare
(5) Question not attempted

107. Fill in the blank with the correct modal auxiliary :

If I were a bird, I _____ fly.

(Condition)

- (1) may (2) will
(3) could (4) can
(5) Question not attempted

108. Choose an appropriate modal to complete the sentence :

The rains having ruined their crops, the farmers _____ ask the government for aid.

(Obligation / Reason)

- (1) ought (2) had to
(3) need (4) may be
(5) Question not attempted

109. Fill in the blank with the correct modal auxiliary :

Come what may, we _____ stay together. (Strong possibility)

- (1) would (2) will
(3) should (4) can
(5) Question not attempted

110. Fill in the blank to complete the sentence :

I wondered, _____ the news be true?

(Possibility)

- (1) would (2) shall
(3) could (4) must
(5) Question not attempted

111. Choose an appropriate modal to complete the sentence :

It is so quiet (that) one _____ hear a pin drop. (Remote possibility)

- (1) might (2) used to
(3) should (4) must
(5) Question not attempted

112. Fill in the blank with an appropriate modal :

If you've been travelling all night, you probably _____ a rest.

(Condition)

- (1) will (2) may
(3) need (4) ought
(5) Question not attempted

113. Choose the correct option :

The day is pleasant _____ a little cold.

- (1) nor (2) either
(3) or (4) only
(5) Question not attempted

114. Choose the correct conjunction and fill in the blank :

_____ he has not paid the bill, his electricity was cut off.

- (1) That (2) Still
(3) As (4) Although
(5) Question not attempted

115. Choose a conjunction from the given options that meaningfully completes the sentence :

He says he'll pay, _____ I don't think he will.

- (1) though (2) since
(3) neither (4) moreover
(5) Question not attempted

116. Choose a conjunction from the given options that meaningfully completes the sentence :

I know you aren't rich, _____ you could do something to help him.

- (1) not only (2) either
(3) moreover (4) still
(5) Question not attempted

117. Fill in the blank with the correct modal auxiliary :

What a palatial building ! He _____ be a billionaire.

(Strong probability)

- (1) must (2) needs
(3) used (4) would
(5) Question not attempted

118. Choose the correct option.
- (1) The film was however well made still well acted.
 - (2) The film was neither well made nor well acted.
 - (3) The film was not only well made both well acted.
 - (4) The film was neither well made either well acted.
 - (5) Question not attempted

119. Fill in the blank with the correct conjunction :

_____ he got married to Samantha, he gave up his job.

- (1) As soon as
- (2) However
- (3) Still
- (4) But
- (5) Question not attempted

120. Join the two simple sentences given below to form a complex sentence : (Choose the correct option) :

In the evening the traveller reached an inn. It belonged to a rich landlord.

- (1) The inn belonged to a rich landlord, therefore the traveller reached there.
- (2) In the evening the traveller reached an inn which belonged to a rich landlord.
- (3) In the evening the traveller reached an inn but it belonged to a rich landlord.
- (4) In the evening the traveller reached a inn and it belonged to a rich landlord.
- (5) Question not attempted

121. Rewrite the following simple sentence as complex sentence :

(Choose the correct option) :
People living in glass houses cannot afford to throw stones.

- (1) People who live in glass houses cannot afford to throw stones.
- (2) If people live in glass houses or they cannot afford to throw stones at others.
- (3) People live in glass houses and cannot afford to throw stones.
- (4) People live in glass houses but cannot afford to throw stones.
- (5) Question not attempted

122. Choose the grammatically correct option.

- (1) Not only was the train an hour late, also I managed to get there on time.
- (2) However the train was an hour late, so then I managed to get there on time.
- (3) Despite the train was being an hour late, I managed to get there on time.
- (4) In spite of the train being an hour late, I managed to get there on time.
- (5) Question not attempted

123. Choose the correct option that gives correct 'Indirect' form of the given sentence :

He shouted, "Let me go."

- (1) He shouted to them that he should let go.
- (2) He shouted to them to let him go.
- (3) He shouted to them that let me go.
- (4) He shouted to them that let go.
- (5) Question not attempted

124. Change the narration :

"Do you suppose you know better than your own father?" jeered his angry mother.

- (1) His angry mother admonished him and said not to think that he knowing better than his father.
- (2) His mother scolded him and said if he can know better than his own father.
- (3) His angry mother laughed and said if I know better than my father.
- (4) His angry mother jeered and asked whether he supposed he knew better than his own father.
- (5) Question not attempted

125. Fill in the blank with the correct conjunction :

Note down my address _____ you should forget it.

- (1) however
- (2) so that
- (3) lest
- (4) that
- (5) Question not attempted

126. Change the following sentence into Indirect Speech :

(Choose the correct option) :

He said, "I had a wonderful dream last night."

- (1) He told that he had seen a wonderful dream last night.
- (2) He said that he had a wonderful dream the previous night.
- (3) He told that he had see a wonderful dream the previous night before.
- (4) He said that I had a wonderful dream yesterday night.
- (5) Question not attempted

127. Choose the grammatically correct option that shows the change of Direct to Indirect Speech :

"I will pay for the damage" said the man who had bumped into our car.

- (1) I would paid for the damage said the man who had bumped into our car.
- (2) I promise to paying for the damage said he who was bumped into our car.
- (3) The man who had bumped into our car offered to pay for the damage.
- (4) The man who had been bumped into our car offered that he would pay for the damage.
- (5) Question not attempted

128. Choose the correct option that gives correct 'Indirect' form of the given sentence :

Prof. Antony said, "We cannot live without water."

- (1) Prof. Antony said that they cannot lives without water.
- (2) Prof. Antony said that they could not live without water.
- (3) Prof. Antony said that we could not lived without water.
- (4) Prof. Antony said that we cannot live without water.
- (5) Question not attempted

129. Change the following sentence into Indirect Speech :

(Choose the correct option) :

The policeman said to the woman, "Would you mind if I looked inside your bag?"

- (1) The policeman asked the woman if she would mind if he looked inside her bag.
- (2) The policeman enquired if the woman would minded if he should look inside the bag.
- (3) The policeman told the woman if she would mind if he would look inside her bag.
- (4) The policeman told the woman that would you mind if I had looked inside your bag.
- (5) Question not attempted

130. Choose the grammatically correct option that shows the change from Direct to Indirect Speech :
"Ugh !" She exclaimed and turned the programme off.

- (1) With an exclamation of ugliness she turned the disgusted programme off.
- (2) With an exclamation of disgust she turned the programme off.
- (3) In an exclamation of anger she exclaimed the programme off.
- (4) Disgustedly exclaiming, she turned of the ugly programme.
- (5) Question not attempted

131. Choose the option that is the grammatically correct transformation into Direct Speech of the following :
She asked what had happened.
- (1) She said, "What has been happen?"
 - (2) She asked to me "What happened?"
 - (3) She said, "What happened?"
 - (4) "What had happened?" She says.
 - (5) Question not attempted
132. Choose the correct Direct Speech transformation of the following sentence :
Her friends encouraged her to try again.
- (1) "Try again," said her friends encouragingly.
 - (2) "Again," tried her friends.
 - (3) "Do it again," her friends tried to encouraged.
 - (4) "We encourage you," said her friends trying.
 - (5) Question not attempted
133. Choose the correct Direct Speech transformation of the following indirect sentence :
He explained that he knew the place well because he used to live there.
- (1) "I know that place well because he used to live there," he explained.
 - (2) "I know the place well because I used to live here," he explained.
 - (3) He explained, "I am knowing the place well since I lived here."
 - (4) Giving an explanation he said, "I knew the place well because he used to live here."
 - (5) Question not attempted
134. Choose the correct modal auxiliary from the options given below and fill in the blank :
The rocks were icy and he was terrified lest he _____ slip.
- (1) should
 - (2) willn't
 - (3) cannot
 - (4) mays
 - (5) Question not attempted
135. Fill in the blank with the correct form of the verb :
I can't remember _____ the letter, its still in my pocket.
- (1) not post
 - (2) have posted
 - (3) to posting
 - (4) posting
 - (5) Question not attempted
136. Choose the option that gives correct meaning of the idiom :
"Cock and bull story"
- (1) An incompatible partnership
 - (2) An excellent relationship
 - (3) Improbable tale
 - (4) False friends
 - (5) Question not attempted
137. The meaning of the idiom 'to harp on the same string' is :
- (1) to entertain everyone.
 - (2) to use a single string on the violin.
 - (3) to dwell tediously on the same subject.
 - (4) to play a musical instrument.
 - (5) Question not attempted
138. Choose the option that gives correct passive form of the given sentence :
They urged the government to create more jobs.
- (1) They were urged that the government would create more jobs.
 - (2) The government was urged to create more jobs.
 - (3) The government urged that more jobs should be created.
 - (4) They were urged by the government to create more jobs.
 - (5) Question not attempted

139. Choose the correct option to fill in the blanks with an appropriate tense form :

I _____ never _____ her to lose her temper.

- (1) can, knew
- (2) do not, knew
- (3) have, known
- (4) will, know
- (5) Question not attempted

140. Fill in the blank using the correct form of tense :

The radio _____ since 7 a.m. I wish someone would turn it off.

- (1) was playing
- (2) has been playing
- (3) had been playing
- (4) playing
- (5) Question not attempted

141. The newspaper _____ it _____ going to be cold tomorrow.

- (1) says, had
- (2) saying, will
- (3) say, is
- (4) says, is
- (5) Question not attempted

142. Fill in the blank with the correct tense form :

Do you _____ something burning ?

- (1) smelt
- (2) smell
- (3) smelling
- (4) smelled
- (5) Question not attempted

143. Fill in the blank with the correct form of tense :

 Abdul _____ to be a doctor since his childhood.

- (1) is been wanting
- (2) is wanting
- (3) want
- (4) wants
- (5) Question not attempted

144. Choose the correct tense and fill in the blank :

Here _____ the Indigo !

- (1) is come
- (2) has come
- (3) comes
- (4) come
- (5) Question not attempted

145. Fill in the blank with the correct form of tense :

I _____ Rakesh at the Zoo yesterday.

- (1) has seen
- (2) had see
- (3) have seeing
- (4) saw
- (5) Question not attempted

146. Fill in the blank with the correct form of tense :

Jim _____ to continue the course, even though it _____ difficult.

- (1) was deciding, proves
- (2) is deciding, was proved
- (3) deciding, was proving
- (4) decided, was proving
- (5) Question not attempted

147. Fill in the blank with the correct form of tense :

I wish I _____ typing.

- (1) have knows
- (2) had knowing
- (3) knows
- (4) knew
- (5) Question not attempted

148. Fill in the blank with an appropriate determiner :

I made a good _____ friends during my training in Shimla.

- (1) some
- (2) many
- (3) much
- (4) lots
- (5) Question not attempted

149. Fill in the blank with the correct determiner :

Kanha was only _____ 5 year old boy when he killed Kalia.

- (1) zero article
- (2) the
- (3) an
- (4) a
- (5) Question not attempted

150. Fill in the blank with the correct tense form option :

If you had asked me, I _____ you.

- (1) had told
- (2) can tell
- (3) would have told
- (4) would tell
- (5) Question not attempted

रफ कार्य के लिए स्थान / SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK



Teachingninja.in



RAJASTHAN PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION, AJMER

Junior Legal Officer (Law & Legal Affairs Deptt.) Exam 2023

Subject : GEN. HINDI & GEN. ENGLISH (Paper -IV)

Exam Date 05-11-2023

Model Answer Key issue date : 06-11-2023

Answer key as per the Question Paper uploaded on Website

Q. No.	RES
1	4
2	2
3	3
4	1
5	3
6	1
7	2
8	1
9	2
10	3
11	1
12	4
13	2
14	4
15	4
16	1
17	2
18	3
19	1
20	3
21	2
22	3
23	1
24	4
25	2
26	4
27	1
28	3
29	4
30	2
31	1
32	3
33	1
34	2
35	3
36	1
37	4
38	2
39	4
40	4
41	4
42	1
43	3
44	2
45	1
46	2
47	2
48	2
49	1
50	3

Q. No.	RES
51	4
52	4
53	2
54	1
55	3
56	4
57	2
58	1
59	3
60	2
61	1
62	1
63	4
64	2
65	3
66	1
67	2
68	2
69	1
70	4
71	3
72	3
73	1
74	4
75	3
76	4
77	2
78	4
79	4
80	4
81	3
82	2
83	3
84	2
85	3
86	1
87	3
88	4
89	2
90	2
91	1
92	3
93	2
94	2
95	1
96	3
97	4
98	3
99	2
100	1

Q. No.	RES
101	3
102	2
103	3
104	4
105	3
106	3
107	3
108	2
109	2
110	3
111	1
112	3
113	4
114	3
115	1
116	4
117	1
118	2
119	1
120	2
121	1
122	4
123	2
124	4
125	3
126	2
127	3
128	4
129	1
130	2
131	3
132	1
133	2
134	1
135	4
136	3
137	3
138	2
139	3
140	2
141	4
142	2
143	4
144	3
145	4
146	4
147	4
148	2
149	4
150	3

* Means deleted