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KEA Assistant Professor

Previous Year Paper
March 2022
(Political Science)



RAPGFGCK-2021-D3AP

SUBJECT	SUBJECT CODE	TIMINGS	Question Booklet	
POLITICAL SCIENCE	07	2.00 pm to 5.00 pm (3 Hours)	VERSION CODE	SERIAL NUMBER
			A-3	

TOTAL DURATION	MAXIMUM TIME FOR ANSWERING	MAXIMUM MARKS	Total No. of Questions	MENTION YOUR REGISTER NUMBER				
210 Minutes	180 Minutes	250	125					

DOs:






















1. This question booklet is issued to you by the room invigilator after 1.55 pm.
2. Check whether the Register Number has been entered and shaded in the respective circles on the OMR answer sheet.
3. The version code of this question booklet should be entered on the OMR answer sheet and the respective circles should also be shaded completely.
4. The Version Code and Serial Number of this question booklet should also be entered on the Nominal Roll without any mistakes.
5. Compulsorily sign at the bottom portion of the OMR answer sheet in the space provided.

DONTs:

1. **THE TIMING AND MARKS PRINTED ON THE OMR ANSWER SHEET SHOULD NOT BE DAMAGED / MUTILATED / SPOILED.**
2. The 3rd Bell rings at 2.00 pm, till then;
 - Do not remove the seal present on the right hand side of this question booklet.
 - Do not look inside this question booklet or start answering on the OMR answer sheet.

IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. In case of usage of signs and symbols in the questions, the regular textbook connotation should be considered unless stated otherwise.
2. This question booklet contains **125** questions and each question will have one statement and four different options / responses & out of which you have to choose one correct answer.
3. After the 3rd Bell rings at **2.00 pm**, remove the paper seal of this question booklet and check that this booklet does not have any unprinted or torn or missing pages or items etc., if so, get it replaced by a complete test booklet. Read each item and start answering on the OMR answer sheet.
4. Completely **darken / shade** the relevant circle with a **blue or black ink ballpoint pen** against the question number on the **OMR answer sheet**.

ಸರಿಯಾದ ಕ್ರಮ CORRECT METHOD	ತಪ್ಪು ಕ್ರಮಗಳು WRONG METHODS											
 (A)  (B)  (C)  (D)	 (A)  (B)  (C)  (D)	 (A)  (B)  (C)  (D)	 (A)  (B)  (C)  (D)	 (A)  (B)  (C)  (D)	 (A) (B) (C) (D)	(A) (B) (C) (D)	(A) (B) (C) (D)	(A) (B) (C) (D)	(A) (B) (C) (D)	(A) (B) (C) (D)	(A) (B) (C) (D)	(A) (B) (C) (D)

5. Please note that even a minute unintended ink dot on the OMR answer sheet will also be recognized and recorded by the scanner. Therefore, avoid multiple markings of any kind on the OMR answer sheet.
6. Use the space provided on each page of the question booklet for Rough Work. Do not use the OMR answer sheet for the same.
7. **Last Bell will ring at 5.00 pm**, stop writing on the OMR answer sheet.
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9. After separating the top sheet (Office copy), the invigilator will return the bottom sheet replica (Candidate's copy) to you.

NOTE : In case of any discrepancy between English and Kannada Versions, the English version will be taken as final.

POLITICAL SCIENCE

1. Which year the Supreme Court of India judged that citizens have the right to a negative vote by exercising a "None of the above" (NOT A) option ?
(A) 2015 (B) 2010
(C) 2008 (D) 2013
2. The Article 28 of the right to Education Act, (2009) deals with _____.
(A) Filling of Vacancies of Teachers (B) Prohibition of Private tuition by teachers
(C) School Management Committee (D) School Development Plan
3. Though this movement was established at the Lucknow session of the AICC in 1936, subsequently dominated by socialists and communists and taken over by the Communist Party of India in 1942.
(A) All India Farmers Forum (B) All India Kisan Forum
(C) Bharatiya Kisan Union (D) All India Kisan Sabha
4. Indicate the stand taken by the Supreme Court of India in the Mohammad Ahmed Khan Vs. Shah Bano Begum case of 1985 :
I. Muslim women have a right to get maintenance from their husbands, under Section 125 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, after being given Talaq.
II. Muslim women have no right to get maintenance from their husbands, under Section 125 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, after being given Talaq.
III. A common civil code will help the cause of National integration by removing disparate loyalties to law which have conflicting ideologies.
IV. A uniform Civil Code is neither possible nor desirable in a multi-cultural society.
Choose the correct codes :
(A) I and IV (B) II and III
(C) I and III (D) II and IV
5. The State Human Rights Commission shall be deemed to be _____.
(A) Criminal Court (B) Extra Judicial Court
(C) Civil Court (D) High Court

6. Which of the following Budgets use statement of missions, goals and objectives to explain why the money is being spent ?
- (A) Performance Based Budget (B) Zero-Base Budget
(C) Objective Budgets (D) Incremental Budgets
7. Which of the following is NOT a Fundamental Principle of the budgetary system in India ?
- (A) Principle of annuality
(B) Approval of the Finance Commission
(C) Financial initiative of the Executive
(D) Legislative control over taxation
8. Which of the following statement is true ?
- (A) The Constitution of India is silent as who will present the budget in Parliament.
(B) The President of India is not associated with the budgetary process.
(C) The Constitution of India authorizes the Union Finance Minister to present the Budget in the two Houses of Parliament.
(D) The President of India directs the Union Finance Minister to present the Budget to Parliament.
9. Public Corporation is an organism having features of both –
- (A) Government Departments and Business Firms created through Legislature
(B) Central government and Foreign Governments.
(C) Public and Private
(D) Central and State Governments
10. Which of the following is untrue about the Prasar Bharati Act ?
- (A) The Act guarantees the freedom of pressperson.
(B) The Act was implemented in November, 1997
(C) The Act grants autonomy to All India Radio and Doordarshan.
(D) The Act received the assent of the President on 12th September, 1990.
11. The question asked orally after the question hour in the House is called –
- (A) Starred question (B) Unstarred question
(C) Supplementary question (D) Short notice question



12. Which of the following statements is True ?
- (A) The Constitution of India is silent as to who will present the budget in Parliament.
 - (B) The President of India is not associated with the budgetary process.
 - (C) The constitution of India authorizes the Union Finance Minister to present the budget in the two Houses of Parliament.
 - (D) The President of India directs the Union Finance Minister to present the budget to Parliament.
13. While the traditional approach to budgeting focuses on incremental changes in detailed categories of expenditures, one of the following Budget systems differs by focusing on results rather than money spent.
- (A) Performance-Base Budgeting
 - (B) Focused Budgeting
 - (C) Line-Item Budgeting
 - (D) Zero-Based Budgeting
14. Which of the following Budgeting system involves developing a new budget, every financial year, instead of starting with previous period's budget and adjusting it as needed ?
- (A) Performance Based
 - (B) Line Item Budgeting
 - (C) Planning, Programming and Budgeting System (PPBS)
 - (D) Zero-Base Budget (ZBB)
15. Consider the following
- Budget is a :
- 1. Tool of legislative control over administration.
 - 2. Tool of judicial control over administration.
 - 3. Comprehensive plan document.
 - 4. Tool of public control over public finance.
- Which of the statements given above are correct ?
- (A) 2, 3 and 4
 - (B) 1, 3 and 4
 - (C) 1 and 4
 - (D) 1, 2 and 3



16. Scientific classification of all governmental positions and the mechanical evaluation of all the traits of human character and personality of employees are the two main factors on which are based :
- (A) The Graphic Rating Scale System (B) Personality Inventory System
(C) The production of Records System (D) The Efficiency Rating System
17. Activities like disinvestment/privatization of the public sector, contracting out and outsourcing are found in which of the following states ?
- (A) Minimalist State (B) Existential State
(C) Police State (D) Welfare State
18. The Public Private Partnership (PPP) cell was set up in 2006 in the _____.
- (A) Department of Economic Affairs, Ministry of Finance.
(B) Department of Infrastructure Affairs, Ministry of Finance.
(C) Department of Economic Affairs, Ministry of Industry and Commerce.
(D) Department of Individual Affairs, Ministry of Industry and Commerce.
19. Read the following statements and then answer the question given below them :
The Budget ensures :
1. Financial and Legal accountability of the Executive to the Legislature.
 2. Financial accountability of each subordinate authority in the Executive to the one immediately above in the hierarchy.
 3. Accountability of the Public Accounts Committee to the Legislature.
 4. Accountability of Government Departments to the Finance Commission.
- Which combination of statements given above describes the concept of 'Financial Accountability' in the Budget ?
- (A) 3 and 4 (B) All of these
(C) 1 and 2 (D) 1 and 4
20. There should be planned and guided introduction of new employees to their departments and environments of work. They should be exposed to the diversity of factors involved in work situations.
- The reference is to :
- (A) Orientation Training (B) Re-orientation Training
(C) Formal Training (D) Informal Training



21. “_____ consists in the universal application of the superior-subordinate relationship through a number of levels of responsibility reaching from the top to the bottom of the structure.” (L.D. White)

Fill in the blank with the correct option :

- (A) Centralization (B) Hierarchy
(C) Unity of Command (D) Span of control
22. The concept of informal organization was propounded by
(A) Elton Mayo (B) F.M. Marx
(C) F.W. Taylor (D) Herbert Simon
23. The classical theory of administration is also known as
(A) Location Theory (B) Human Relation Theory
(C) Historical Theory (D) Mechanistic Theory
24. A complain under the Lokpal Act should pertain to an offence under the _____ against a public servant.
(A) Prevention of Corruption Act, 1988
(B) Prevention of Corruption Act, 1998
(C) Prevention of Corruption Act, 1958
(D) Prevention of Corruption Act, 1968
25. What is the term used for a correct common practice of governments to extract long-term value-for-money through appropriate-risk transfer to the private sector over the life of a project-from design/construction to operations/maintenance ?
(A) Public-Private partnership (B) Corporatization
(C) Privatization (D) Nationalization
26. “The administrator in government has many bosses....” This means that :
1. One single boss cannot be found in complex governmental situations.
2. The administrator in government has to work with and report to many persons.
3. The public official operates in a Goldfish bowl.
4. The administrator is a yes-man, with no discretion of his/her own.
In the above item, two or more of the answers are correct. Decide which are correct and mark your answer accordingly, from the choices given below :
(A) 2 and 3 are correct. (B) 3 and 4 are correct.
(C) 1, 2 and 3 are correct. (D) 1 and 2 are correct.

27. Which of the following models of Good Governance believe that the state should make spaces for the market, because it is the market that can ensure efficient management of resources ?
- (A) Sustainable Development Model (B) Neo-Liberal Model
(C) Human Security Model (D) Human Development Model
28. Which among the following was established as a first major step towards E-Governance in India ?
- (A) Satellite-based Computer Network (NIC NET)
(B) Direct Information System (DISNIC)
(C) National Task Force on IT and Software Development.
(D) National Information Centre (NIC)
29. According to Right to Information Act (RTI, 2005), if information sought concerns the life or liberty of a person, it shall be supplied within ____.
- (A) one week (B) two weeks
(C) 24 hours (D) 48 hours
30. The first report of the 2nd Administrative Reforms Commission of the Government of India (2006) identified which of the following as the "Master key to good Governance" ?
- (A) Ethics in Governance (B) Citizen-Centric Administration
(C) Right to Information (D) Crisis Management
31. According to the Lokpal and Lokayukta Act, 2013, the Chairperson and members of both bodies shall hold office for a term of five years from the date on which they enter office, or until they attain the age of ____ years, whichever is earlier.
- Fill in the blank with the correct response from the options given below :
- (A) 70 years (B) 75 years
(C) 60 years (D) 65 years
32. Which of the following factors was not responsible for the World Bank's interest in promoting Good Governance in the 1990's ?
- (A) Ensuring growth and development in post-communist countries.
(B) American Occupation of Iraq.
(C) Geo-political factors like the end of the cold-war.
(D) Failure of structural adjustment programmes in developing countries.

33. Indian cooperation in the development of Nepal started in 1952 with
- Airport at Pokhara
 - Tenzing Hillary Airport
 - The construction of air-strip at Gaucharan.
 - Tribuvan Internatinoal Airport at Katmandu
34. Who among the following is the exponent of Neo-realism in International relations ?
- I. Wallerstein
 - Robert Dahl
 - Hans J. Morgenthau
 - Kenneth Waltz
35. Who among the following defined National interest as that which states seek to protect or achieve in relations to each other" ?
- Vernon Van Dyke
 - E.H. Carr
 - Joseph S. Nye
 - Hans Morgenthau
36. India became a sectoral partner of ASEAN in the year ____.
- 1996
 - 2000
 - 1990
 - 1992
37. Max Weber designed his model of bureaucracy keeping which type of authority in mind ?
- Charismatic Authority
 - All of these
 - Legal Authority
 - Traditional Authority
38. Given below are two statements, one labeled as Assertion (A) and the other labeled as Reason (R).
- Assertion (A) :** Theories of bureaucratic politics seek to bridge the traditional division between administration and politics.
- Reason (R) :** Such theories are not in anyway different from traditional theories.
- In the context of the above statements, which of the following is true ?
- Codes :**
- (A) is true, but (R) is false.
 - (A) is false, but (R) is true.
 - Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
 - Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation to (A).



39. John Mearsheimer states that "States quickly understand that the best way to ensure their survival is to be the most powerful state in the system". Where can one place him by judging this statement ?
- (A) Neo classical Realism (B) Neo liberalism
(C) Structural Realism (D) Classical Realism
40. Who conceptualized National Interest as "the general long-term and continuing purpose which the state, the nation and the government all see themselves as serving" ?
- (A) Charles Lerche Jr. and Abdul A. Said
(B) Annette Baker and Ann Tickner
(C) Raymond Aron and Kenneth Waltz
(D) Vernon Van Dyke and Hans J. Morgenthau
41. Which are the key determinants to explain the action of decision making ?
- (A) Authority, Responsibility and supervision.
(B) None of these
(C) Communication, Competence and information.
(D) Competence, Cooperation and Coordinators.
42. India became the non-permanent member of the UN Security Council for the 7th time _____ (period).
- (A) 2019 – 2020 (B) 2020 – 2021
(C) 2011 – 2012 (D) 2017 – 2018
43. Who used the term 'cold war' for referring to the confrontation between the Soviet Union and the United States ?
- (A) Bertrand Russel (B) Harry S. Truman
(C) Winston Churchill (D) George Orwell
44. Who proposed the idea of Dialogue of civilizations as a counter-thesis to clash of Civilizations theory ?
- (A) Noam Chomsky (B) Samuel Huntington
(C) Edward Said (D) Muhmmad Khathami

45. The reasons for the international sanctions imposed on Iran in 2012 was
- (A) Iran's support to Syrian regime
 - (B) Iran's support to Iraq
 - (C) Iran's ill-treatment of Sunni Minorities
 - (D) Iran's illicit nuclear activity
46. Who among the following defines diplomacy as "the act of negotiation in order to achieve the maximum of group objective with a minimum of costs, within a system of politics in which war is a possibility" ?
- (A) Quincy Wright
 - (B) C.K. Webster
 - (C) Harrold Nicolson
 - (D) Sir Ernest Salow
47. According to Joseph S. Nye, which one of the following is the combination in hard power ?
- (A) Culture and Payment
 - (B) Culture and Attraction
 - (C) Coercion and Inducements
 - (D) Coercion and Attraction
48. Which one of the following statement is not correct about Doha Development Agenda (DDA) ?
- (A) Was launched in November 2001.
 - (B) Doha Ministerial Declaration provides the mandate for negotiations.
 - (C) Objective is to improve the trading prospects of developing and developed countries.
 - (D) Was launched at the WTO's fourth ministerial conference in Doha, Qatar.
49. Which of the following is not a mandated task for UN Peacekeeping operations ?
- (A) De-mobilization
 - (B) Armament
 - (C) Police reforms
 - (D) Security sector reforms
50. Which one of the following is not a Non-permanent member of UN Security Council (as on October 2021) ?
- (A) Indonesia
 - (B) Tunisia
 - (C) Kenya
 - (D) Saint Vincent



51. Which one of the following is not a division in the organisational structure of Ministry of External Affairs (MEA), Government of India ?
- (A) Shanghai Cooperation Organization (SCO)
 - (B) East and South Africa
 - (C) China – Taiwan
 - (D) Indo – Pacific
52. India-US Civil Nuclear Agreement is a part of ____.
- (A) Non-Proliferation Treaty
 - (B) Comprehensive Test Ban Treaty
 - (C) 123 Agreement for Peaceful Cooperation
 - (D) Universal Civil Nuclear Cooperation
53. Comprehensive Disarmament means :
- (A) Participation of all great powers with a conventional to do away with all kinds of weapons.
 - (B) Achieving a world order free from instruments of war.
 - (C) Control over specific weapons.
 - (D) Control over weapons of mass destruction only.
54. Chemical weapons convention came into force in
- | | |
|----------|----------|
| (A) 1985 | (B) 1997 |
| (C) 1967 | (D) 1969 |
55. Who served as the special representative from Chinese side for Indo-Sino boundary talks related during the period of Atal B. Vajpayee ?
- | | |
|-----------------|---------------|
| (A) Sun Weidong | (B) Hu Jintao |
| (C) Dai Bingguo | (D) Zhang Jun |
56. Which of the following statement about Quadrilateral Security Dialogue (QUAD) is not correct ?
- (A) First Joint Naval exercise was held in November, 2020.
 - (B) Virtual QUAD meeting was held in March, 2021.
 - (C) Official level meeting held in 2007, at the sidelines of ASEAN.
 - (D) Foreign Ministers meeting held in September 2019, at the Sidelines of APEC.


(Q. Nos. 57-61) :

Read the passage carefully and answer to the questions given below :

At a practical level, the importance of the question 'Equality of What ?' derives the actual diversity of human beings so that demanding equality in terms of one variable tends to clash – in fact and not just in theory – with wanting equality in terms of another. We are deeply diverse in our internal characteristic (such as age, gender, general abilities, particular talents, proneness to illnesses and so on) as well as in external circumstances (such as ownership of assets, social backgrounds, environmental predicaments, and so on). It is precisely because of such diversity that insistence on egalitarianism in one field requires the rejection of egalitarianism in another.

57. What are the external characteristics of Human Diversity ?
(A) Social background and ownership of assets
(B) Racial profiling
(C) Gender disparities
(D) Exploitative tendencies
58. Why does insistence of egalitarianism in one field require the rejection of egalitarianism in another ?
(A) Environmental Variables (B) Disparate equalities in human beings
(C) Clash of Civilizations (D) Democratic Deficits
59. Possession of certain talents and susceptibility to illness are examples of –
(A) Laws of Nature
(B) Divine dispensation
(C) Internal characteristics of human diversity
(D) External characteristics of human diversity
60. The clash between demanding equality in terms of one variable, and wanting equality in terms of another is due to which of the following factors :
(A) Democratic Difference (B) Anthropocentric Evolution
(C) Diversity of Human Beings (D) Clash of Civilizations
61. What are the internal characteristics of Human Diversity ?
(A) State of Nature.
(B) Environmental predicaments.
(C) Ownership of assets, wealth and property.
(D) General abilities and particular talents.



62. Which of the following statements is correct ?
- (A) Rousseau's theory of general-will create limited power.
 - (B) The only natural virtue according to Rousseau is 'Pity'.
 - (C) The inconveniences in the state of nature according to John Locke are due to survival instinct of man.
 - (D) Rousseau has given a mechanistic theory of state.
63. Mao's theory of antagonistic contradiction describes –
- (A) The opposition of two forces which can be mediated only by the intervention of proletariat state.
 - (B) A position that there would be the persistence of solvable contradictions in a socialist society.
 - (C) A stage in historical evolution will non-existence of contradictions.
 - (D) A notion that a reconciliation believes different social classes is impossible.
64. Lenin's theory of imperialism
- 
- (A) Discusses about the nationalist base for socialism.
 - (B) Analyses the transformation of capitalism into Global Financial System.
 - (C) Proposes the establishment of the proletarian dictatorship.
 - (D) Argues that revolution could not be possible in a capitalist country.
65. _____ was a set of ten economic policy prescriptions for reforming the economic crisis wrecked developing countries by the US-based institutions such as IMF and World Bank.
- (A) Washington Consensus
 - (B) Bush Doctrine
 - (C) Marshall Plan
 - (D) Reagan Plan
66. Who was the first proponent of the theory of Political Liberalism ?
- (A) Francis Fukayama
 - (B) John Rawls
 - (C) Will Kymlicka
 - (D) Amartya Sen

67. Which of the following arguments in support of supremacy of church during medieval period is/are incorrect ?

Choose the correct code given below :

- I. The two swords were given by God to Peter and then to Pope.
- II. Divine right of King.
- III. Secular rulers receive their power from Pope.
- IV. Emperor and secular officers are the vassals of Pope.

Codes :

- (A) II only
- (B) III & IV
- (C) I & II
- (D) I only

68. Formal equality refers to

- (A) Equality before law
- (B) Equality of income
- (C) Equality of results
- (D) Equal rights

69. Who among the following introduced the concept of "categorical imperative" ?

- (A) Immanuel Kant
- (B) J.S. Mill
- (C) G.W.F. Hegel
- (D) Wilhelm Leibniz

70. Which of the following statements regarding behavioural approach are not correct ?

Select the codes given below :

- I. Dissatisfied with traditional Political Science.
- II. Objective study of organizations and institutions only.
- III. Focus on the observed behavior of man.
- IV. Study 'what is' and what 'ought to be'.


Codes :

- (A) III & IV
- (B) II & III
- (C) I & III
- (D) II & IV



71. Which of the following is not an appropriate definition of classical liberalism ?

- (A) A political doctrine that recognizes the government itself can pose a threat to liberty.
- (B) A political doctrine that sees a market order based on free competition as an embodiment of freedom.
- (C) A political doctrine that takes protecting and enhancing the freedom of individual to be the central problem in politics.
- (D) A political doctrine that considers the presence of government is essential to protect individuals from being harmed by others.

72. Which of the following is not part of Sanchara Secret service, according to Kautilya ?
 (A) Tikshna (B) Kapatika
 (C) Rasada (D) Parivrajaka
73. Who among the following connects the question of legitimacy to communicative rationality ?
 (A) Jurgen Habermas (B) Allan Buchanan
 (C) Joseph Raz (D) Michel Foucault
74. Who developed the concept of 'Subaltern counter politics' ?
 (A) Gayatri Spivak (B) Edward Said
 (C) Habermas (D) Nancy Frazer
75. Consider the following statements regarding feminism and identify the incorrect ones by choosing from the codes given below :
- I. Public and private spheres are not connected.
 - II. Private sphere should be excluded from the purview of state.
 - III. Public private dichotomy has affected citizenship discourse.
 - IV. Men and women should have absolute freedom in private sphere.
- Codes :**
- | | |
|--------------------|------------------|
| (A) II, III and IV | (B) I, II and IV |
| (C) I and III | (D) II and IV |
- 
76. 'Science of ideas' conceived by Antoine Tracy in 1796 is referred to in Political Science as
 (A) Ideology (B) Hegemony
 (C) Power (D) Legitimacy
77. Which of the following statements regarding Shankracharya are incorrect ?
 Choose the correct answer from the codes given below :
- I. He was not in favour of territorial expansion.
 - II. The King who raises revenue like a Vaishya is mediocre.
 - III. King has no Veto power with regard to majority decision by the council.
 - IV. Recommends slaughter of vicious Kinsmen for the security of state.
- Codes :**
- | | |
|--------------|--------------|
| (A) II & IV | (B) III & IV |
| (C) II & III | (D) I & IV |

78. Which of the following subjects are to be taught during higher education, according to Plato ?
- (A) Logic, Philosophy, Astronomy and Music.
 - (B) Mathematics, Astronomy, Logic and Geometry.
 - (C) Mathematics, Philosophy, Gymnastics and Astrology.
 - (D) Philosophy, Ethics, Music and Astronomy.
79. In 'The Politics', which form of corrupt government is considered most moderate by Aristotle ?
- (A) Democracy
 - (B) Tyranny
 - (C) Oligarchy
 - (D) Polity
80. Which one of the following did Vladimir Lenin advocate ?
- (A) Universality of contradictions
 - (B) Revolutions from above
 - (C) Socialism in one country
 - (D) Democratic centralism
81. Which of the following is a critical theory analysis of the history, culture, literature, and discourse of imperial power ?
- The reference is to :
- (A) Post-Modernism
 - (B) Socialism
 - (C) Post-Colonialism
 - (D) Capitalism
82. The concept of 'pastoral power' was introduced for the first time into political philosophy by –
- (A) Hannah Arendt
 - (B) Michel Foucault
 - (C) Louis Althusser
 - (D) Habermas
83. In Hegelian philosophy, dialectics is _____.
- (A) A process of arriving at truth by an exchange of theses and counter-theses resulting in a synthesis of opposing assertions.
 - (B) A dialogue between two contradiction theses that serves in finding the contextual meaning of the truth.
 - (C) A process of arriving at truth by stating a thesis, developing a contradictory antithesis and combining and resolving them into a coherent synthesis.
 - (D) A process of arriving at truth by an exchange of two thesis of similar nature resulting in a synthesis of the mutually complementary thesis.



84. Which of the following was not a movement linked to Mao Tse Tung ?
- Great Proletariat Cultural Revolution
 - The Long March
 - Great leap Forward
 - One country, Two systems
85. Which of the following is not part of M.K. Gandhi's economic and political programme ?
- Development through state planning
 - Confiscation of Land
 - Non-competition
 - Self sufficiency
86. In 'historic bloc', how does a given class maintain its power according to Gramsci ?
- Through violence
 - By ideology
 - By monopolisation of means of production
 - By control over administration
87. In which among the following works Karl Marx developed the concept materialist conception of history first ?
- Das Kapital
 - The Communist Manifesto
 - On contradictions
 - On the Jewish Question
88. Identify the author of the following books :
- Administration and Finance of the East India Company.
 - The Evolution of Provincial Finance in British India.
- Thomas Macaulay
 - B.R. Ambedkar
 - Dadabhai Naoroji
 - Robert Clive
89. Which of the following terms entered into common use in 1980s in connection with economic reforms of Augusto Pinochet in Chile and Margaret Thatcher in UK ?
- Neo liberalism
 - Postmodernism
 - Post Colonialism
 - Globalization
90. Which among the following rights do individuals retain from state of nature, according to Thomas Hobbes, when they enter into social contract ?
- Right to life
 - Right to equality
 - Right to liberty
 - Right to association



91. The most important contribution of Behaviouralism to Political Science are in
 (A) Election Studies (B) Motivation Studies
 (C) Speculative Studies (D) Philosophical Studies
92. Who among the following argued that Socialism begins with the individual ?
 (A) M.K. Gandhi (B) Lenin
 (C) Karl Marx (D) Mao Tse Tung
93. Which of the following measures was suggested by M.K. Gandhi for bringing in economic equality ?
 (A) Trusteeship (B) Land Distribution
 (C) Bread Labour (D) Work Culture
94. Which of the following statements regarding the nature of post-behaviouralism is/are not correct ?

Select the correct answer using the codes given below :

- I. It adopted new methods and techniques.
 II. Behavioural objectives were abandoned.
 III. Behaviouralism and post-behaviouralism are inter-connected.
 IV. It is both a movement and intellectual tendency.



Codes :

- (A) I and IV (B) II and IV
 (C) I only (D) II only
95. In this electoral system of proportional representation, voters rank candidates who must pass a quota. Candidates that pass the quota on the first count are elected. Votes are then reallocated from the least successful candidates, as well as surplus votes from successful candidates, until seats have been filled by candidates who have passed the quota. This electoral system is called :
 (A) Proportional Representation System
 (B) Parallel Voting System
 (C) First-past-the-post-system
 (D) Single Transferable Vote System
96. Who among the following advocated party less democracy ?
 (A) Lenin (B) Mao Tse Tung
 (C) Habermas (D) Jayaprakash Narayan
97. Who among the following has not laid stress on historical evidence in studying Political Science ?
 (A) Michael Oakshott (B) Montesqueue
 (C) Machiavelli (D) James Bryce

98. Following are certain characteristics features of pressure groups and civil society movement. Distinguish which are of pressure groups.

Select the correct code given below :

- I. Seeking to influence elected official to take action on a specific issue.
- II. Working in the interest of the citizens.
- III. Organizations and groups which are disassociated from government completely.
- IV. Lobbying for the interests of certain sections of populations.

Codes :

- (A) II and IV
- (B) IV and III
- (C) I and III
- (D) I and IV

99. Who among the following scholars introduced the political economy approach while analyzing the politics of Asian, African or Latin American systems ?

- (A) Leon Trotsky and Louis Althusser
- (B) Samir Amin and Hassan Hanafi
- (C) A.G. Frank and Charles Bettelheim
- (D) V. Lenin and Joseph Stalin



100. These are associations or organisations, usually formally organized, that attempt to influence public policy in their favour. Their goal could be a policy that exclusively benefits group members or a policy that advances a broader public purpose.

The reference is to :

- (A) Pressure Groups
- (B) Resident Welfare Associations
- (C) Political Parties
- (D) Multinational Company

101. Match List – I with List – II and select the correct answer using the codes given below.

List – I

List – II

- | | |
|----------------------------|--|
| a. Anomic group | 1. Working Class |
| b. Non-associational group | 2. Labour department within the government |
| c. Institutional group | 3. A labour union |
| d. Associational group | 4. A spontaneous group |

Code :

- | | a | b | c | d |
|-----|---|---|---|---|
| (A) | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| (B) | 4 | 2 | 1 | 3 |
| (C) | 1 | 3 | 2 | 4 |
| (D) | 4 | 1 | 3 | 2 |

102. Coup d'etat, Civil war, revolt and great revolution are the types of revolutions identified by :
(A) Mark Katz (B) E.H. Carr
(C) Karl Marx (D) Charles Tilly
103. Filibuster means :
(A) Prime Minister's vote of thanks (B) Speaker's power to stop a member
(C) Opposition leader's speech (D) A long speech in parliament to delay a vote
104. Which of the following concept describes and prescribes both the source and the limits of government power derived from fundamental law ?
(A) Bill of Rights (B) Fundamental Rights
(C) Constitutionalism (D) Political theory
105. Which of the following countries have fused-power system ?
(A) Argentina, United Kingdom (B) India, Bolivia
(C) United Kingdom, South Korea (D) Italy, Poland
106. The European model of Judicial Review is called :
(A) Semi-decentralized model (B) Decentralized model
(C) Centralized model (D) Semi-centralized model
107. According to Lucien Pye, _____ is the set of attitudes, beliefs, and sentiments, which give order and meaning to a political process and which provide the underlying assumptions and rules that govern behaviour in the political system".
(A) Political Culture (B) Political Psychology
(C) Political Development (D) Political Socialization
108. Who among the following authored the book "The Civic Culture" ?
(A) Gabriel Almond and Sydney Verba
(B) Sydney Verba and Robert Putnam
(C) Gabriel Almond and G. Bingham Powell
(D) Lucian Pye and Robert Putnam



109. Vilfredo Pareto and Robert Michels are credited with developing which of the following theories ?

- (A) Democratic theory
- (B) Social system theory
- (C) Subaltern theory
- (D) Elite theory

110. Which among the following are the implications of constitutionalism ?

- I. Federalism
- II. Embodying political ideals
- III. Imposing limits on power of the state
- IV. Separation of powers

Choose the correct answer from the codes given below :

- (A) III and IV
- (B) II and III
- (C) I and III
- (D) I and IV



111. Which one of the following features does not match with the idea of Constitutionalism ?

- (A) It asks for a strong protection of the interests of citizens and their rights in a democracy.
- (B) It proclaims the desirability of the rule of law as opposed by the arbitrary nature of state.
- (C) It describes and prescribes both the source and the limits of government power derived from fundamental law.
- (D) It limits government's authority arbitrarily by a set of laws.

112. Which among the following statements about normative approach in comparative politics is not true ?

- (A) Method of analysis is based on ethical standards and moral values, therefore less suitable for rational enquiry.
- (B) Non-descriptive nature of the approach limits the scope of a logical enquiry.
- (C) Normative propositions are based on value-judgements.
- (D) Normative propositions are non-objective with much emphasis on value statement and assumptions.

113. Constitutionalism stands for :

- (A) Collegiate executive
- (B) Adherence to Rule of Law
- (C) Party System
- (D) Parliamentary System

114. Which case is not dealing with LGBTQIA rights in India ?
- (A) Nautej Singh Johar V. Union of India
 - (B) Shayara Bano V. Union of India
 - (C) NAZ Foundation V. Government of NCT Delhi
 - (D) National Legal Services Authority V. Union of India
115. The directive to the State to minimize/eliminate inequalities in income, status and opportunities was introduced in the Directive Principles of State Policy by which of the following amendments to the Constitution of India ?
- (A) 43rd Amendment
 - (B) 44th Amendment
 - (C) 41st Amendment
 - (D) 42nd Amendment
116. Judicial Standards and Accountability Bill, 2013 intends –
- (A) To derive process for impeachment of judges of High Courts in India.
 - (B) To develop permanent consortium to nominate judges from the bar.
 - (C) To develop alternate dispute redressal platform to address the extra judicial powers of the judiciary.
 - (D) To create a permanent and credible mechanism to inquire into complaints against judges.
117. The _____ of Directive principles of state policy deals with equal justice and free legal aid.
- (A) Article 39 (A)
 - (B) Article 39 (B)
 - (C) Article 37 (A)
 - (D) Article 37 (B)
118. Which one of the following statement is not correct about the standing committee on External Affairs ?
- (A) 21 member (Lok Sabha) and 10 member (Rajya Sabha)
 - (B) External Affairs Minister in the Chairman of the Committee
 - (C) Was established in 1991
 - (D) Committee consists of 31 members
119. Dr. B.R. Ambedkar favoured _____ body (Election Commission).
- (A) Semi-centralised
 - (B) Semi-decentralised
 - (C) Centralised
 - (D) Decentralised



120. The model of Fiscal federalism adopted by the constituent assembly drew on
- (A) The Cripps Mission, 1942
 - (B) The Indian Independence Act, 1947
 - (C) The Government of India Act of 1935
 - (D) The Cabinet Mission, 1946
121. Section 15 of the _____ provide that there shall be a zonal council for each of the five zones of the country.
- (A) State Reorganization Act, 1956
 - (B) State Reorganization Act, 1957
 - (C) States Reorganization Act, 1951
 - (D) State Reorganization Act, 1953
122. Article 122 of the Indian Constitution deals with _____.
- (A) Restriction on discussion in Parliament.
 - (B) Language to be used in Parliament.
 - (C) Courts not to inquire into proceedings of the Parliament.
 - (D) Courts to inquire into proceedings of the Parliament.
123. _____ of the Constitution grants the President certain law-making powers to promulgate ordinances when either of the two Houses of Parliament is not in session.
- (A) Article 233
 - (B) Article 296
 - (C) Article 85
 - (D) Article 123
124. Who is credited with the following statement, made while appreciating the different methods of constitutional amendment provided for in the Indian Constitution ? "This variety in the amending process is wise but is rarely found".
- (A) Prof. K.C. Wheare
 - (B) Sir Ivor Jennings
 - (C) Dr. Rajendra Prasad
 - (D) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar
125. Which of the following Directive Principles of State policy was NOT inserted by the 42nd Constitutional Amendment Act of 1976 ?
- (A) Minimizing inequality in income, state facilities and opportunity amongst individuals and groups.
 - (B) To protect and improve the environment and to safeguard forests and wild life.
 - (C) Right to equal opportunity for justice and free legal aid.
 - (D) Right of workers to participate in the management of industries.