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ACC-III

**Previous Year Paper
(II) Feb 2017 (ICE
(Paper-3 Part II)**



ACC/III (II)/FEB 2017
PAPER III – INTERACTIVE COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH
PART – II

INDEX NO _____

Time: 2 hrs

Max Marks: 180

General Instructions

1. This Question paper has 5 questions in 2 pages. All questions are compulsory.
2. Give your answers on the separate sheets provided for this part of the exam.
3. Marks are indicated against each question.
4. Write in a legible handwriting.
5. Answer in serial order.
6. Do not write anything on the question paper except your index number in the space provided.

1. Write an essay on any one of the following topics in about 300 words. (60)

- (a) Organ Donation.
- (b) Cross border terrorism and surgical strike after Uri attack.
- (c) NSG and India's drive for membership.
- (d) Violence on TV has a direct impact on our Children's behavior.
- (e) BREXIT and India.

2. Write a letter on any one of the following topics. (30)

(a) Write a letter to Officer In Charge Railway Protection Force, Northern railway reporting the loss of your belongings during journey.

(b) Write a letter to your Company Commander seeking permission to attend ACC classes.

(c) You are a resident of Mangal Vihar Colony, Patiala. Write a letter to the Editor of Punjab Kesari, about the misuse and poor maintenance of the Public Park in your area.

(d) Write a letter to a friend, describing a book you have just read and strongly recommending it to him.

3. Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow:-

In modern time Abraham Lincoln stands as the model of a compassionate statesman. He showed this quality not only in striving for the emancipation of the American blacks but in the dignity with which he conducted the American Civil War.

Lincoln did not fancy himself as a liberator. He thought it would be better for all if emancipation was a gradual process spread over many years. He proposed compensation for slave-owners in US bonds and grants for the rehabilitation of blacks - 'colonization' as they called it. But fate was to deem otherwise. The haste with which the South wanted to break away from the Union with the North, compelled him to move faster than he expected, perhaps more than most men of his time he had thought through the issue of slavery. 'We must free the slaves', he said, 'or be ourselves subdued.' Before reading the first draft of the proclamation of Emancipation, he told his colleagues. 'In giving freedom to the slaves, we assure freedom to the free.'

On September 22, 1862, Lincoln set his hand on the Proclamation of Emancipation declaring that on the first day of January 1863, all persons held as slaves within any state shall be then, and forever free.'



Lincoln's revulsion for slavery left him without any moral indignation or passion against the Slave – owners. The guilt of the slave-owners, he felt, should be shared by the whole country the North and the South, for it seemed to him that everyone in the nation was an accomplice in perpetuating that system. To have whipped up any hatred against slave-owners would, to him, have been an act of malice.

"I shall do nothing in malice," he wrote, 'what I deal with is too vast for malicious dealing.' As the Civil War was coming to a successful conclusion, a Northern demanded of Lincoln, "Mr. President, how are you going to treat the Southerners when the war is over?" Lincoln replied, "As if they never went to war?"

When the news came of the Victory of the Northern against the Confederate forces, someone suggested that the head of the Confederation Administration, Jefferson Davis, really ought to be hanged. "Judge not that ye be not judged", Lincoln replied, as to the demand for the prosecution of rebels, Lincoln replied, "we must extinguish our resentments if we expect harmony and union". This was his last recorded utterance.

(a) Answer the following questions in not more than 50 words:-

- (i) What makes Abraham Lincoln a compassionate statesman? (02)
- (ii) What do you mean by 'shall the then, and forever free' (03)
- (iii) Why Lincoln proposed compensation for slave? (03)
- (iv) In this passage emancipation refers to? (03)

(b) Write the antonyms of the following words appearing in the above passage:-

- (i) Union (04)
- (ii) Slave
- (iii) Assure
- (iv) Hatred

(c) Write a summary of the passage in not more than 80 words and also suggest a suitable title. (15)

4. Write short note in 100 words on any two of the following (30)

- (a) English "A Window to the World".
- (b) India of my dreams.
- (c) Restoration/Control of Black Money in India
- (d) 'Swacha Bharat Abhiyan'

5. Write Two stories of your own imagination using the pictures given below:-

(15 x 2 = 30)

